

A photometric survey of the bright southern Be stars

Christopher Stagg *Department of Astronomy, University of Toronto,
Toronto, Ontario M5S 1A1, Canada*

Accepted 1987 February 18. Received 1987 February 18; in original form 1986
December 11

Summary. Repeated *UBV* photometric measurements were made of the 86 bright Be stars south of declination -20° , and a network of comparison stars was set up. From a statistical study of the differential photometry it was found that short- or intermediate-term variability seems to be occurring in about half of the Be stars, and to be more evident in the stars of earlier spectral type. It was also possible to identify 11 individual short- or intermediate-term variables. Four of these (all of early B spectral type) appear to exhibit significant variability on a time-scale of a day or less. More intensive observations of one of these stars, 28 ω CMa, indicate short-term variations consistent with the published spectroscopic period of 1.37 day.

1 Introduction

It has been known for some time (e.g. Feinstein 1968, 1970, 1975; Ferrer & Jaschek 1971), that long-term photometric variability on a time-scale of years to decades was occurring in at least half of the Be stars. Small-amplitude variability on a time-scale of half a day to a day is also known to occur among these objects (e.g. Walker 1953; Lynds 1959a, b, 1960; Schmidt 1959; Hill 1967; Percy 1972). Indeed, it has been suggested that the occurrence of short-term variability is widespread (e.g. Harmanec 1984b). It was therefore decided to undertake a comprehensive photometric survey of Be stars to investigate short-term variability. All the bright classical Be stars brighter than about magnitude 6.5 and south of declination -20° were included. [In contrast, the Be stars included in the photometric survey of Waelkens & Rufener (1983, 1985) appear to have been selected on the basis of possible variability, and do not constitute a magnitude-limited sample.] Only four or five measurements of each star were planned, making it difficult to identify individual variables, but making statistical studies possible. It was felt especially worthwhile to determine how prevalent short-term variability is, and whether it has any dependence on spectral type. It has been suggested that short-term Be variables may be non-radial pulsators, and B stars in which non-radial pulsation is known to occur (the β Cephei and 53 Per stars) are of early B spectral type (e.g. Lesh 1982; Smith 1980).

A second aim of the photometric survey was to set up a network of carefully measured *UBV* standard stars for future observers. Such a network has already been set up for the northern Be stars brighter than magnitude 6.5 by Drs P. Harmanec, J. Horn, and P. Koubsky at Ondrejov Observatory in Czechoslovakia as part of their Bright Be Stars observing Programme (Harmanec 1980; Harmanec *et al.* 1980a; Harmanec, Horn & Koubsky 1980b, 1982). The extension of the Programme beyond its present southern limit was particularly timely, since important studies are now being carried out on southern hemisphere objects (e.g. Balona & Engelbrecht 1985a, b; Baade 1982a, 1984a, b).

2 The observations

The survey was carried out at Cerro Las Campanas in Chile in 1983 March–April and 1984 February. Additional observations were also made on three nights in 1984 September by Mr B. Slawson. All the data were obtained on the 0.6-m University of Toronto telescope, using an S-25 refrigerated photomultiplier tube in pulse-counting mode. Count rates through each of the *U*, *B*, and *V* filters were corrected for coincidence effects by the formula of Fernie (1976). Since the bright Be star α Eri was observed through a neutral density filter, it was necessary to correct the count rates for that star by dividing by the filter transmission in each band.

The stars were divided into 44 groups, with each group having at least two comparison or check stars and one red standard within 3° . Each group was observed at least four times. Where possible, two sets of observations were made on one night, and two sets on the next night. (Sometimes a fifth set of observations was also made.) When this could not be done, it was nearly always possible to observe each group twice on at least one night, to check for short-term photometric variations.

3 Reduction procedure

For the 1983 observations, the magnitudes and colours of comparison, check, and red standard stars were taken from the ‘prime standards’ list of Johnson *et al.* (1966). [Most of these stars were in fact observed by Cousins & Stoy (1963) and then corrected to the Johnson *UBV* system.] Measurements of these ‘prime standards’ were used to determine the reduction coefficients according to the method of Harris, Fitzgerald & Reed (1981). Extra coefficients were included to correct for linear trends with declination, *V*, *V*², and (on one night only) hour angle. Flexure in the photometer and non-linearities in the photomultiplier or counter may account for the need for these extra terms.

The use of the ‘prime standards’ list ensured that the 1983 observations were indeed on the ‘Johnson’ system. Since a number of comparison, check, and red standard stars did not have Johnson magnitudes and colours, however, four additional sources were used for the 1984 observations:

- (i) ‘Prime standards’ (Johnson *et al.* 1966).
- (ii) Supplementary Cape photometry (Johnson *et al.*, 1966), corrected to the Johnson system. (This was used for two stars in the ‘prime standards’ list which appeared to have incorrect *U*–*B* values.)
- (iii) Cousins photometry (Cousins 1970, 1972a, b; Cousins & Stoy 1963, 1970), corrected to the Johnson system, using the procedure of Johnson *et al.* (1966).
- (iv) E-region standards (Menzies & Laing 1980), corrected to the Johnson system. In appropriate cases, these values replaced the measurements in the ‘prime standards’ list.
- (v) Standards from the 1983 photometry.

Later data from (iii) and (iv) had a -0.005 mag correction applied to V to bring the data to the same system as used in Cousins & Stoy (1963). Data from (iv) were given weight 4, and data from (v) were given weight 2 if the standard deviation was less than 0.01 mag. All other data were given weight 1.

In the final reduction procedure, only prime standard stars with no outliers in the residual plots were used. The average standard error in the observed magnitudes or colours of the standard stars is about 0.006 mag in V , 0.004 mag in $B-V$, and 0.005 mag in $U-B$. The reduced magnitudes of all stars observed in 1983 and 1984, together with the times of observation, have been submitted to the IAU Commission 27 Archive of Unpublished Photoelectric Photometry. The average values of V , $B-V$, and $U-B$ are recorded in Table 1 together with the standard deviations.

4 Evidence for long-term variability from all sky photometry

Once magnitudes and colours had been determined for the programme stars, it was possible to compare them with earlier determinations, to look for long-term variations. In the histogram plots in Fig. 1 the (Stagg-Johnson) magnitudes and colours for comparison/check stars are compared with those for Be stars. Few of the comparison and check stars have observed magnitudes differing by more than 0.02 mag from the 'Johnson' magnitudes, and in many cases the observed magnitude and the Johnson magnitude are the same (to the nearest 0.01 mag). Many Be stars differ by more than 0.02 mag from the Johnson magnitude, however, and very few have the same magnitude.

To determine whether this variability was due to the influence of short-term, small-amplitude variations, numerical simulations were performed. A sine curve was sampled at five random phases to obtain a theoretical 'Johnson magnitude', and at an additional five phases to give a theoretical 'Stagg magnitude'. The standard deviation in the second sample was taken to correspond to the observed standard deviation $\bar{\sigma}(V)$ in Stagg magnitude (discussed in Section 5). (The amplitude of the sine curve was chosen to make the two distributions correspond as closely as possible.) This procedure was repeated 100 times to represent a hypothetical sample of 100 Be stars. With the exception of a few outliers, the observed distribution of $\bar{\sigma}(V)$ for Be stars (Fig. 3) is quite similar to the theoretical distribution. However, the observed distribution of ΔV (Stagg-Johnson) is quite different from the theoretical one. There are too many differences of over 0.02 mag between Stagg and Johnson magnitudes to be explained by random sampling of short-term variability. Indeed, the data suggest that many, if not most, Be stars are undergoing long-term brightness variations of 0.01 mag or more. This result agrees with earlier studies by Feinstein (1968, 1970, 1975) and Ferrer & Jaschek (1971) which reveal long-term variability on a time-scale of years to decades in half or more of the Be stars studied.

In analysing the long-term variability of the programme objects, it was important to see whether the absolute differences between Johnson and Stagg V , $B-V$, and $U-B$ values had any dependence on spectral type of $v \sin i$. Student's t -test showed that there was a significant trend with spectral type of $|\Delta(B-V)|$ (at the 99 per cent level) and $|\Delta V|$ (at the 97 per cent level). The t -test also showed that there was a significant difference between the mean values of $|\Delta(B-V)|$ calculated for early B stars (B0 to B5.9) and late B stars (B6 to B9.9), at the 99 per cent level. It was also noted that $|\Delta V|$ and $|\Delta(B-V)|$ tended to be larger in the stars with $v \sin i$ between 100 and 200 km s $^{-1}$ [although this result was only significant at the 83 per cent level for $|\Delta V|$ and at the 87 per cent level for $|\Delta(B-V)|$]. This may be an effect of the dependence on spectral type, however, since all but three of the stars in the 100 to 200 km s $^{-1}$ group are of early spectral type. The data, binned into intervals of two spectral subclasses or 100 km s $^{-1}$, have been plotted against spectral class and $v \sin i$ in Fig. 2.

It may also be noted that three of the six Be stars which were measured at least twice in both

Table 1. Stagg and ‘Johnson’ magnitudes and colours for the programme stars. Each of the 44 groups has at least one Be, one comparison (‘Co’), one check (‘Ch’), and one red standard (‘RS’) star. Column ‘N’ gives the number of measurements used in determining Stagg magnitudes and colours. Where three sets of Stagg values are given, the first set is for 1983 observations, the second for 1984 observations, and the third for both years combined. The standard deviation in each Stagg value is given under ‘+/-’. Unless noted, ‘Johnson’ magnitudes are from the Johnson *et al.* (1966) ‘prime list’. Column ‘R’ refers to remarks following the Table.

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B	
420	5.916	0.007	1.535	0.003	1.909	0.021	2	5.93	1.56	1.91	RS
472	0.455	0.013	-0.110	0.013	-0.557	0.013	3	0.47	-0.15		Be
520	5.043	0.032	0.027	0.003	0.059	0.005	3	5.04	0.04		Ch
591	2.881	0.005	0.259	0.001	0.133	0.030	3	2.87	0.28	0.14	Co

1766	6.337	0.023	0.334	0.013	0.093	0.015	4	6.34	0.33		Ch
1772	6.057	0.055	-0.170	0.018	-0.727	0.015	4	6.11	-0.19		Be
1835	5.571	0.015	0.010	0.006	0.030	0.009	4	5.57	0.02		Co
1862	3.852	0.027	1.167	0.018	1.096	0.007	4	3.87	1.14	1.08	RS
1956	2.651	0.025	-0.136	0.017	-0.429	0.008	4	2.64	-0.12	-0.46	Be
1973	5.308	0.033	-0.047	0.021	-0.079	0.018	4				Co

2160	5.798	0.009	0.017	0.011	0.034	0.011	5	5.80	0.02		Co
2170	5.797	0.011	-0.109	0.008	-0.632	0.005	5				Be
2282	3.022	0.014	-0.199	0.010	-0.658	0.015	4				
2282	3.029	0.011	-0.223	0.008	-0.670	0.004	5				
2282	3.026	0.012	-0.212	0.015	-0.665	0.011	9	3.02	-0.18	-0.72	Ch
2288	5.567	0.028	-0.184	0.005	-0.849	0.007	4	5.52	-0.19		Be
2296	3.845	0.015	0.887	0.004	0.515	0.009	4				
2296	3.836	0.014	0.879	0.011	0.515	0.003	5				
2296	3.840	0.014	0.883	0.009	0.515	0.006	9	3.85	0.88	0.52	RS
2361	4.478	0.021	-0.163	0.007	-0.608	0.005	4				
2361	4.452	0.010	-0.154	0.009	-0.603	0.005	5				
2361	4.464	0.020	-0.158	0.009	-0.605	0.005	9	4.48	-0.17	-0.61	Co
2364	5.729	0.033	-0.164	0.007	-0.692	0.003	4				Be
2492	5.164	0.013	-0.098	0.006	-0.882	0.049	4				Be
2538	3.567	0.032	-0.100	0.008	-0.972	0.005	4	3.95	-0.23	-0.93	Be
2545	5.754	0.021	0.139	0.016	-0.489	0.010	4				Be

2507	6.593	0.006	-0.117	0.003	-0.518	0.005	5	6.62	-0.12		Be
2518	5.253	0.008	-0.079	0.005	-0.237	0.007	5	5.26	-0.08		Co
HD49850	7.387	0.007	0.166	0.006	0.144	0.005	5	7.420	0.156	0.137	Ch
2612	6.234	0.009	0.443	0.004	-0.060	0.005	5	6.23	0.46	-0.04	RS

2628	6.509	0.019	-0.149	0.011	-0.804	0.013	4	6.52	-0.16		Be
2640	5.640	0.004	-0.169	0.009	-0.670	0.011	3	5.63	-0.17		Ch
2690	5.842	0.009	-0.128	0.004	-0.868	0.006	4				Be

2733	6.355	0.011	-0.173	0.008	-0.811	0.008	4				
2733	6.360	0.009	-0.174	0.004	-0.820	0.007	35				
2733	6.359	0.009	-0.174	0.005	-0.819	0.007	39	6.27	-0.13		Col. 6
2745	4.639	0.008	-0.174	0.006	-0.813	0.017	4	4.65	-0.20	-0.69	Be
2749	3.921	0.025	-0.143	0.011	-0.707	0.010	4				
2749	3.789	0.018	-0.155	0.009	-0.700	0.010	35				
2749	3.803	0.044	-0.154	0.010	-0.701	0.010	39	3.82	-0.18	-0.73	Be
2755	6.326	0.022	-0.002	0.019	-0.042	0.029	4				Ch
2774	6.429	0.017	-0.136	0.013	-0.597	0.011	4				
2774	6.431	0.009	-0.139	0.006	-0.599	0.006	35				
2774	6.431	0.010	-0.138	0.007	-0.599	0.007	39	6.43	-0.14	-0.60	Ch
2786	5.296	0.003	0.965	0.004	0.646	0.003	4				
2786	5.297	0.009	0.972	0.005	0.658	0.007	35				
2786	5.297	0.008	0.972	0.005	0.657	0.008	39	5.28	0.96	0.65	RS
2802	5.852	0.010	1.584	0.008	1.906	0.025	3				RS
2855	5.649	0.009	-0.091	0.009	-0.972	0.010	4				Be

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B	
2787	4.746	0.019	-0.130	0.006	-0.794	0.010	4	4.67	-0.10	-0.79	Be
2790	5.120	0.025	-0.167	0.008	-0.674	0.006	4	5.11	-0.16	-0.66	Be
2911	5.389	0.023	-0.100	0.017	-0.743	0.010	4	5.56	-0.06		Be
2937	4.527	0.015	-0.078	0.011	-0.318	0.004	4	4.53	-0.09	-0.31	Co
2961	4.843	0.016	-0.179	0.008	-0.661	0.012	4	4.85	-0.19	-0.65	Ch
2968	6.024	0.025	-0.034	0.012	-0.460	0.009	4	6.00	-0.04	-0.46	Be
3002	5.132	0.019	1.105	0.008	1.038	0.008	4	5.17	1.10		RS
2794	6.312	0.026	1.312	0.023	1.456	0.041	4				RS
2819	5.401	0.008	-0.162	0.005	-0.702	0.016	4	5.43	-0.14		Be
2827	2.469	0.016	-0.092	0.006	-0.735	0.007	4	2.44	-0.09	-0.71	Co
2873	5.779	0.014	-0.192	0.004	-0.725	0.010	4	5.77	-0.19		Ch
2881	4.640	0.006	0.924	0.005	0.614	0.004	4	4.65	0.93	0.64	RS
2922	4.637	0.010	-0.118	0.004	-0.400	0.007	4				
2922	4.628	0.008	-0.110	0.010	-0.404	0.014	5				
2922	4.632	0.010	-0.114	0.008	-0.402	0.011	9	4.61	-0.12	-0.43	Ch
2922	4.637	0.010	-0.118	0.004	-0.400	0.007	4				
2922	4.628	0.008	-0.110	0.010	-0.404	0.014	5				
2922	4.632	0.010	-0.114	0.008	-0.402	0.011	9	4.61	-0.12	-0.43	Ch
2996	3.968	0.005	0.186	0.009	-0.133	0.016	5	3.95	0.18	-0.14	Co 4
3034	4.470	0.003	-0.052	0.005	-1.008	0.005	5	4.52	-0.05	-1.02	Be 2
3043	5.329	0.018	0.746	0.012	0.361	0.015	5	5.33	0.76		RS
3045	3.331	0.019	1.245	0.006	1.107	0.008	5	3.35	1.25	1.13	RS 4
3036	6.391	....	0.953	....	0.659	....	1				
3036	6.393	0.006	0.938	0.007	0.680	0.010	5				
3036	6.392	0.007	0.941	0.009	0.676	0.012	6	6.38	0.95	0.65	RS
3081	5.785	....	-0.036	....	-0.174	....	1				
3081	5.783	0.008	-0.039	0.006	-0.159	0.006	5				
3081	5.784	0.007	-0.039	0.006	-0.161	0.008	6	5.79	-0.04	-0.16	Ch
3147	5.811	....	-0.075	....	-0.769	....	1				
3147	5.842	0.009	-0.078	0.006	-0.732	0.004	5				
3147	5.837	0.015	-0.078	0.005	-0.738	0.015	6	5.81	-0.10		Be
3159	4.810	0.008	-0.154	0.004	-0.630	0.009	5	4.82	-0.17	-0.62	Co
3217	6.322	0.009	-0.053	0.004	-0.370	0.007	5	6.28	-0.06		Be
3165	2.303	0.014	-0.303	0.012	-1.100	0.006	4	2.25	-0.27	-1.09	Co
3195	6.296	0.013	-0.015	0.007	-0.549	0.005	4	6.41	-0.05		Be
3233	6.415	0.006	0.108	0.006	0.152	0.003	4	6.43	0.10		Ch
3237	4.893	0.010	-0.145	0.005	-0.963	0.006	4	4.77	-0.11	-0.98	Be
3241	6.120	0.006	-0.166	0.002	-0.702	0.007	4	6.11	-0.18	-0.71	Ch
3243	4.431	0.010	1.174	0.004	1.082	0.007	4	4.44	1.17	1.09	RS
3330	5.195	0.004	-0.175	0.002	-0.673	0.004	2				Be
3330	5.179	0.012	-0.171	0.010	-0.680	0.006	5				Be
3330	5.184	0.013	-0.172	0.008	-0.678	0.006	7				Be 2
HD72754	6.913	0.005	0.221	0.004	-0.704	0.004	2				Be
HD72754	6.823	0.058	0.197	0.013	-0.732	0.009	5				Be
HD72754	6.849	0.064	0.204	0.016	-0.724	0.016	7				Be
3407	5.001	0.006	1.343	0.001	1.349	0.002	2				
3407	4.988	0.017	1.353	0.008	1.350	0.017	5				
3407	4.992	0.016	1.350	0.008	1.350	0.014	7	5.01	1.33	1.38	RS
3452	4.779	0.004	0.131	0.003	0.109	0.013	2				
3452	4.776	0.015	0.130	0.011	0.112	0.009	5				
3452	4.777	0.013	0.130	0.009	0.111	0.009	7	4.77	0.12	0.12	Ch
HD74234	6.944	0.001	-0.118	0.002	-0.775	0.003	2				Co
HD74234	6.940	0.012	-0.137	0.009	-0.798	0.009	5				Co
HD74234	6.941	0.010	-0.132	0.012	-0.792	0.014	7				Co
3356	5.825	0.010	-0.156	0.004	-0.736	0.009	5				Be
3426	4.141	0.009	0.110	0.003	0.126	0.009	5	4.14	0.10	0.13	Co
3477	4.061	0.012	0.877	0.006	0.505	0.008	5	4.07	0.87	0.52	RS
3487	3.892	0.011	0.009	0.006	-0.030	0.012	5	3.91	0.00	-0.05	Ch

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		U-B	TYPE	R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	+/-			
3498	4.426	0.015	-0.134	0.007	-0.775	0.008	5					Be	
3570	5.729	0.016	0.472	0.001	-0.023	0.008	5	5.71	0.48	0.00	RS		
3571	3.836	0.012	-0.099	0.007	-0.433	0.008	5	3.84	-0.10	-0.45	Co	2	
3574	4.680	0.015	-0.115	0.004	-0.484	0.005	5	4.69	-0.12	-0.47	Ch	1	
3527	5.089	0.011	-0.212	0.011	-0.973	0.013	4	5.10	-0.21	-0.98	Ch	1	
3593	6.054	0.006	-0.162	0.007	-0.792	0.006	4	6.09	-0.17		Be		
3614	3.745	0.017	1.205	0.006	1.233	0.008	4	3.75	1.20	1.22	RS		
3661	5.577	0.020	-0.117	0.009	-0.481	0.003	4	5.57	-0.11	-0.49	Ch3,	7	
3670	5.921	0.016	-0.055	0.014	-0.117	0.008	4	5.92	-0.05	-0.10	Be		
3680	6.257	0.017	-0.065	0.006	-0.288	0.004	5	6.25	-0.06	-0.27	Co	7	
3544	6.127	0.009	0.204	0.004	0.186	0.004	5	6.11	0.20	0.17	Co		
3610	5.888	0.008	1.609	0.006	1.965	0.013	5	5.88	1.63	1.96	RS		
3615	4.012	0.007	0.148	0.004	0.159	0.002	5	4.01	0.14	0.13	Ch		
3642	4.741	0.013	-0.142	0.004	-0.787	0.002	5	4.71	-0.15	-0.80	Be		
3710	6.386	0.008	-0.093	0.004	-0.351	0.010	5	6.39	-0.10		Ch		
3715	6.789	0.007	0.010	0.006	-0.015	0.018	5	6.82	0.00		Ch	1	
3745	6.110	0.017	-0.096	0.006	-0.544	0.008	5	6.10	-0.10	-0.55	Be		
3770	5.494	0.010	1.346	0.003	1.473	0.014	5	5.48	1.36		RS	2	
3878	6.431	0.010	-0.101	0.008	-0.949	0.006	5	6.45	-0.13	-0.94	Co		
3858	4.740	0.005	-0.125	0.004	-0.613	0.003	2						
3858	4.717	0.004	-0.120	0.006	-0.615	0.007	5						
3858	4.724	0.012	-0.121	0.006	-0.614	0.006	7	4.78	-0.12	-0.58	Be		
3919	4.886	0.006	1.221	0.002	1.306	0.009	2						
3919	4.866	0.003	1.226	0.005	1.288	0.013	5						
3919	4.872	0.010	1.224	0.005	1.293	0.014	7	4.88	1.23	1.30	RS		
3931	6.278	0.000	0.214	0.008	0.112	0.006	2						
3931	6.264	0.003	0.201	0.005	0.109	0.006	5						
3931	6.268	0.007	0.204	0.008	0.110	0.006	7	6.28	0.22	0.11	Co	1	
3946	6.230	0.004	-0.109	0.000	-0.624	0.001	2						
3946	6.191	0.004	-0.107	0.004	-0.660	0.009	5						
3946	6.202	0.019	-0.108	0.003	-0.649	0.019	7	6.21	-0.10	-0.68	Be		
3962	6.716	0.007	0.023	0.004	0.012	0.002	2						
3962	6.699	0.003	0.005	0.004	-0.005	0.008	5						
3962	6.704	0.009	0.010	0.010	0.000	0.011	7				Ch	2	
3971	6.146	0.008	-0.024	0.004	-0.471	0.004	5				Be	1	
4009	5.680	0.016	-0.059	0.004	-0.871	0.010	5	5.70	-0.08		Be		
4018	6.090	0.012	-0.064	0.006	-0.534	0.011	5	6.10	-0.08		Be		
4074	4.492	0.007	-0.118	0.005	-0.593	0.015	5	4.50	-0.12	-0.58	Be	1	
4140	3.324	0.010	-0.089	0.007	-0.710	0.007	5				Be		
4173	5.902	0.009	-0.124	0.003	-0.627	0.012	6						
4173	5.890	0.007	-0.122	0.003	-0.619	0.006	8						
4173	5.895	0.010	-0.123	0.003	-0.622	0.010	14	5.91	-0.14		Co		
4179	5.951	0.008	1.626	0.004	1.991	0.017	5	5.87	1.44		RS1,6		
4180	4.279	0.009	1.043	0.006	0.758	0.014	5						
4180	4.278	0.008	1.039	0.006	0.758	0.008	8						
4180	4.278	0.008	1.040	0.006	0.758	0.010	13	4.28	1.04	0.75	RS		
4217	6.258	0.008	0.037	0.007	0.043	0.012	5	6.25	0.04		Ch	1	
4221	5.272	0.033	-0.059	0.013	-0.374	0.030	5						
4221	5.237	0.004	-0.057	0.005	-0.345	0.007	8						
4221	5.250	0.026	-0.058	0.008	-0.356	0.023	13	5.26	-0.08		Be		
4222	4.836	0.006	-0.149	0.004	-0.653	0.006	5	4.85	-0.15	-0.64	Co		
4239	5.856	0.008	-0.003	0.008	-0.073	0.018	5						
4239	5.858	0.008	-0.002	0.004	-0.057	0.007	8						
4239	5.857	0.008	-0.002	0.006	-0.063	0.014	13	5.85	0.01		Ch	1	
HD94910	6.865	0.017	0.640	0.006	-0.613	0.017	5				Be		

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE	R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B		
3995	5.281	0.012	0.971	0.005	0.753	0.007	5	5.28	0.98	0.75	RS	
4002	5.806	0.011	0.007	0.004	-0.015	0.006	5	5.81	0.02	-0.02	Ch	
4037	3.304	0.010	-0.101	0.018	-0.301	0.003	5	3.32	-0.08	-0.33	Be	
4089	4.966	0.010	-0.126	0.009	-0.533	0.004	5	4.99	-0.13	-0.51	Co	
4206	5.974	0.013	-0.054	0.009	-0.511	0.011	5	5.97	-0.07	-0.51	Be	
4231	5.477	0.018	0.952	0.007	0.768	0.014	5	5.47	0.95	0.74	RS	
4234	4.436	0.015	-0.181	0.010	-0.690	0.014	5	4.45	-0.19	-0.70	Co	
4304	6.708	0.020	0.529	0.005	0.034	0.010	5	6.71	0.55	0.04	Ch	
4312	6.200	0.025	0.096	0.009	0.117	0.015	5	6.19	0.11	0.12	Ch	
4537	4.326	0.011	-0.143	0.003	-0.605	0.011	5	4.32	-0.15	-0.62	Be	
4549	4.897	0.011	-0.118	0.004	-0.554	0.005	5	4.90	-0.11	-0.53	Ch	1
4599	4.332	0.015	0.274	0.004	0.051	0.005	5	4.33	0.27	0.04	Co	1
4729	4.845	0.016	-0.133	0.008	-0.597	0.005	5	4.86	-0.12	-0.59	Ch	
4747	6.237	0.014	1.247	0.003	1.310	0.016	5	6.22	1.26	1.31	RS	5
4390	3.891	0.021	-0.151	0.004	-0.589	0.005	4	3.89	-0.15	-0.59	Co	
4460	4.637	0.023	-0.074	0.005	-0.214	0.003	4	4.62	-0.08	-0.21	Be	
4546	4.473	0.021	1.306	0.006	1.453	0.011	8					
4546	4.467	0.005	1.311	0.004	1.456	0.013	6					
4546	4.471	0.016	1.308	0.005	1.454	0.011	14	4.469	1.301	1.453	RS	9
4592	6.160	0.010	-0.022	0.007	-0.028	0.007	6	6.16	0.00		Ch	
4618	4.458	0.012	-0.161	0.011	-0.679	0.003	4	4.47	-0.15	-0.67	Be	
4620	5.354	0.017	-0.018	0.007	-0.064	0.006	4					
4620	5.345	0.005	-0.022	0.004	-0.051	0.010	6					
4620	5.349	0.011	-0.020	0.005	-0.056	0.010	10	5.339	-0.015	-0.033	Ch	9
4621	2.613	0.006	-0.147	0.015	-0.887	0.008	4	2.65	-0.09		Be	
4638	3.944	0.026	-0.156	0.006	-0.602	0.004	4					
4638	3.953	0.007	-0.163	0.011	-0.589	0.011	6					
4638	3.949	0.017	-0.160	0.010	-0.594	0.011	10	3.96	-0.15	-0.61	Co	
4546	4.473	0.021	1.306	0.006	1.453	0.011	8					
4546	4.467	0.005	1.311	0.004	1.456	0.013	6					
4546	4.471	0.016	1.308	0.005	1.454	0.011	14	4.469	1.301	1.453	RS	9
4625	5.556	0.019	-0.092	0.002	-0.642	0.019	4	5.48	-0.07		Be	
HD107422	6.818	0.010	0.062	0.006	0.025	0.015	4	6.829	0.045	0.041	Col, 9	
4836	6.447	0.010	0.249	0.004	0.073	0.010	4	6.44	0.25		Ch	
4565	5.935	0.007	1.477	0.004	1.905	0.020	4	5.93	1.50		RS	
4579	6.428	0.010	0.026	0.004	0.029	0.003	4	6.43	0.03		Ch	
4623	4.016	0.009	0.338	0.010	-0.030	0.010	4	4.02	0.32	-0.02	Co	
4635	5.464	0.013	0.043	0.007	0.058	0.012	4	5.46	0.06		Ch	
4696	5.220	0.009	-0.100	0.007	-0.338	0.006	4	5.21	-0.10		Be	2
4823	4.953	0.023	-0.019	0.008	-0.455	0.003	4				Be	
4830	5.279	0.025	0.264	0.015	-0.825	0.010	4				Be	
4842	4.702	0.039	1.046	0.009	0.974	0.005	4					
4842	4.709	0.010	1.049	0.006	0.978	0.004	5					
4842	4.706	0.025	1.048	0.007	0.976	0.005	9	4.69	1.05	0.93	RS	2
4848	4.619	0.031	-0.159	0.008	-0.640	0.003	4					
4848	4.629	0.009	-0.153	0.007	-0.629	0.005	5					
4848	4.625	0.021	-0.156	0.008	-0.634	0.007	9	4.65	-0.16	-0.63	Co	
4897	4.626	0.045	-0.147	0.007	-0.604	0.005	4	4.62	-0.15	-0.60	Be	
4899	5.151	0.038	-0.114	0.013	-0.533	0.005	3					
4899	5.161	0.011	-0.109	0.007	-0.525	0.007	5					
4899	5.157	0.023	-0.111	0.009	-0.528	0.007	8	5.19	-0.11	-0.50	Be	
4944	6.000	0.037	0.472	0.010	0.099	0.008	4					
4944	6.013	0.011	0.463	0.007	0.105	0.008	5					
4944	6.007	0.025	0.467	0.009	0.102	0.008	9	5.99	0.48		Ch	

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B	
4773	3.852	0.009	-0.156	0.003	-0.593	0.001	2				
4773	3.858	0.010	-0.151	0.008	-0.580	0.005	5				
4773	3.857	0.010	-0.152	0.007	-0.584	0.008	7	3.87	-0.15	-0.61	Co
4804	6.515	0.021	0.092	0.004	-0.238	0.014	2				
4804	6.515	0.011	0.091	0.009	-0.244	0.011	5				
4804	6.515	0.013	0.092	0.007	-0.242	0.011	7	6.49	0.08	-0.24	Be 1
4862	5.578	0.015	1.160	0.001	0.960	0.006	2				
4862	5.577	0.009	1.167	0.006	0.945	0.008	5				
4862	5.577	0.010	1.165	0.006	0.950	0.010	7	5.55	1.17	0.95	RS
4930	5.977	0.034	0.055	0.009	-0.837	0.012	2				
4930	5.982	0.010	0.065	0.003	-0.847	0.002	5				
4930	5.981	0.016	0.062	0.007	-0.844	0.007	7	6.03	0.05	-0.86	Be
5030	6.097	0.009	0.078	0.009	-0.325	0.014	2				
5030	6.088	0.013	0.078	0.007	-0.335	0.002	5				
5030	6.090	0.012	0.078	0.007	-0.332	0.008	7	6.05	0.09	-0.34	Ch
5157	5.974	0.001	-0.075	0.002	-0.340	0.002	2				
5157	5.984	0.014	-0.070	0.006	-0.341	0.006	5				
5157	5.981	0.012	-0.072	0.006	-0.341	0.005	7	5.97	-0.07		Ch 8
5193	3.462	0.001	-0.209	0.003	-0.770	0.019	2				
5193	3.463	0.012	-0.219	0.008	-0.802	0.011	5				
5193	3.463	0.010	-0.216	0.008	-0.793	0.020	7	2.94	-0.16		Be
5206	5.774	0.003	-0.153	0.002	-0.729	0.005	2				
5206	5.781	0.015	-0.148	0.005	-0.740	0.009	5				
5206	5.779	0.013	-0.149	0.005	-0.737	0.009	7				Ch
5223	6.271	0.003	-0.120	0.001	-0.801	0.005	2				
5223	6.259	0.022	-0.116	0.005	-0.815	0.006	5				
5223	6.262	0.019	-0.117	0.004	-0.811	0.009	7				Be 2
5249	3.860	0.005	-0.205	0.017	-0.776	0.006	2				
5249	3.867	0.013	-0.209	0.005	-0.784	0.006	5				
5249	3.865	0.012	-0.208	0.008	-0.781	0.007	7	3.87	-0.20	-0.80	Co
5260	4.338	0.002	0.610	0.003	0.260	0.004	2				
5260	4.359	0.011	0.605	0.004	0.261	0.005	5				
5260	4.353	0.014	0.607	0.005	0.261	0.004	7	4.34	0.60	0.27	RS
5292	6.348	....	0.052	....	-0.489	....	1				
5292	6.344	0.013	0.048	0.010	-0.495	0.006	5				
5292	6.345	0.012	0.049	0.009	-0.494	0.006	6	6.34	0.05	-0.50	Ch 10
5297	4.752	....	0.938	....	0.708	....	1				
5297	4.741	0.010	0.935	0.006	0.701	0.004	5				
5297	4.743	0.010	0.936	0.006	0.702	0.005	6	4.75	0.94	0.72	RS 2
5316	4.996	....	-0.039	....	-0.603	....	1				
5316	4.973	0.011	-0.034	0.003	-0.621	0.002	5				
5316	4.977	0.013	-0.035	0.003	-0.618	0.008	6	5.07	-0.08		Be
5358	4.347	....	0.121	....	-0.450	....	1				
5358	4.340	0.013	0.118	0.013	-0.448	0.016	5				
5358	4.341	0.011	0.118	0.011	-0.448	0.014	6	4.33	0.12	-0.44	Co 7
5240	6.122	0.028	0.023	0.004	-0.160	0.007	4	6.09	0.03	-0.17	Ch
5306	6.489	0.014	1.383	0.009	1.348	0.016	4	6.49	1.42	1.42	RS 7
5327	6.432	0.014	0.040	0.007	-0.321	0.005	4	6.42	0.02	-0.33	Be
5336	5.080	0.010	-0.106	0.009	-0.572	0.012	4	5.06	-0.10	-0.56	Co
5396	4.360	0.025	0.420	0.015	0.179	0.007	3				
5396	4.362	0.011	0.419	0.005	0.188	0.010	5				
5396	4.361	0.016	0.419	0.009	0.184	0.009	8	4.360	0.417	0.229	RS 9
5439	5.892	0.012	-0.089	0.008	-0.403	0.010	5	5.88	-0.08		Ch 8
5440	2.419	0.051	-0.225	0.024	-0.848	0.020	4				
5440	2.510	0.027	-0.281	0.016	-0.807	0.011	5				
5440	2.469	0.060	-0.256	0.035	-0.825	0.026	9	2.31	-0.19	-0.82	Be

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE	R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B		
5471	3.975	0.018	-0.168	0.009	-0.691	0.015	4					
5471	3.999	0.008	-0.173	0.009	-0.687	0.009	5					
5471	3.989	0.018	-0.171	0.009	-0.689	0.012	9	4.00	-0.17	-0.69	Co	
5528	4.303	0.010	-0.152	0.012	-0.612	0.002	3					
5528	4.326	0.010	-0.154	0.002	-0.606	0.008	5					
5528	4.317	0.015	-0.153	0.007	-0.608	0.007	8	4.325	-0.152	-0.630	Ch	9
5482	5.374	0.004	0.284	0.005	0.061	0.005	4	5.36	0.29			
5500	5.931	0.030	-0.095	0.006	-0.688	0.014	4	5.91	-0.07	-0.70	Be	
5539	6.086	0.023	-0.053	0.008	-0.590	0.007	4					
5539	6.093	0.005	-0.064	0.007	-0.586	0.015	4					
5539	6.089	0.016	-0.059	0.009	-0.588	0.011	8	6.09	-0.06	-0.60	Co	
5551	5.505	0.023	-0.067	0.004	-0.531	0.018	4				Be	
5632	6.304	0.011	0.614	0.005	0.149	0.002	4					
5632	6.307	0.006	0.604	0.008	0.148	0.017	4					
5632	6.305	0.009	0.609	0.009	0.148	0.011	8	6.30	0.63		RS	5
5661	5.737	0.014	-0.061	0.008	-0.877	0.002	4	5.73	-0.08	-0.87	Be	1
5684	6.283	0.013	-0.086	0.007	-0.594	0.008	4					
5684	6.278	0.005	-0.089	0.006	-0.599	0.006	4					
5684	6.281	0.009	-0.087	0.006	-0.597	0.007	8	6.28	-0.09	-0.60	Ch	
5559	5.636	0.009	-0.037	0.005	-0.264	0.008	4	5.63	-0.03	-0.26	Ch1,7	.
5646	3.836	0.011	-0.049	0.007	-0.101	0.004	4	3.87	-0.05	-0.14	Be	2
5647	5.693	0.009	0.142	0.004	0.108	0.008	4	5.69	0.14	0.09	Co	2
5683	4.251	0.013	-0.105	0.007	-0.358	0.004	4	4.27	-0.09	-0.37	Be	1
5699	5.656	0.009	0.638	0.002	0.084	0.009	4	5.65	0.65		RS	
5730	5.401	0.017	-0.134	0.008	-0.829	0.007	5	5.49	-0.12	-0.76	Be	2
5757	6.192	0.018	1.202	0.006	1.363	0.015	5	6.18	1.21	1.36	RS	
5782	5.654	0.016	-0.045	0.003	-0.359	0.008	5	5.65	-0.04	-0.38	Co	2
5786	5.949	0.017	-0.042	0.009	-0.146	0.005	5	5.95	-0.04	-0.16	Ch	
5806	5.850	0.007	1.061	0.007	0.943	0.013	4				RS	
5824	4.964	0.044	1.323	0.006	1.502	0.021	4					
5824	5.005	0.011	1.326	0.003	1.536	0.018	4					
5824	4.985	0.037	1.324	0.005	1.519	0.025	8	4.96	1.33	1.51	RS	
5856	6.530	0.003	0.324	0.007	0.044	0.011	4	6.51	0.32		RS	
5885	4.633	0.028	-0.053	0.016	-0.732	0.005	4					
5885	4.686	0.013	-0.054	0.006	-0.710	0.010	4					
5885	4.659	0.035	-0.054	0.011	-0.721	0.014	8	4.68	-0.06	-0.73	Ch	
5904	4.591	0.024	-0.069	0.002	-0.649	0.008	4	4.59	-0.06	-0.67	Co	1
5907	5.414	0.019	-0.022	0.005	-0.605	0.009	4	5.43	-0.04		Be	
6151	5.502	0.020	0.941	0.002	0.693	0.009	3	5.52	0.93	0.73	RS	
6172	5.885	0.034	-0.076	0.007	-0.409	0.005	5	5.91	-0.08	-0.42	Be	
6182	6.010	0.030	0.025	0.008	0.037	0.008	5	6.03	0.02	0.02	Co	
6233	6.115	0.029	-0.016	0.009	-0.281	0.005	5	6.13	-0.02	-0.28	Ch	
6188	5.665	0.018	-0.010	0.011	-0.868	0.010	4	5.66	-0.03		Co	
6274	6.283	0.019	0.034	0.010	-0.676	0.007	4	6.33	-0.02		Be	
6331	6.276	0.018	0.071	0.009	0.093	0.005	4				Ch	
6374	5.836	0.019	1.759	0.008	1.783	0.005	4				RS	
6416	5.486	0.018	0.785	0.003	0.345	0.007	4	5.48	0.81	0.35	RS1,7	
6451	5.263	0.021	-0.109	0.006	-0.822	0.012	4	5.25	-0.11	-0.81	Be	
HD157832	6.656	0.029	0.041	0.001	-0.852	0.011	4				Be	
6510	2.855	0.025	-0.146	0.013	-0.764	0.008	4	2.95	-0.17	-0.69	Be	
6537	4.568	0.011	-0.029	0.002	-0.097	0.005	4	4.58	-0.02	-0.07	Co	7
6304	6.178	0.050	-0.068	0.011	-0.917	0.009	6	6.11	-0.03		Be	
6320	5.745	0.009	-0.104	0.011	-0.545	0.007	5				Co	
6438	5.858	0.008	1.078	0.008	0.856	0.013	9	5.88	1.07		RS	1
6462	3.321	0.009	-0.126	0.012	-0.934	0.020	6	3.34	-0.13	-0.95	Be	2
6500	3.588	0.010	-0.101	0.008	-0.294	0.006	5	3.62	-0.10	-0.31	Ch	

Table 1—continued

HR NO	V	+/-	STAGG		U-B	+/-	N	V	JOHNSON		TYPE	R
			B-V	+/-					B-V	U-B		
6366	5.919	0.013	0.275	0.009	0.152	0.004	4					
6366	5.949	0.012	0.267	0.013	0.149	0.005	7					
6366	5.938	0.019	0.270	0.012	0.150	0.005	11	5.97	0.25		Ch	
6422	6.342	0.031	0.177	0.010	-0.396	0.006	4					
6422	6.386	0.009	0.138	0.010	-0.384	0.012	7					
6422	6.370	0.028	0.152	0.022	-0.389	0.011	11	6.36	0.15		Be	2
6470	6.135	0.008	0.037	0.005	0.029	0.006	4					
6470	6.143	0.009	0.017	0.013	0.016	0.009	7					
6470	6.140	0.010	0.024	0.015	0.021	0.010	11	6.17	0.02	0.04	Ch	
6508	2.697	0.011	-0.238	0.003	-0.820	0.004	4	2.68	-0.23	-0.81	Co	
HD160202	6.731	0.011	0.031	0.008	-0.446	0.010	4				Be	
6587	6.401	0.011	1.737	0.008	1.990	0.019	4					
6587	6.434	0.014	1.739	0.008	2.072	0.022	7					
6587	6.422	0.021	1.738	0.008	2.042	0.046	11	6.42	1.73	2.00	RS	
6519	4.784	0.009	0.011	0.013	-0.071	0.006	4	4.81	0.00	-0.06	Be	
6520	6.041	0.006	-0.058	0.008	-0.374	0.007	4					
6520	6.059	0.015	-0.079	0.007	-0.378	0.011	6					
6520	6.052	0.015	-0.071	0.013	-0.377	0.009	10	6.06	-0.07	-0.38	Ch	
6595	4.852	0.009	0.461	0.007	-0.052	0.004	4					
6595	4.890	0.011	0.472	0.008	-0.043	0.007	6					
6595	4.875	0.022	0.468	0.010	-0.046	0.007	10	4.87	0.47	-0.04	RS	
6621	6.319	0.053	0.142	0.004	-0.443	0.006	4					
6621	6.312	0.040	0.122	0.009	-0.440	0.006	6					
6621	6.315	0.043	0.130	0.013	-0.441	0.006	10	6.35	0.12		Be	
6700	4.727	0.015	-0.032	0.009	-0.060	0.006	4					
6700	4.733	0.007	-0.040	0.010	-0.052	0.009	6					
6700	4.730	0.010	-0.036	0.010	-0.055	0.009	10	4.75	-0.05	-0.04	Co	
6438	5.858	0.008	1.078	0.008	0.856	0.013	9	5.88	1.07		RS	1
6549	5.249	0.007	0.194	0.010	0.086	0.007	4	5.25	0.20		Co	
6743	3.670	0.009	-0.086	0.014	-0.857	0.012	4	3.66	-0.08	-0.84	Ch	
6819	5.338	0.009	-0.038	0.006	-0.701	0.006	4				Be	
6913	2.832	0.020	1.055	0.011	0.922	0.010	4	2.81	1.04	0.90	RS	
6929	6.570	0.018	0.081	0.020	-0.739	0.014	4				Be	
7039	3.158	0.006	-0.113	0.008	-0.363	0.006	4	3.16	-0.11	-0.36	Co	
7121	2.187	0.015	-0.281	0.012	-0.754	0.013	4	2.03	-0.22	-0.75	Ch	
7004	5.789	0.038	0.953	0.014	0.757	0.008	4	5.78	0.96	0.77	RS	
7012	4.789	0.016	0.195	0.003	0.084	0.002	4	4.79	0.20	0.08	Ch	
7036	5.731	0.020	0.249	0.004	0.095	0.003	4	5.73	0.24	0.11	Co	
7074	4.224	0.015	-0.149	0.005	-0.848	0.009	4	4.23	-0.14		Be	
8305	4.341	0.012	-0.061	0.023	-0.098	0.009	2	4.34	-0.05	-0.11	Ch	2
8386	5.431	0.019	-0.105	0.018	-0.358	0.009	4	5.42	-0.10		Be	
8405	6.488	0.003	1.602	0.004	1.922	0.029	2	6.47	1.63	1.93	RS	
8408	5.967	0.030	-0.173	0.015	-0.650	0.009	4	5.96	-0.14		Be	
8478	5.448	0.015	-0.131	0.015	-0.391	0.014	4	5.43	-0.16	-0.55	Co	6
8576	4.291	0.026	-0.002	0.031	0.037	0.005	2	4.29	0.01	0.02	Co	1
8628	4.172	0.024	-0.125	0.018	-0.365	0.014	4	4.16	-0.12	-0.34	Be	
8502	2.850	0.019	1.399	0.016	1.543	0.012	7	2.86	1.39	1.54	RS	
8527	5.774	0.013	0.387	0.013	0.034	0.009	7	5.78	0.38	0.03	Ch	
8540	4.454	0.010	-0.037	0.017	-0.056	0.015	7	4.47	-0.03	-0.07	Be	
8547	5.564	0.019	0.190	0.018	0.081	0.009	7	5.55	0.20	0.08	Co	

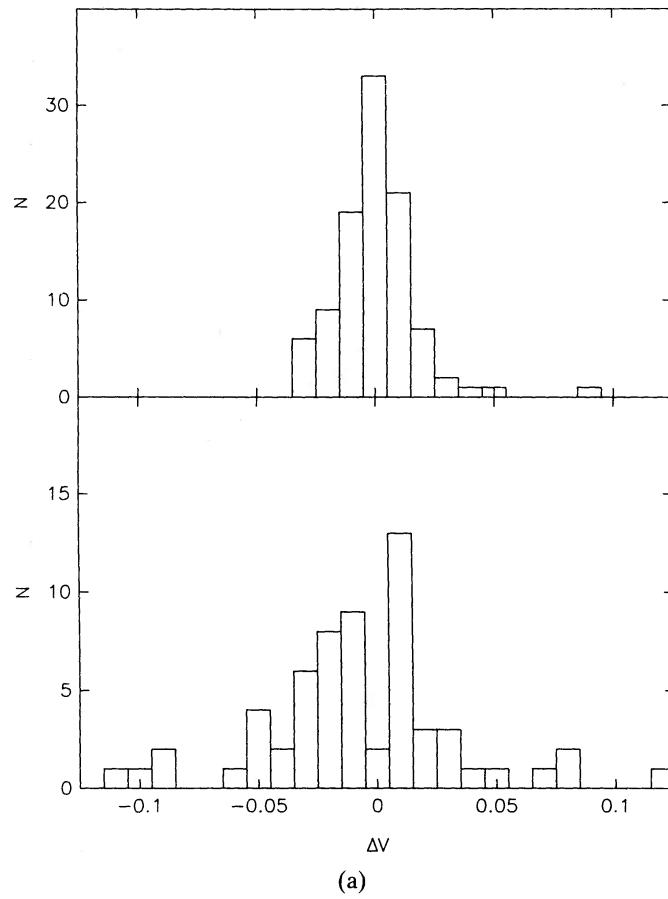
Remarks:

1. Combined magnitude and colours of components A and B.
2. Magnitude and colours of A component only.
3. Combined magnitude and colours of components A, B, and C.

Table 1—continued

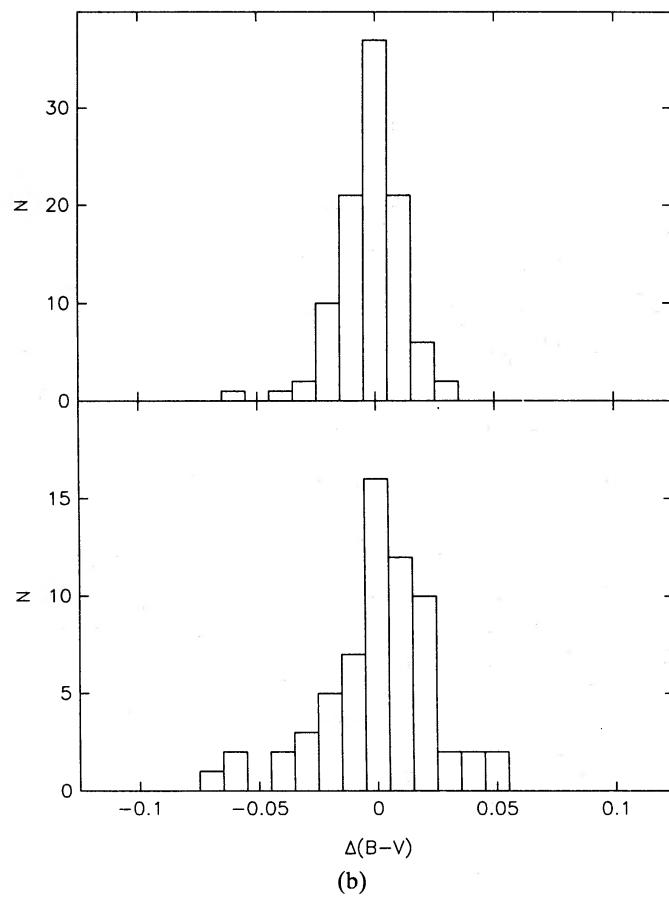
4. 'Johnson' U-B colour from Johnson *et al.* (1966) 'supplementary Cape list'.
5. Corrected 'Johnson' U-B colour from Cousins 1972b.
6. Stagg magnitudes and colours are for component A only.
7. Corrected 'Johnson' magnitude and colours from Cousins & Stoy 1963.
8. Corrected 'Johnson' magnitude and colours from Cousins & Stoy 1970.
9. Corrected 'Johnson' magnitude and colours from Menzies & Laing 1980.
10. Corrected 'Johnson' magnitude and colours from Cousins 1970.
11. Corrected 'Johnson' magnitude and colours from Cousins 1972a.

1983 and 1984 showed a difference of over 0.03 mag between their 1983 and 1984 V magnitudes. All three stars (HR 5440, 6422, and 2749) are of early B spectral type. Earlier data from Feinstein (1968, 1970, 1975) and van Hoof (1975) confirm the variability of HR 2749 (Fig. 5). These results all tend to confirm that *many Be stars, especially of earlier B spectral type, tend to show long-term, small-amplitude variations*. This is significant because Jaschek, Hubert-Delplace & Jaschek (1980) have noted that emission features are more variable in early Be stars, and Hubert-Delplace *et al.* (1982) find greater long-term spectroscopic variability in these objects as well.

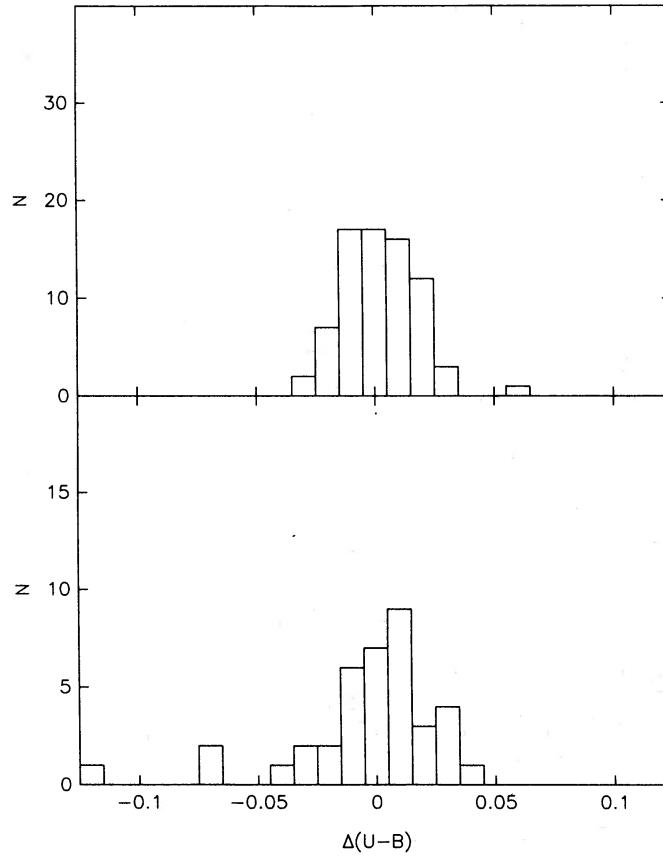


(a)

Figure 1. Histograms of (Stagg–Johnson) magnitudes and colours for Be and comparison/check stars. (a) V data, (b) $B-V$ data, (c) $U-B$ data.



(b)



(c)

Figure 1—continued

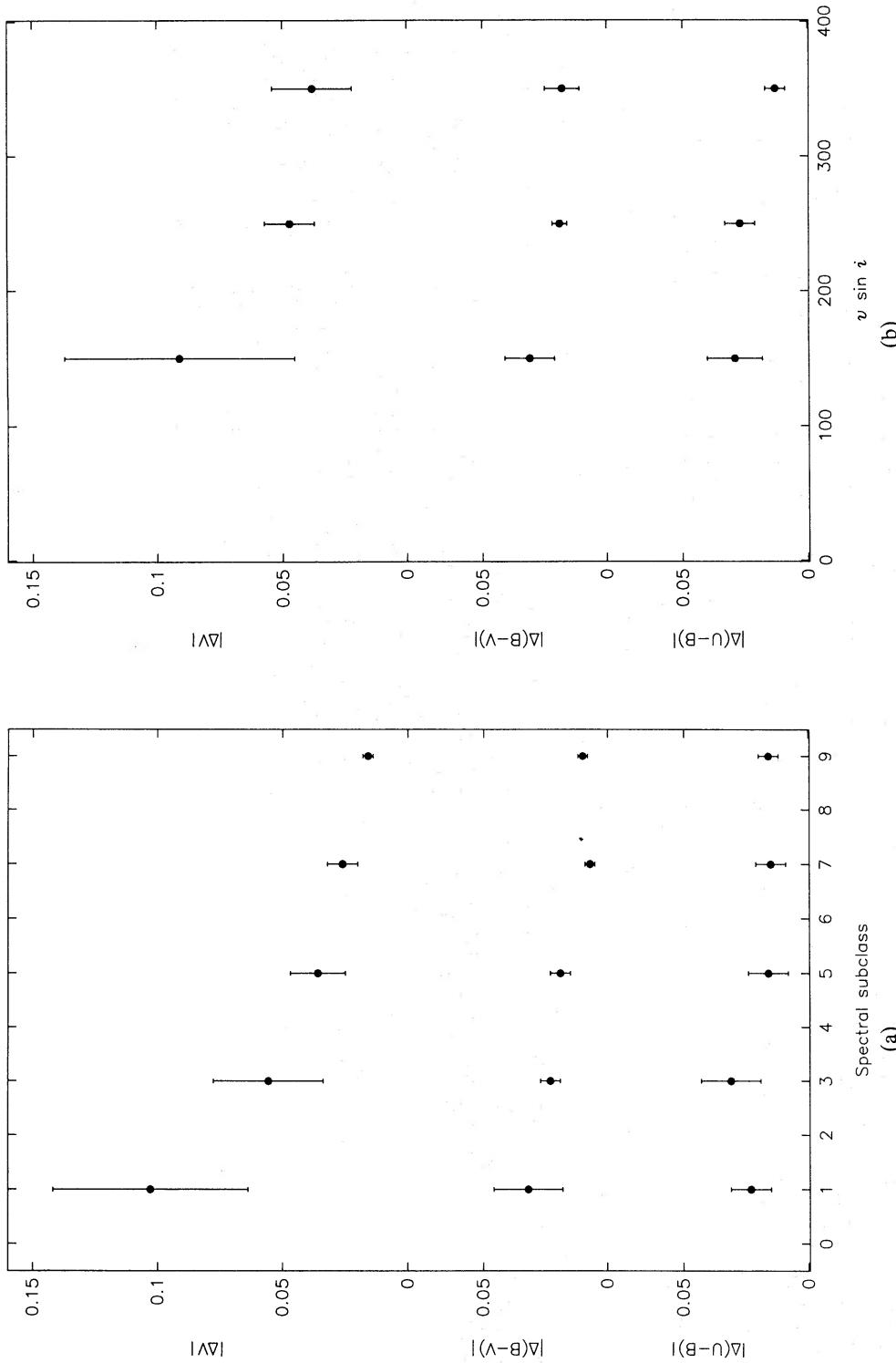


Figure 2. Plots of $|\Delta V|$, $|\Delta(B-V)|$, and $|\Delta(U-B)|$ versus (a) spectral type, and (b) projected rotation velocity, for Be stars. Data have been binned into intervals of two spectral subclasses or 100 km s^{-1} . Spectral types and values of $v \sin i$ are from Hoffleit & Jaschek (1982).

Table 2. Standard deviations in differential magnitudes for Be stars and comparison/check stars. ‘Sp’ refers to spectral subclass. Spectral types and values of $v \sin i$ for Be stars are from Hoffleit & Jaschek (1982).

Be stars.

HR number	Mean V	std B	deviation U	Sp	v $\sin i$	HR number	Mean V	std B	deviation U	Sp	v $\sin i$
472	0.017	0.019	0.024	3.0	251	5440	0.038	0.031	0.041	1.5	333
1772	0.044	0.040	0.056	5.0		5500	0.026	0.023	0.031	2.5	
1956	0.015	0.010	0.016	7.0	176	5551	0.020	0.024	0.034	4.0	199
2170	0.006	0.005	0.006	4.0		5646	0.006	0.005	0.004	9.5	202
2288	0.018	0.020	0.023	1.5	211	5661	0.017	0.017	0.016	0.5	196
2364	0.020	0.025	0.033	4.0		5683	0.006	0.005	0.004	8.0	308
2492	0.013	0.018	0.045	2.0		5730	0.015	0.013	0.021	1.0	
2507	0.004	0.004	0.007	6.0		5907	0.015	0.012	0.021	2.5	349
2538	0.021	0.014	0.022	1.5	199	6172	0.008	0.009	0.006	7.0	
2545	0.026	0.008	0.018	6.0	270	6274	0.016	0.018	0.015	3.0	
2628	0.019	0.020	0.030	2.0		6304	0.055	0.050	0.047	2.0	201
2690	0.022	0.010	0.022	2.0	290	6422	0.019	0.021	0.018	2.0	
2745	0.020	0.010	0.014	3.0	139	6451	0.015	0.018	0.017	2.0	369
2749	0.023	0.021	0.024	2.0	120	6462	0.009	0.012	0.016	1.0	281
2787	0.008	0.012	0.011	2.0	277	HD157832	0.026	0.032	0.040	5.0	400
2790	0.011	0.013	0.012	2.0	124	6510	0.014	0.010	0.009	2.0	298
2819	0.017	0.018	0.016	5.0		6519	0.011	0.008	0.006	9.5	
2855	0.015	0.010	0.016	0.0	244	HD160202	0.009	0.005	0.009	7.0	
2911	0.012	0.009	0.011	3.0	297	6621	0.050	0.048	0.052	4.0	
2968	0.011	0.008	0.007	6.0		6819	0.008	0.009	0.013	3.0	
3034	0.007	0.006	0.011	0.0	368	6929	0.027	0.013	0.009	2.0	
3147	0.006	0.009	0.007	2.0	250	7074	0.008	0.006	0.012	2.0	189
3195	0.012	0.010	0.006	4.0		8386	0.006	0.008	0.007	8.0	
3217	0.006	0.006	0.010	6.0		8408	0.018	0.016	0.015	4.0	300
3237	0.009	0.007	0.005	1.5	156	8540	0.011	0.020	0.010	9.5	245
3330	0.012	0.006	0.009	2.0	158	8628	0.010	0.012	0.002	8.0	290
3356	0.006	0.008	0.013	2.0							
HD72754	0.055	0.062	0.060		50						
3498	0.006	0.009	0.013	3.0	332						
3593	0.019	0.021	0.016		2.5						
3642	0.008	0.005	0.004	2.0	140	520	0.033	0.030	0.018		
3670	0.012	0.018	0.012		9.0	591	0.033	0.030	0.018		
3745	0.016	0.020	0.022		6.0	1766	0.017	0.009	0.012		
3858	0.004	0.005	0.007	6.0	332	1835	0.024	0.010	0.015		
3946	0.004	0.003	0.010	4.0	220	1973	0.020	0.008	0.014		
3971	0.008	0.011	0.021		7.0	2160	0.009	0.009	0.007		
4009	0.018	0.022	0.040	2.0	360	2282	0.009	0.011	0.018		
4018	0.015	0.011	0.019		4.0	2361	0.009	0.011	0.018		
4037	0.006	0.009	0.009	8.0	225	2518	0.004	0.007	0.006		
4074	0.008	0.012	0.021		3.0	HD49850	0.004	0.007	0.006		
4140	0.012	0.011	0.016	4.0	303	2640	0.011	0.006	0.015		
4206	0.009	0.013	0.011		4.0	2733	0.009	0.006	0.011		
4221	0.020	0.017	0.015	8-9	218	2755	0.012	0.006	0.020		
HD94910	0.016	0.014	0.024		2.0	2774	0.007	0.006	0.010		
4460	0.021	0.015	0.017	9.0	159	2827	0.009	0.006	0.006		
4537	0.008	0.009	0.007		3.0	2873	0.007	0.008	0.007		
4618	0.021	0.018	0.019		6.0	2922	0.011	0.008	0.009		
4621	0.021	0.019	0.017		2.0	2937	0.005	0.010	0.006		
4625	0.017	0.015	0.020		3.0	2961	0.005	0.010	0.006		
4696	0.009	0.006	0.011		8.0	2996	0.013	0.005	0.012		
4804	0.004	0.004	0.013		8.0	3081	0.005	0.006	0.011		
4823	0.019	0.019	0.020		6.0	3159	0.005	0.006	0.011		
4830	0.015	0.010	0.010		2.0	3165	0.015	0.010	0.006		
4897	0.017	0.025	0.027	4.0	317	3233	0.011	0.008	0.008		
4899	0.007	0.008	0.007	5.0	201	3241	0.011	0.008	0.007		
4930	0.006	0.011	0.008	1.5		3426	0.007	0.008	0.009		
5193	0.013	0.009	0.020	2.0	175	HD74234	0.012	0.008	0.013		
5223	0.012	0.011	0.013		2.0	3452	0.012	0.008	0.013		
5316	0.007	0.008	0.007	4.0	242	3487	0.007	0.008	0.009		
5327	0.015	0.017	0.012		8.0	3527	0.023	0.016	0.016		

Comparison/check stars.

Table 2—continued

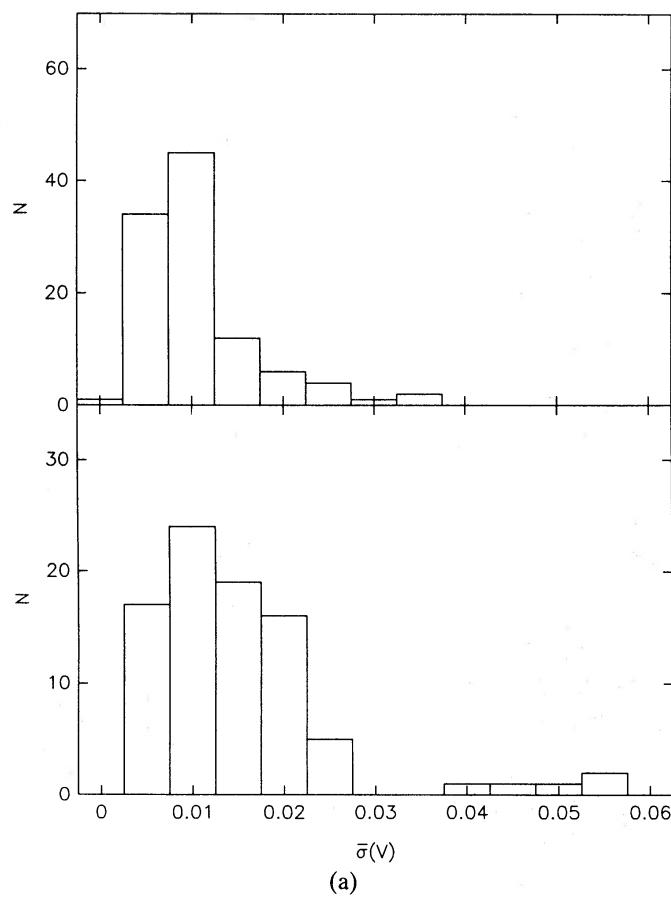
HR number	Mean v	std deviation	Sp	v sin i	HR number	Mean v	std deviation	Sp	v sin i
	B	U				B	U		
3544	0.005	0.005	0.006		5240	0.024	0.025	0.011	
3571	0.005	0.003	0.010		5249	0.007	0.006	0.005	
3574	0.005	0.003	0.010		5292	0.009	0.011	0.008	
3615	0.005	0.005	0.006		5336	0.024	0.025	0.011	
3661	0.020	0.017	0.021		5358	0.009	0.011	0.008	
					5439	0.010	0.016	0.015	
3680	0.017	0.017	0.016		5471	0.010	0.019	0.016	
3710	0.006	0.007	0.009		5482	0.002	0.010	0.008	
3715	0.006	0.011	0.010		5528	0.013	0.021	0.018	
3878	0.005	0.009	0.008		5539	0.017	0.022	0.019	
3931	0.005	0.003	0.005		5559	0.004	0.007	0.006	
					5647	0.004	0.007	0.006	
3962	0.005	0.003	0.005		5684	0.018	0.021	0.020	
4002	0.006	0.008	0.006		5782	0.008	0.013	0.006	
4089	0.006	0.008	0.006		5786	0.008	0.013	0.006	
4173	0.010	0.011	0.018		5885	0.012	0.009	0.012	
4217	0.009	0.011	0.018		5904	0.012	0.009	0.012	
					6182	0.011	0.008	0.010	
4222	0.011	0.014	0.022		6188	0.008	0.013	0.014	
4234	0.012	0.012	0.011		6233	0.011	0.008	0.010	
4239	0.008	0.012	0.018		6320	0.006	0.011	0.016	
4304	0.008	0.008	0.009		6331	0.007	0.009	0.013	
4312	0.012	0.010	0.012		6366	0.008	0.010	0.009	
					6470	0.007	0.009	0.010	
4390	0.030	0.025	0.028		6500	0.006	0.011	0.016	
4549	0.010	0.008	0.009		6508	0.012	0.008	0.007	
4579	0.010	0.005	0.012		6520	0.016	0.015	0.015	
4592	0.009	0.019	0.011		6537	0.008	0.014	0.013	
4599	0.009	0.008	0.009		6549	0.011	0.006	0.021	
					6700	0.016	0.015	0.015	
4620	0.015	0.017	0.016		6743	0.011	0.006	0.021	
4623	0.012	0.004	0.008		7012	0.010	0.011	0.010	
4635	0.016	0.005	0.010		7036	0.010	0.011	0.010	
4638	0.022	0.025	0.026		7039	0.013	0.007	0.007	
HD107422	0.012	0.012	0.012		7121	0.013	0.007	0.007	
					8527	0.019	0.027	0.018	
4729	0.008	0.007	0.010		8547	0.019	0.027	0.018	
4773	0.005	0.007	0.004						
4836	0.012	0.012	0.012						
4848	0.007	0.009	0.011						
4944	0.007	0.009	0.011						
5030	0.005	0.007	0.004						
5157	0.006	0.007	0.007						
5206	0.006	0.006	0.004						

Such variability is associated with the circumstellar envelope. Indeed, Harmanec (1983b) and others have suggested that the long-term photometric variability may also be caused by changes in the circumstellar material, rather than in the star itself.

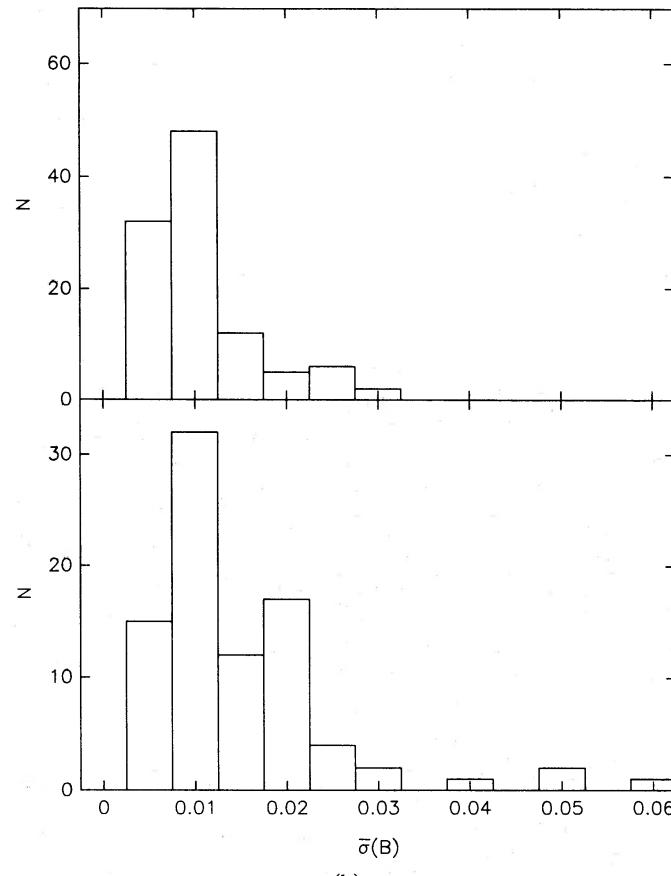
It has also been suggested (e.g. Roxburgh 1970; Bolton 1982; Vogt & Penrod 1983) that there is a link between short-term variability and the presence of emission lines. If short-term variability results in changes in the circumstellar material, one might expect to see long-term photometric variability in the same sorts of stars in which one sees short-term photometric variability. As will be seen in Section 5 the earlier Be stars seem to show greater photometric variability on short time-scales as well.

5 Evidence for short- and intermediate-term variability from differential photometry

Although all sky photometry provides much useful information, a careful analysis for small-amplitude variability requires differential magnitudes and colours. In the present study magnitudes were obtained from *all-sky* photometry, and *differential* magnitudes were derived by taking



(a)



(b)

Figure 3. Histograms of (a) $\bar{\sigma}(V)$, (b) $\bar{\sigma}(B)$, and (c) $\bar{\sigma}(U)$ for comparison/check stars (top) and Be stars (bottom).

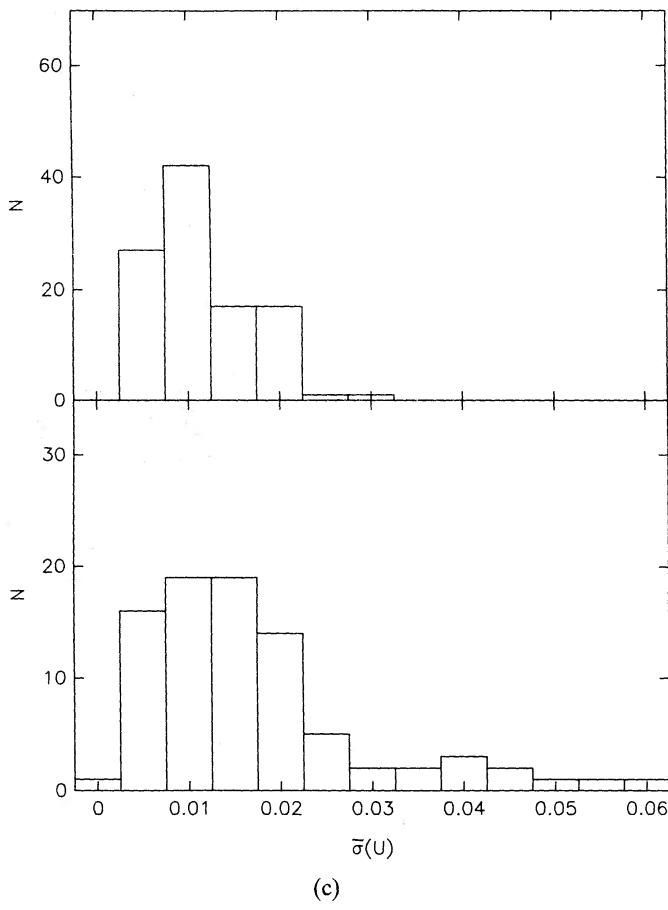


Figure 3—continued

differences between these values. For a Be star, the differential magnitude was obtained of each Be star relative to the comparison and check stars in its group. Then the standard deviations for all sets of these magnitudes were averaged to give a *mean standard deviation*. For a Be star observed more than twice in both 1983 and 1984, the mean of the two years was adopted.

In a similar way mean standard deviations were obtained for comparison and check stars with respect to other comparison and check stars in their group.

These mean standard deviations have been tabulated in Table 2 and recorded in histograms (Fig. 3). For very few of the comparison and check stars was the mean standard deviation greater than 0.01 mag. But about half the Be stars had $\bar{\sigma} > 0.01$ mag, indicating that *about half of all Be stars may exhibit short- and intermediate-term photometric variation at a low level*. To prove significant variability (at the 99 per cent level) in *individual* cases typically requires $\bar{\sigma} > 0.03$ mag, however.

To see whether $\bar{\sigma}$ had any dependence on spectral type or $v \sin i$, regression lines were constructed. Student's *t*-test showed that there was a trend of $\bar{\sigma}(U)$ with spectral type (although only at the 97 per cent significance level). There did not appear to be any clear correlation between $\bar{\sigma}$ and $v \sin i$. The *t*-test also showed that there was a significant difference (at the 99 per cent level) between the mean value of $\bar{\sigma}(U)$ calculated for early B stars (B0 to B5) and late B stars (B6 to B9). And $\bar{\sigma}(B)$ and $\bar{\sigma}(V)$ also appeared to be larger for stars of earlier spectral type (although the difference was again only significant at the 97 per cent level). The data, binned into intervals of two spectral subclasses or 100 km s^{-1} , have been plotted against spectral class and $v \sin i$ in Fig. 4.

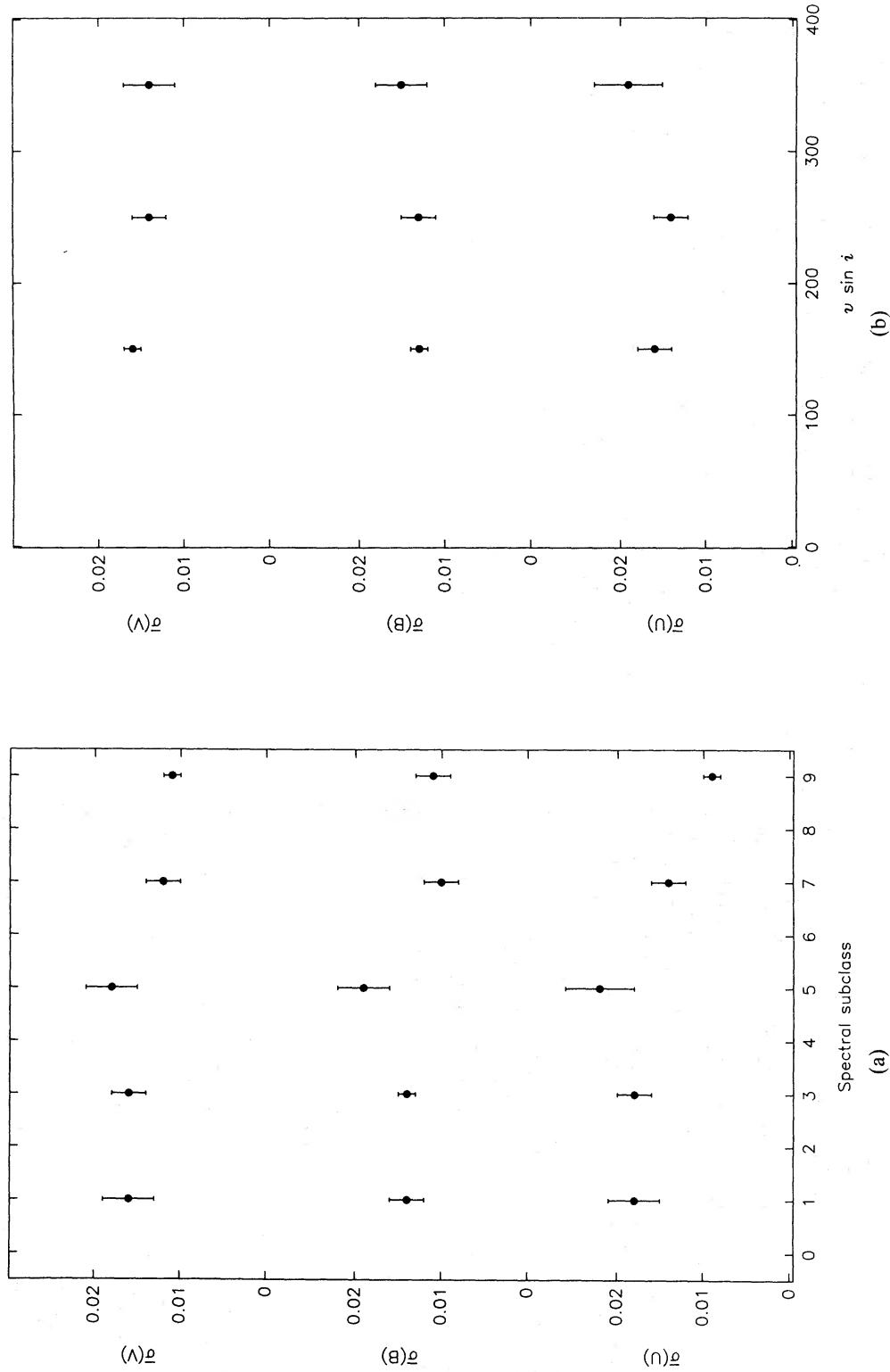


Figure 4. Plots of $\bar{\sigma}(V)$, $\bar{\sigma}(B)$, and $\bar{\sigma}(U)$ versus (a) spectral type, and (b) projected rotation velocity, for Be stars. Data have been binned into intervals of two spectral subclasses or 100 km s^{-1} . Spectral types and values of $v \sin i$ are from Hoffleit & Jaschek (1982).

It should also be noted that the four suspected short-term variables identified in Section 6 are all of spectral type B4 or earlier. These are important results because B stars in which non-radial pulsation is known to occur (the β Cephei and 53 Per stars) are of early B spectral type (e.g. Lesh 1982; Smith 1980), whilst B stars in which rotational modulation of the brightness occurs (the Bp stars) are of late B spectral type (e.g. Preston 1974; Baschek 1975). None the less, rotational modulation of brightness is also observed to occur in stars such as the helium strong stars (e.g. Bolton 1983), which tend to be of earlier spectral type. The greater variability at earlier spectral type is therefore consistent with both rotational and pulsational models.

6 Identification of individual short- and intermediate-term variables

In order to identify individual short- and intermediate-term variables amongst the Be stars it was first necessary to test each comparison or check star for constancy. To do this, each star was selected in turn as a *test* star, and the other comparison and check stars in its group were considered as *reference* stars. (If only one reference star was available, a red standard was used as a second reference.) The differential magnitude of the test star relative to the i th reference star could be represented by m_{0i} , and its variance by $\sigma^2(m_{0i})$. The value of $\sigma^2(m_{0i})$ could then be compared with the value σ_c^2 which one would expect for a test star with no intrinsic variation. Since the standard deviations in the differential magnitudes of comparison and check stars vary widely from group to group, σ_c^2 was calculated for each group, from the reference stars themselves. The differential magnitude of the j th reference star relative to the i th reference star has mean value m_{ji} and variance $\sigma^2(m_{ji})$. The value of σ_c^2 may be obtained by combining the values of $\sigma^2(m_{ji})$ over all ($M-1$) remaining reference stars into a *pooled variance*:

$$\sigma_c^2 = \sum_{j=1, j \neq i}^M \sigma^2(m_{ji}) / (M-1).$$

Fisher's F -test was used to compare $\sigma^2(m_{0i})$ and σ_c^2 . If the average value of $(1-p)$ over all reference stars was greater than 99 per cent in any of U , B , or V , the test star was then considered to be a 'suspected variable', and was investigated further. (Stars with a large range in their magnitudes were also investigated further.) A few of the comparison and check stars could not be tested, either because of too few observations or (in the case of HR 520, 591, and 8478), a lack of suitably measured reference stars. (The method was used only where at least three observations had been made of the test and reference stars.)

The next step was to test each red standard for constancy, using the comparison and check stars as references, together with the other red standard in each group, if there was one. And finally, the Be stars were tested for variability, using the comparison and check stars in each group as references. Because of a lack of other suitable reference stars, the Be star HR 8386 was used as a reference star in two cases. This procedure could be justified on the basis of the small standard deviation in the differential magnitudes for HR 8386–8478 (0.006 mag in V , 0.008 mag in B , 0.007 mag in U).

For each suspected variable, differential magnitudes were obtained relative to two or more reference stars. The values listed in Table 3(a) are averages of these differential magnitudes. The *approximate errors* recorded in this table were taken to be the average of the standard deviations in the differential magnitudes of all pairs of reference stars. The data on suspected variable stars have been summarized in Table 3(b). As noted in the next section, none of the 'suspected variable' comparison or check stars appears in fact to be a short- or intermediate-term variable star. The two red standards identified as 'possible variables' are also unlikely to be undergoing intrinsic variability.

Table 3. (a) Magnitudes of suspected variables. For each set of entries, the first star listed is the suspected variable, and the stars in parentheses are the comparison stars. Differential magnitudes were obtained relative to the comparison stars and then averaged to give the results in the table. An asterisk denotes 1984 observations.

Comparison/check stars.

HR 4638 - (HR 4390, HR 4620)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5427.590	-0.658	-0.729	-1.004
5428.675	-0.733	-0.803	-1.081
5428.808	-0.664	-0.736	-1.005
5429.575	-0.661	-0.735	-1.014

approx error 0.016 0.010 0.013

*HR 4638 - (HR 4620, HR 4592)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5756.702	-1.795	-1.947	-2.497
5756.755	-1.807	-1.962	-2.502
5757.547	-1.793	-1.924	-2.464
5757.586	-1.805	-1.923	-2.490
5757.629	-1.797	-1.942	-2.491
5757.662	-1.801	-1.948	-2.497

approx error 0.009 0.015 0.006

HR 5539 - (HR 5684, HR 5632)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5429.646	-0.194	-0.522	-0.897
5431.638	-0.253	-0.562	-0.930
5433.685	-0.193	-0.506	-0.875
5433.785	-0.191	-0.510	-0.868

approx error 0.008 0.013 0.007

*HR 5539 - (HR 5684, HR 5482)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5756.720	0.268	0.117	-0.216
5756.770	0.269	0.107	-0.203
5757.701	0.264	0.106	-0.217
5757.736	0.266	0.090	-0.210

approx error 0.003 0.008 0.010

Red standard stars.

HR 2794 - (HR 2827, HR 2873, HR 2922, HR 2881)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5423.672	2.173	3.613	5.837
5429.637	2.183	3.622	5.828
5430.634	2.225	3.710	5.837
5434.544	2.169	3.621	5.806

approx error 0.010 0.008 0.008

HR 5824 - (HR 5885, HR 5904)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5425.806	0.338	1.726	3.931
5425.878	0.403	1.777	3.939
5426.712	0.328	1.717	3.913
5426.790	0.341	1.727	3.934

approx error 0.012 0.009 0.012

*HR 5824 - (HR 5806, HR 5856)			
JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5756.739	-1.179	-0.553	0.497
5756.788	-1.194	-0.554	0.468
5757.718	-1.183	-0.548	0.499
5757.751	-1.184	-0.550	0.499

approx error 0.004 0.007 0.013

HR 6587 - (HR 6508, HR 6366,
HR 6470)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5433.837	1.475	3.189	5.386
5434.732	1.490	3.208	5.414
5434.855	1.481	3.181	5.364
5435.733	1.490	3.207	5.433

approx error 0.010 0.006 0.008

*HR 6587 - (HR 6366, HR 6470)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5955.098	0.390	1.975	3.976
5955.141	0.380	1.983	3.966
5956.033	0.401	1.988	3.985
5956.072	0.391	1.996	4.025
5964.036	0.393	1.973	3.948
5964.070	0.389	1.987	3.941
5964.124	0.370	1.988	3.977

approx error 0.006 0.013 0.010

Be stars.

HR 1772 - (HR 1766, HR 1973)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5419.509	0.212	-0.101	-0.848
5420.515	0.208	-0.107	-0.853
5420.616	0.227	-0.084	-0.818
5424.613	0.291	-0.024	-0.734

approx error 0.012 0.007 0.010

HR 2628 - (HR 2733, HR 2774)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5419.565	0.102	0.105	-0.007
5420.537	0.109	0.113	0.015
5420.665	0.113	0.122	0.023
5424.629	0.144	0.151	0.058

approx error 0.010 0.005 0.007

HR 2749 - (HR 2733, HR 2774)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5419.585	-2.465	-2.457	-2.457
5420.548	-2.467	-2.455	-2.459
5420.685	-2.449	-2.435	-2.439
5424.648	-2.503	-2.492	-2.495

approx error 0.010 0.005 0.007

*HR 2749 (see Table 4)

*HD72754 - (HD74234, HR 3452)

JD 2 440 000+ V	B	U	
5749.765	0.952	1.148	0.756
5749.831	0.948	1.159	0.760
5750.766	0.941	1.124	0.743
5750.840	0.925	1.127	0.746
5755.770	1.062	1.273	0.884

approx error 0.012 0.008 0.013

Table 3 (a) - continued

HR 4221 - (HR 4222, HR 4173, HR 4239, HR 4217)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5427.574	-0.109	-0.040	0.270	
5428.902	-0.126	-0.035	0.203	
5429.563	-0.039	0.019	0.262	
5429.815	-0.098	-0.006	0.268	
5430.565	-0.114	-0.034	0.237	
approx error	0.010	0.014	0.022	

*HR 4221 - (HR 4173, HR 4239)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5756.553	-0.640	-0.630	-0.644	
5756.586	-0.628	-0.628	-0.635	
5756.616	-0.631	-0.623	-0.644	
5756.646	-0.641	-0.632	-0.644	
5757.531	-0.640	-0.634	-0.639	
5757.563	-0.633	-0.627	-0.625	
5757.612	-0.643	-0.635	-0.634	
5757.645	-0.643	-0.645	-0.649	
approx error	0.007	0.009	0.011	

*HR 5193 - (HR 5249, HR 5206, HR 5157)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5750.710	-1.769	-1.831	-2.024	
5750.781	-1.743	-1.831	-2.029	
5752.732	-1.739	-1.812	-1.987	
5752.797	-1.746	-1.826	-1.995	
5755.709	-1.742	-1.821	-1.990	
approx error	0.006	0.006	0.005	

HR 5440 - (HR 5471, HR 5528)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5423.800	-1.731	-1.805	-2.004	
5424.741	-1.656	-1.731	-1.911	
5425.723	-1.752	-1.791	-2.003	
approx error	0.011	0.025	0.019	

*HR 5440 - (HR 5471, HR 5528, HR 5439)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5746.719	-2.231	-2.363	-2.593	
5747.713	-2.257	-2.399	-2.655	
5749.711	-2.247	-2.377	-2.615	
5749.779	-2.199	-2.344	-2.587	
5754.818	-2.212	-2.372	-2.613	
approx error	0.011	0.015	0.015	

HR 6304 - (HR 6320, HR 6500)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5420.876	1.575	1.598	1.086	
5434.677	1.535	1.575	1.083	
5434.808	1.525	1.551	1.059	
5435.743	1.457	1.489	1.002	
5435.833	1.444	1.489	0.987	
approx error	0.006	0.011	0.016	

HR 6422 - (HR 6508, HR 6366, HR 6470)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5433.817	1.389	1.550	1.363	
5434.714	1.449	1.602	1.415	
5434.835	1.412	1.556	1.384	
5435.715	1.452	1.603	1.416	
approx error	0.010	0.006	0.008	

*HR 6422 - (HR 6470, HR 6366)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5955.078	0.344	0.333	-0.124	
5955.129	0.330	0.340	-0.132	
5956.019	0.339	0.340	-0.134	
5956.060	0.338	0.334	-0.145	
5964.024	0.337	0.316	-0.138	
5964.057	0.346	0.335	-0.126	
5964.108	0.344	0.352	-0.117	
approx error	0.006	0.013	0.010	

HD157832- (HR 6537, HR 6188, HR 6331)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5427.705	1.182	1.217	0.668	
5428.744	1.162	1.200	0.643	
5429.758	1.120	1.144	0.580	
5429.881	1.148	1.174	0.601	
approx error	0.007	0.012	0.013	

HR 6621 - (HR 6700, HR 6520)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5433.761	0.950	1.136	0.920	
5433.883	1.011	1.193	0.976	
5434.747	0.876	1.067	0.829	
5434.872	0.904	1.092	0.862	
approx error	0.014	0.009	0.009	

*HR 6621 - (HR 6700, HR 6520)				
JD 2 440 000+	V	B	U	
5955.104	0.869	1.063	0.838	
5956.040	0.961	1.142	0.913	
5956.102	0.949	1.132	0.912	
5964.042	0.939	1.121	0.888	
5964.092	0.878	1.052	0.834	
5964.128	0.903	1.074	0.852	
approx error	0.017	0.020	0.021	

Of the Be stars studied, 10 show significant variability at the 99 per cent level. In most cases the time-scale of variability appears to be longer than the time-span of the observations. In only three stars (HR 6422, 6621, and 2749) is there an indication of short-term variability. (For HR 6422 and 6621, although the 1983 observations indicate variability on a time-scale of a day or less, this could not be confirmed in 1984.) In addition, the star HR 5440 shows significant variability at only the

Table 3. (b) Summary of information on possible variables. An asterisk denotes a 1984 observation. Spectral types and values of $v \sin i$ are from Hoffleit & Jaschek (1982).

NAME	NO OF OBS'NS	TIME- SPAN	APPROX RANGE			APPROX ERROR			SP TYPE	v $\sin i$
			V	B	U	V	B	U		
<u>Comparison/check stars.</u>										
HR 4638	4	2d	0.08	0.07	0.08	0.016	0.010	0.013	B3V	
*HR 4638	6	1.0d	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.009	0.022	0.016		
HR 5539	4	4d	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.008	0.013	0.007	B3Vn	
*HR 5539	4	1.0d	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.005	0.008	0.010		
<u>Red standard stars.</u>										
HR 2794	4	11d	0.06	0.10	0.03	0.010	0.008	0.008	K2-3III	
HR 5824	4	1.0d	0.08	0.06	0.03	0.012	0.009	0.012	K3IIICN	
*HR 5824	4	1.0d	0.02	0.01	0.03	0.005	0.007	0.013		
HR 6587	4	2d	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.010	0.006	0.008	M1III	
*HR 6587	7	3d	0.02	0.02	0.08	0.006	0.013	0.010		
<u>Be stars.</u>										
HR 1772	4	5d	0.08	0.08	0.12	0.012	0.007	0.010	B5IVnpe	
HR 2628	4	5d	0.04	0.05	0.07	0.010	0.005	0.007	B2IV-Vne	
HR 2749	4	5d	0.05	0.06	0.06	0.010	0.005	0.007	B2IV-Ve	120
*HR 2749	35	7d	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.005	0.006	0.007		
*HD72754	5	6d	0.12	0.15	0.14	0.012	0.008	0.013	Be	50
HR 4221	5	3d	0.09	0.06	0.07	0.010	0.014	0.022	B8-9IIIE	218
*HR 4221	8	1.1d	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.007	0.009	0.011		
*HR 5193	4	2d	0.03	0.02	0.04	0.006	0.006	0.005	B2IV-Ve	175
HR 5440	3	2d	0.10	0.07	0.09	0.011	0.025	0.019	B1.5Vne	333
*HR 5440	5	8d	0.06	0.06	0.07	0.011	0.015	0.015		
HR 6304	4	1.2d	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.006	0.011	0.016	B2IVnne	201
HR 6422	4	2d	0.06	0.06	0.05	0.010	0.006	0.008	B2Vne	
*HR 6422	7	3d	0.02	0.04	0.03	0.006	0.013	0.010		
HD157832	4	2d	0.06	0.07	0.09	0.007	0.012	0.013	B5Vnne	400
HR 6621	4	1.1d	0.14	0.13	0.15	0.014	0.009	0.009	B4IVe	
*HR 6621	6	3d	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.017	0.021	0.020		

95 per cent level in both the 1983 and 1984 observations, but it has a large range. Since the 1984 observations indicate short-term variability, this star should also be regarded as a possible short-term variable.

7 Comments on suspected short- or intermediate-term variables

7.1 COMPARISON AND CHECK STARS

HR 4638 (1983): the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. The large range is attributable to a single, possibly bad, set of observations. However, the variation, if real, represents an increase in magnitude of 0.07 mag in *B* and *V*, 0.08 mag in *U* over 3.2 hr, followed by a decrease over a day or less.

HR 4638 (1984): there is no significant variation at the 95 per cent level.

HR 5539 (1983): the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. The large range is attributable to a single, possibly bad, set of observations. However, the variation, if real, represents an increase in magnitude of 0.06 mag in *U*, *B*, and *V* over two days, followed by a decrease over two days or less.

HR 5539 (1984): there is no significant variation at the 95 per cent level.

7.2 RED STANDARDS

HR 2794: the star is probably not variable. A single discrepant set of observations was made just before widespread cirrus was noted in the sky.

HR 5824 (1983): the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. The large range is attributable to a single, possibly bad, set of observations. However, the variation, if real, represents an increase in magnitude of 0.06 mag in *V*, 0.05 mag in *B*, 0.01 mag in *U* over 1.7 hr, followed by a decrease over a day or less.

HR 5824 (1984): there is no significant variation at the 95 per cent level.

HR 6587: the star is probably not variable. Fluctuations in the *U*-band are almost certainly a result of low count rates rather than intrinsic variability.

7.3 BE STARS

HR 1772 and *HR 2628*: a steady increase in magnitude is observed.

HR 2749 (1983): there is a steady decrease in magnitude over six nights of 0.04 mag in *U*, *B*, and *V*. There is also a possible increase in magnitude over 3 hr of 0.02 mag in *U*, *B*, and *V*.

HR 2749 (1984): see Section 8.

HD 72754: [this star is not in fact a classical Be star, but rather a peculiar interacting binary extensively studied by Thackeray (1971)]. A decrease in magnitude is followed by an increase.

HR 4221 (1983): an increase in magnitude is followed by a decrease.

HR 4221 (1984): no significant variation at the 95 per cent level is observed.

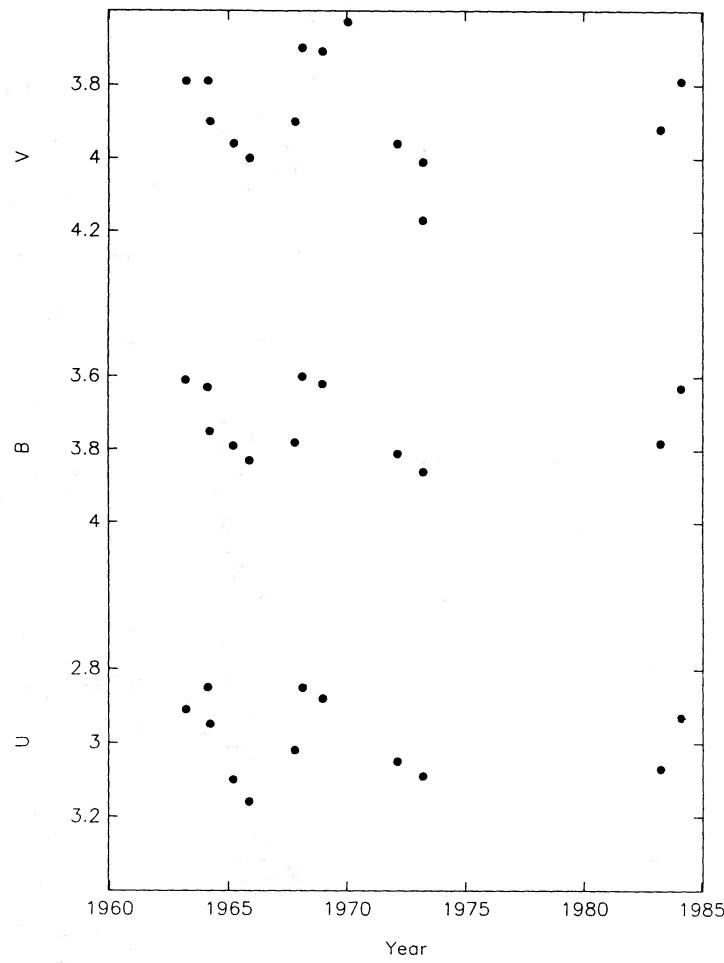


Figure 5. Long-term variations in the mean magnitude of 28ω CMa. Data are from Feinstein (1968, 1975), van Hoof (1975), and this work.

HR 5193: there is an increase in magnitude over three nights. A fifth observation of HR 5193 made three nights later does not reveal any further increase in magnitude. The total range over five days is 0.03 mag in *V*, 0.02 mag in *B*, 0.04 mag in *U*.

HR 5440 (1983): despite the large range, the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. An apparent decrease in magnitude is followed by an increase.

HR 5440 (1984): despite the large range, the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. An apparent increase in magnitude is followed by a decrease. The range over 1.7 hr is 0.05 mag in *V*, 0.03 mag in *B* and *U*. One observation five days later shows a slight increase in magnitude.

HR 6304: a steady decrease in magnitude is observed. A fifth observation of HR 6304 was made about two weeks earlier, and confirms the steady decrease in magnitude. The total range over 15 days is 0.13 mag in *V*, 0.11 mag in *B*, 0.10 mag in *U*.

HR 6422 (1983): there is variation on a time-scale of a day or less. The decrease in magnitude over 3 hr is 0.04 mag in *V*, 0.05 mag in *B*, 0.10 mag in *U*.

HR 6422 (1984): no significant variation at the 95 per cent level is observed.

HD 157832: a decrease in magnitude is followed by an increase.

HR 6621 (1983): there is an increase in magnitude over 3 hr during the first night of 0.06 mag in *U*, *B*, and *V*. The increase over the same time interval during the second night is 0.03 mag in *U*, *B*,

Table 4. *UBV* photometry of 28 ω CMa, HR 2733, and 2774. Dates are heliocentric Julian dates.

28 CMa - HR 2733				HR 2733 - HR 2774			
JD	2445 000+	V	B	JD	2445 000+	V	B
749.5391	-2.582	-2.557	-2.429	749.5452	-0.065	-0.115	-0.330
749.5764	-2.590	-2.563	-2.451	749.5806	-0.078	-0.126	-0.318
749.6137	-2.595	-2.570	-2.446	749.6167	-0.057	-0.104	-0.325
749.6421	-2.583	-2.582	-2.443	749.6452	-0.079	-0.113	-0.327
749.6742	-2.580	-2.565	-2.435	749.6771	-0.075	-0.107	-0.337
750.5342	-2.578	-2.561	-2.449	750.5403	-0.081	-0.109	-0.326
750.5725	-2.580	-2.552	-2.443	750.5763	-0.075	-0.119	-0.328
750.6162	-2.564	-2.548	-2.435	750.6196	-0.068	-0.105	-0.315
750.6507	-2.578	-2.546	-2.441	750.6539	-0.070	-0.113	-0.333
750.6850	-2.580	-2.549	-2.436	750.6878	-0.066	-0.097	-0.315
752.5390	-2.574	-2.553	-2.424	752.5451	-0.070	-0.106	-0.333
752.5870	-2.570	-2.552	-2.444	752.5904	-0.067	-0.108	-0.333
752.6144	-2.580	-2.565	-2.434	752.6206	-0.073	-0.109	-0.332
752.6487	-2.594	-2.563	-2.437	752.6522	-0.074	-0.106	-0.333
752.6731	-2.582	-2.561	-2.432	752.6763	-0.072	-0.108	-0.334
753.5326	-2.584	-2.561	-2.441	753.5356	-0.067	-0.102	-0.330
753.5616	-2.594	-2.569	-2.452	753.5650	-0.072	-0.105	-0.337
753.5924	-2.591	-2.578	-2.460	753.5957	-0.073	-0.108	-0.331
753.6229	-2.591	-2.574	-2.460	753.6262	-0.072	-0.107	-0.321
753.6487	-2.596	-2.580	-2.481	753.6517	-0.065	-0.097	-0.328
754.5317	-2.538	-2.513	-2.391	754.5354	-0.075	-0.115	-0.331
754.6004	-2.539	-2.512	-2.402	754.6036	-0.072	-0.114	-0.326
754.6320	-2.544	-2.530	-2.398	754.6349	-0.074	-0.114	-0.334
754.6595	-2.545	-2.530	-2.408	754.6625	-0.068	-0.101	-0.316
754.6880	-2.548	-2.530	-2.400	754.6909	-0.071	-0.097	-0.335
755.5291	-2.556	-2.524	-2.407	755.5330	-0.066	-0.105	-0.339
755.5736	-2.560	-2.540	-2.432	755.5771	-0.071	-0.099	-0.326
755.6055	-2.561	-2.537	-2.432	755.6086	-0.069	-0.098	-0.318
755.6387	-2.547	-2.539	-2.420	755.6421	-0.077	-0.107	-0.316
755.6688	-2.563	-2.545	-2.428	755.6718	-0.070	-0.105	-0.321
756.5340	-2.559	-2.542	-2.406	756.5374	-0.071	-0.100	-0.330
756.5715	-2.555	-2.543	-2.423	756.5749	-0.078	-0.112	-0.326
756.6041	-2.553	-2.549	-2.431	756.6071	-0.073	-0.104	-0.327
756.6338	-2.552	-2.550	-2.421	756.6366	-0.068	-0.108	-0.332
756.6633	-2.571	-2.556	-2.427	756.6663	-0.074	-0.106	-0.330

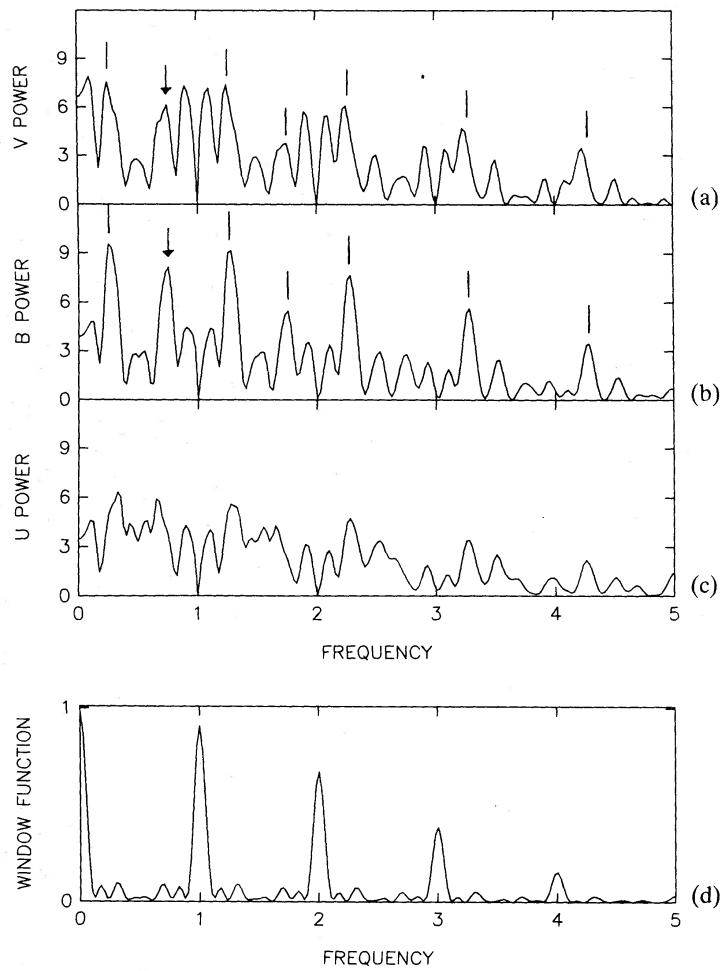


Figure 6. Power spectra for 28ω CMa photometric data. The power level for detection of a signal at the 99 per cent confidence level was determined by numerical experiments to be 8.1. Peaks corresponding to the spectroscopic period are marked by arrows, and peaks corresponding to aliases by straight lines. (a). V power, (b) B power, (c) U power, (d) window function.

and V . The mean magnitude on the second night is less by 0.09 mag in V , 0.08 mag in B , 0.10 mag in U .

HR 6621 (1984): the variation is significant only at the 95 per cent level. There is a decrease in magnitude over the first two nights. The total range over 1.0 day is 0.08 mag in V , 0.07 mag in B and U . A sharp increase in magnitude over 1.2 hr during the last night of 0.06 mag in V , 0.07 mag in B , 0.05 mag in U , is followed by a decrease.

8 Photometric observations of the Be star 28ω Canis Majoris

In 1982, Baade (1982a, c) observed line-profile and radial velocity variations with a period of 1.36673 day in the Be star HR 2749 (28ω CMa). He also detected small-amplitude photometric variations with a probable period of 0.435 day and b amplitude of 0.006 mag (Baade 1982b). No variations at the spectroscopic period were detected. Both the spectroscopic and photometric variations were interpreted in terms of a non-radial pulsator model (Baade 1982a, b).

From the 1983 observations, 28ω CMa had been identified as a ‘possible variable’ (Table 3), and it was decided to make more detailed observations. In 1984, a series of 35 V , B , and U

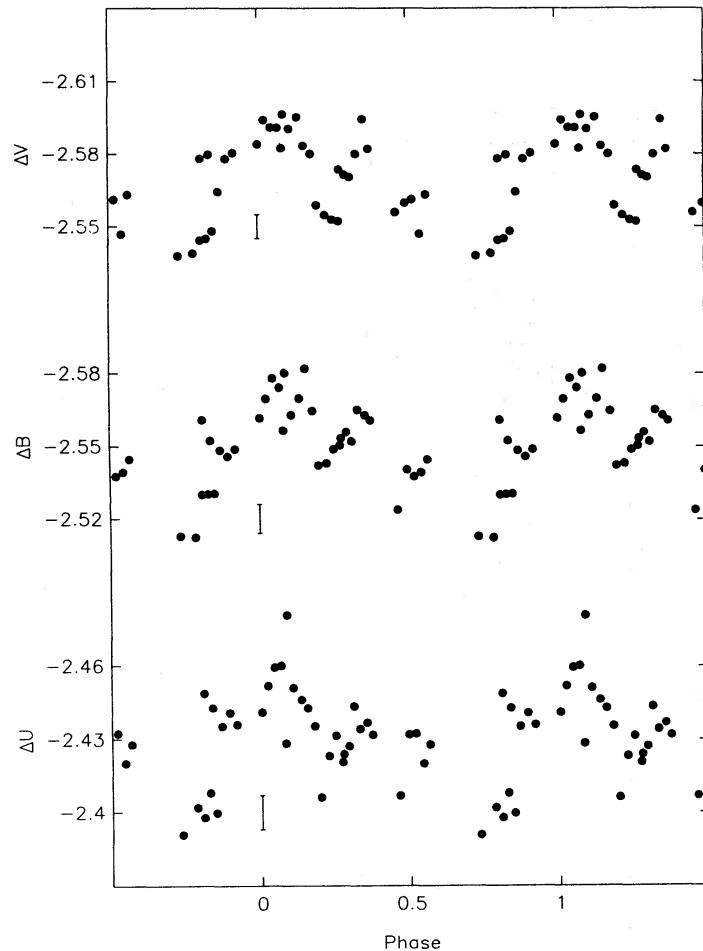


Figure 7. V , B , and U magnitudes of 28ω CMa, plotted for a period of 1.36673 day. Error bars indicate the standard deviations in comparison minus check star magnitudes. Phase 0.5 corresponds to JD 2445 500.

measurements was made over seven nights. The observed magnitudes for 28ω CMa minus HR 2733 are recorded in Table 4. The data for the comparison star (HR 2733) minus the check star (HR 2774) have also been recorded.

Power spectra were then obtained by the method of Scargle (1982). Numerical simulations were performed following Horne & Baliunas (1986) to determine the power level for 99 per cent significance. The V and B power spectra (Fig. 6) both show a series of peaks at 0.73 cycles day $^{-1}$ and its aliases, but only the peaks at frequencies of 0.73, 0.27, and 1.27 cycles day $^{-1}$ in the B power spectrum were found to be statistically significant. These correspond to the spectroscopic period of 1.37 day, and periods of 3.73 and 0.79 day, respectively. In his analysis of the B data using the method of Stellingwerf (1978), Harmanec (1985, private communication) finds a broad minimum in the θ statistic, again near the spectroscopic period. Since there is an *a priori* reason for preferring the spectroscopic period, and the 0.79 and 3.73 day periods give only a slightly better fit to the data (at the 73 and 66 per cent level, respectively), the light and colour curves have been plotted with the 1.36673 day spectroscopic period in Fig. 7.

There is also a series of peaks in the V power spectrum at frequencies of 0.11 cycles day $^{-1}$ and its aliases. The presence of peaks in the low-frequency end of the power spectrum may be evidence for irregular light variations, probably due to the circumstellar envelope.

9 Conclusions

From all sky photometry it was clear that there were much larger differences between Stagg and Johnson magnitudes and colours for the bright southern Be stars than there were for the comparison and check stars. Whilst some of this variability was undoubtedly due to the influence of short-term, small-amplitude variability, the large number of differences of over 0.02 mag were difficult to explain in this way. Indeed, the data supported earlier conclusions by Feinstein (1968, 1970, 1975) and Ferrer & Jaschek (1971), that long-term photometric variability on a time-scale of years to decades was occurring in at least half of the Be stars. This variability appeared to be greater for stars of earlier spectral type. Of six Be stars measured more than twice in both 1983 and 1984, three, all of early B spectral type, changed by more than 0.03 mag in observed V-magnitude.

The differential magnitudes of Be stars (relative to comparison and check stars), were compared with the differential magnitudes of comparison and check stars (relative to other comparison and check stars). The excessive number of Be stars with a mean standard deviation in the differential magnitudes of over 0.01 mag indicates that about half of the Be stars may be undergoing short- or intermediate-term variability. There is no clear correlation between this variability and $v \sin i$, but there does appear to be greater variability for stars of earlier spectral type. This greater variability is consistent with both magnetic oblique rotator and non-radial pulsator models.

Eleven stars were identified as possible short- or intermediate-term variables. The four of these that appeared to exhibit short-term variability were all of spectral type B4 or earlier. More intensive observations were made of the Be star 28 ω CMa. The observations were consistent with the previously observed spectroscopic period of 1.37 day.

Acknowledgments

The author expresses his appreciation to Professors J. R. Percy and C. T. Bolton, Dr P. Harmanec, Professor J. M. Marlborough, and Dr L. A. Balona for helpful advice and discussions. He also thanks Mr I. Shelton and Mr R. Slawson for their assistance with observing; Mr A. Fullerton for making available a computer program, and the staff of Mt Wilson and Las Campanas Observatories for their kindness and assistance. He acknowledges the support of the Reinhardt Bequest for travel funds, and, together with the Mary H. Beattie Bequest and the University of Toronto, for fellowship support. The University of Toronto Southern Observatory is supported by grants from the Natural Sciences and Engineering Research Council of Canada.

References

- Baade, D., 1982a. *Astr. Astrophys.*, **105**, 65.
- Baade, D., 1982b. *Astr. Astrophys.*, **110**, L15.
- Baade, D., 1982c. *Be Stars*, p. 167, eds Jaschek, M. & Groth, H.-G., Reidel, Dordrecht, Holland.
- Baade, D., 1984a. *Astr. Astrophys.*, **134**, 105.
- Baade, D., 1984b. *Astr. Astrophys.*, **135**, 101.
- Balona, L. A. & Engelbrecht, C. A., 1985a. Preprint.
- Balona, L. A. & Engelbrecht, C. A., 1985b. Preprint.
- Baschek, B., 1975. *Problems in Stellar Atmospheres and Envelopes*, p. 101, eds Baschek, B., Kegel, W. H. & Traving, G., Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
- Bolton, C. T., 1982. *Be Stars*, p. 181, eds Jaschek, M. & Groth, H.-G., Reidel, Dordrecht, Holland.
- Bolton, C. T., 1983. *Hvar Obs. Bull.*, **7**, 345.
- Cousins, A. W. J., 1970. *Mon. Not. astr. Soc. Sth Afr.*, **29**, 91.
- Cousins, A. W. J., 1972a. *Mon. Not. astr. Soc. Sth Afr.*, **32**, 43.

- Cousins, A. W. J., 1972b. *Mon. Not. astr. Soc. Sth Afr.*, **32**, 117.
- Cousins, A. W. J. & Stoy, R. H., 1963. *Royal Obs. Bull.*, **64**, E101.
- Cousins, A. W. J. & Stoy, R. H., 1970. *Mon. Not. astr. Soc. Sth Afr.*, **29**, 88.
- Feinstein, A., 1968. *Z. Astrophys.*, **68**, 29.
- Feinstein, A., 1970. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **82**, 132.
- Feinstein, A., 1975. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **87**, 603.
- Fernie, J. D., 1976. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **88**, 969.
- Ferrer, L. & Jaschek, C., 1971. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **83**, 346.
- Harmanec, P., 1980. *Be Star Newsletter*, **1**, 2.
- Harmanec, P., 1983b. *Hvar Obs. Bull.*, **7**, 55.
- Harmanec, P., 1984b. *Inf. Bull. Var. Stars*, No. 2506.
- Harmanec, P., Horn, J. & Koubsky, P., 1980b. *Be Star Newsletter*, **2**, 3.
- Harmanec, P., Horn, J. & Koubsky, P., 1982, *Be Stars*, p. 269, eds Jaschek, M. & Groth, H.-G., Reidel, Dordrecht, Holland.
- Harmanec, P., Horn, J., Koubsky, P., Zdarsky, F., Kriz, S. & Pavlovski, K., 1980a. *Bull. astr. Inst. Czech.*, **31**, 144.
- Harris, W. E., Fitzgerald, M. P. & Reed, B. C., 1981. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **93**, 507.
- Hill, G., 1967. *Astrophys. J. Suppl.*, **14**, 301.
- Hoffleit, D. & Jaschek, M., 1982. *Bright Star Catalogue*, Yale University Observatory.
- Horne, J. H. & Baliunas, S. L., 1986. *Astrophys. J.*, **302**, 757.
- Hubert-Delplace, A.-M., Jaschek, M., Hubert, H. & Chambon, M. T., 1982. *Be Stars*, p. 125, eds Jaschek, M. & Groth, H.-G., Reidel, Dordrecht, Holland.
- Jaschek, M., Hubert-Delplace, A. M. & Jaschek, C., 1980. *Astr. Astrophys. Suppl.*, **42**, 103.
- Johnson, H. L., Mitchell, R. I., Iriarte, B. & Wisniewski, W. Z., 1966. *Comm. Lunar Planet. Lab.*, **4**, 99.
- Lesh, J. R., 1982. *B Stars With and Without Emission Lines*, p. 147, eds Underhill, A. & Doazan, V., CNRS, Paris & NASA, Washington.
- Lynds, C. R., 1959a. *Astrophys. J.*, **130**, 577.
- Lynds, C. R., 1959b. *Astrophys. J.*, **130**, 603.
- Lynds, C. R., 1960. *Astrophys. J.*, **131**, 390.
- Menzies, J. W. & Laing, J. D., 1980. *South Afr. astr. Obs. Circ.*, **1**, 175.
- Percy, J. R., 1972. *Publs astr. Soc. Pacif.*, **84**, 420.
- Preston, G. W., 1974. *Ann. Rev. Astr. Astrophys.*, **12**, 257.
- Roxburgh, I. W., 1970. *Stellar Rotation*, p. 19, ed. Slettebak, A., Reidel, Dordrecht, Holland.
- Scargle, J. D., 1982. *Astrophys. J.*, **263**, 835.
- Schmidt, H., 1959. *Z. Astrophys.*, **48**, 249.
- Smith, M. A., 1980. *Nonradial and Nonlinear Stellar Pulsation*, p. 60, eds Hill, H. A. & Dziembowski, W. A., Springer-Verlag, Berlin.
- Stellingwerf, R. F., 1978. *Astrophys. J.*, **224**, 953.
- Thackeray, A. D., 1971. *Mon. Not. R. astr. Soc.*, **154**, 103.
- van Hoof, A., 1975. *Inf. Bull. Var. Stars*, No. 992.
- Vogt, S. & Penrod, G. D., 1983. *Astrophys. J.*, **275**, 661.
- Waelkens, C. & Rufener, F., 1983. *Hvar Obs. Bull.*, **7**, 29.
- Waelkens, C. & Rufener, F., 1985. *Astr. Astrophys.*, **152**, 6.
- Walker, M. F., 1953. *Astrophys. J.*, **118**, 481.