

PUBLICATIONS

OF THE

WASHBURN OBSERVATORY

OF THE

UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN

VOLUME XV, PART 3

**THE CONSTANCY OF THE LIGHT
OF RED STARS**

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MADISON, WISCONSIN

1930

CHAPTER XV

THE CONSTANCY OF THE LIGHT OF RED STARS

It is well known that many of the red stars show small variations in light, conspicuous examples being α Orionis, α Herculis, μ Cephei, and several other naked eye objects. The changes usually are confined within a range of less than one magnitude in the course of several months, and up to the present no satisfactory period or light-curve has been found for any star of this class. Because of their color, these stars are difficult to observe visually; the presence of haze or moonlight combined with the Purkinje phenomenon gives rise to subjective effects which make it unusually difficult to establish real changes unless they are quite large, say several tenths of a magnitude. Betelgeuse is the most usual bait for the beginner, and more than one enthusiast has tried to get a period for this star on the basis of eye-estimates, only to give it up after several months or even several years of effort.

The observations described in the present paper have been made mostly in the years 1926 to 1929 as a first survey or test for light-variations of about two hundred red stars, with a photo-electric photometer attached to the 15-inch refractor. The instrument was the same as described in Part 1 of the present volume, except that in June 1927 a Lindemann electrometer was substituted for the swinging string electrometer. This new arrangement is fully as sensitive as the old one, and the convenience and speed of observing is much greater, the time to secure a given number of measures being reduced to three-fourths or even to two-thirds of what it was before. The same potassium photo-electric cell, our number QK302, was used throughout this work.

For each observation of four stars, a , b , c , and d , the measures were taken in the symmetrical order $a\ b\ c\ d\ a$, $a\ d\ c\ b\ a$, and a similar arrangement was made for three stars. Such a double series comprises what we call two sets, and all observations contain two sets unless the measures were interrupted by clouds or other poor conditions. The minimum number of observations of a group of stars was three, the average being five or six, extending over at least two months, while for two-thirds of the groups the interval ranged from six months up to two years.

The observing program included all M-stars of visual magnitude 6.0 or brighter, north of -10° declination. The list numbering 190 and a summary of the results for each object are given in Table IV. The first column contains the number from *Harvard Annals*, Vol. 50, from which the data in the next four columns are also taken. The visual magnitude of a variable red star can not be very accurate, but it is copied here from the Harvard volume. The absolute magnitude and spectrum are from Mount Wilson.¹ In the Mount Wilson system the classification from M0 to M6 is based upon the intensities of the bands of titanium oxide. For convenience this sequence will be called the order of increasing redness of the stars, though because of

¹*Contributions from the Mount Wilson Observatory*, 14, 307, 1926.

the absorption bands the measured color-index does not necessarily increase from M0 to M6. In Table IV the number of observations, the interval in days, range of variation, and average deviation of one observation, are all from Table VI which contains the detailed results of the present work. In the column marked "Var." in Table IV the conclusion regarding the variation of each object is shown; "S" denotes suspicious and "V" variable. This has been derived uniformly on the following basis. A star is considered constant if the average deviation of an observation is less than $\pm 0^M.025$; a star with average deviation equal to or greater than $\pm 0^M.025$ is called suspicious or variable, suspicious if the range is less than $0^M.10$, and variable if the range is equal to or greater than $0^M.10$. A discussion of the variables and of the special cases will be given in the sequel.

The average deviations of Table IV may be converted into probable errors by multiplying by the factor $0.845n/\sqrt{n(n-1)}$ which ranges from 0.98 for four observations to 0.88 for fourteen observations. When this is done and the limit of $\pm 0^M.025$ is still maintained for the probable error, it is found that only one suspicious star would be re-classified as constant, all of the variables remaining in the same category. There is therefore no advantage in making the division strictly logical by computing probable errors for these limited series of observations.

Table V contains the comparison stars, 200 in number, the data in the first five columns being the same as for the M-stars. In the last column the spectrum is from the Mount Wilson list,² supplemented by data kindly furnished by Dr. Adams. Where the stars have not been observed at Mount Wilson the classification from the Draper Catalogue is noted in italics. As the spectra of the comparison stars range from G3 to K9 these objects will be denoted simply as K-stars in contra-distinction to the red M-stars.

In Table VI are given the detailed results of the present observations. The groups are arranged according to the number of the first M-star, the H. R. reference numbers being used throughout. The first column gives the Julian Day, Greenwich mean time beginning at noon. The remaining columns give the differences of magnitude, the symbol (>) meaning "brighter than." At the foot of each column is the mean difference of magnitude and the average deviation of one observation. The time interval and range of magnitude for each star are readily derived by inspection, and are entered in Table IV together with the average deviation. In Table VI an M-star is usually referred to the mean of two comparison stars if these are available, and the last column then gives the inter-comparison of the K-stars, as shown by the headings of the table.

When a shade glass was used to equalize the light of the stars of a group, that fact is indicated in the remarks. The assigned values of the shades are only rough, and should not be used for precise determinations of magnitude; it is only differences of magnitude with the same cell and shade glass that we are concerned with here.

Rejected observations are indicated by parentheses. There were of course many occasions when observing was started but the discordance of successive readings would

²*Contributions from the Mount Wilson Observatory*, 9, 423, 1920.

show that the sky was not uniform; then the measures were not even reduced. When half of a double set was apparently satisfactory the result was marked "One set," but every retained observation comprises at least two complete sets of four to six readings on each star, taken forward and backward through the group. The number of rejected observations is 31 out of 777, or about four per cent, which is a fair measure of the proportion of cases which the observer let go as probably worth something but which are not good enough for the detection of variable stars.

In addition to the usual checks for elimination of errors the original measures which fix the range of variation of each star have been re-examined for possible presence of poor conditions, and it is believed that no object is marked as variable that does not belong in that class.

All of the observations in Table VI have been corrected for atmospheric extinction according to the scheme on page 16 of the present volume. The factors for different quality of sky have been revised, however, as follows

<i>Quality of Sky</i>	<i>Scale</i>	<i>f</i>
Fine	$4\frac{1}{2}$	1.45
Good	4	1.6
Fair	$3\frac{1}{2}$	2.0
Poor	3	2.4

It is assumed that there is no appreciable difference in the extinction for K- and M-stars. An extended investigation has given the ratio of the factors for K0- and A0-stars, respectively, to be 0.93 ± 0.011 (p. e.), and the slight difference between K and M may be neglected. Ordinarily the observing was limited if possible to the interval when the tabular differential extinction between two stars was $0^M 01$, but this at times was extended to $0^M 02$. The actual corrections for extinction were less than $0^M 02$ in four-fifths of the cases, and exceeded $0^M 05$ on only a few occasions.

In the discussion of the present results we take up first the comparison stars. Among the 200 stars there are just the three pairs given in Table I that have turned out to be suspicious with average deviations of $\pm 0^M 025$ or greater. In no other case does this figure exceed $\pm 0^M 020$.

TABLE I

H. R.	Name	Visual Mag.	Spectrum	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.
828	40 Arietis	6.04	G8 }				
951	δ Arietis	4.53	K0 }	11	434	$0^M 09$	$0^M 026$
1601	π^6 Orionis	4.73	K3 }				
1709	Boss 1247	5.82	K3 }	5	464	0.08	0.025
8729	51 Pegasi	5.59	G4 }				
8796	56 Pegasi	4.98	K0p)	13	763	0.10	0.030

The first pair in Table I is suspicious but the evidence for the variation in the second pair is not very strong with only five observations; the third pair almost certainly contains a variable as shown by the run of the measures in Table VI. In none of these three cases is it possible to tell which star is causing the discordances, but it happens that H. R. 8796, 56 Pegasi, is the only star in the entire list of two hundred which is marked as having a peculiar spectrum. The period, if there is one, must be several years.

One of the results of the present work then is that the K-stars are usually constant within the limits of measurement. Another check upon this conclusion is a comparison of the means of the average deviations of one observation for stars of different spectral classes, as shown in Table II.

TABLE II

Spectrum	B, A, F	G5-K1	K2-K9	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5-M6
Number of Stars	120	38	40	39	31	43	35	16	13
Mean of Average Deviations	$\pm 0^M 012$	$\pm .012$	$\pm .012$	$\pm .014$	$\pm .016$	$\pm .023$	$\pm .028$	$\pm .050$	$\pm .067$

The data for the B-, A-, and F-stars are taken from page 28 of the present volume. The comparison stars in the third and fourth columns are divided into about equal groups as they happen to come according to the later spectrum of each pair, and the M-stars were of course compared with these same K-stars.

The first result in Table II is that the stars from B to K when compared with each other show the same average deviations. It was something of a surprise to find that the K-stars gave as good an accordance as the white stars which had been observed in groups of two and three, instead of three and four for the K- and M-stars. The exact agreement of $\pm 0^M 012$ for the three spectral divisions is not significant, as there were fourteen cases rejected among the B-, A-, and F-stars, and one rejected in G5-K1. It seems therefore that with the present instrument and methods we get the same degree of accordance throughout the spectral range from B to K.

For the M-stars, however, the progression of the average deviation with increasing redness is conspicuous in Table II, the M0-stars being slightly more variable than the K's. Among the M's the stars omitted are the long-observed objects, α Orionis, α Herculis, and ψ^1 Aurigae, the assumed variable ρ Persei, and g Herculis the inclusion of which would still further emphasize the average variability of class M6.

A better demonstration of the variability of the M-stars is given in Table III where under each spectral class are given the numbers of constant, suspicious, and variable stars, together with those previously known or suspected of variation. The next to the last column of Table III contains six Ma- and Mb-stars not observed at Mount Wilson, together with the two N-stars, Y Canum Venaticorum and 19 Piscium, the variations of which are confirmed. The tendency to variability with increasing redness is shown by there being three variables among the seventy-one stars of classes

TABLE III

	G3-K9	M0	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	Ma, Mb, N	Totals, M and N
Constant	197	38	27	30	19	0	0	0	3	117
Suspicious	2	1	2	3	2	1	1	0	1	11
Variable	1	1	2	11	14	16	10	4	4	62
Totals	200	40	31	44	35	17	11	4	8	190

M0 and M1, while in M4, M5, and M6 together there are thirty certain variables out of thirty-two observed. Classes M2 and M3 give intermediate proportions of variables. In a preliminary report on the present work³ the number of new variables was estimated at forty, but this is now increased to fifty-one, which with eleven previously-known or suspected variables makes the total of sixty-two in the last column of Table III. Therefore one-third of the 190 red stars observed have shown variation to the extent of at least a tenth of a magnitude, while only one star is surely variable among 200 yellow comparison stars. Twenty-five of the new variables have a range of $0^m 20$ or more, while of course all of the visual variables may be expected to fluctuate up to half a magnitude.

These results in Table III are also shown in Figure 1, which is the upper right-hand corner of Russell's well known diagram of absolute magnitude against spectral class. As the faintest absolute magnitude is +0.7, all of the stars on our program are classed as giants; the dwarfs on the Mount Wilson list are from one to four magnitudes too faint to be reached with the photometer on the 15-inch telescope.

In a discussion of this work with Dr. Adams in the summer of 1927 he suggested that we would probably find an increasing tendency to variability as we passed from fainter to brighter absolute magnitude, and this seems to be the case where there are enough stars from which to judge. In classes M2 and M3 the variables are clearly brighter on the average than the constant stars, while the only variable of spectrum M0 is ψ^1 Aurigae, the brightest of that class. Either extreme luminosity or extreme redness seems to go with variability.

Before drawing too many conclusions from the variations of stars detected in this work, perhaps we might stop and ask whether the measures can be in any way affected by unknown errors, and whether these small fluctuations are mere illusions. To begin with, it must be emphasized that any subjective effects due to the observer are absolutely eliminated. The observer never knows whether his measures are indicating that a star is fainter or brighter than normal, and we can not see how any prejudice could creep in.

It may be pointed out that in a number of instances the variability of a star has been fixed by a single discordant observation. We believe that not one of these cases

³*Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, 14, 491, 1928.

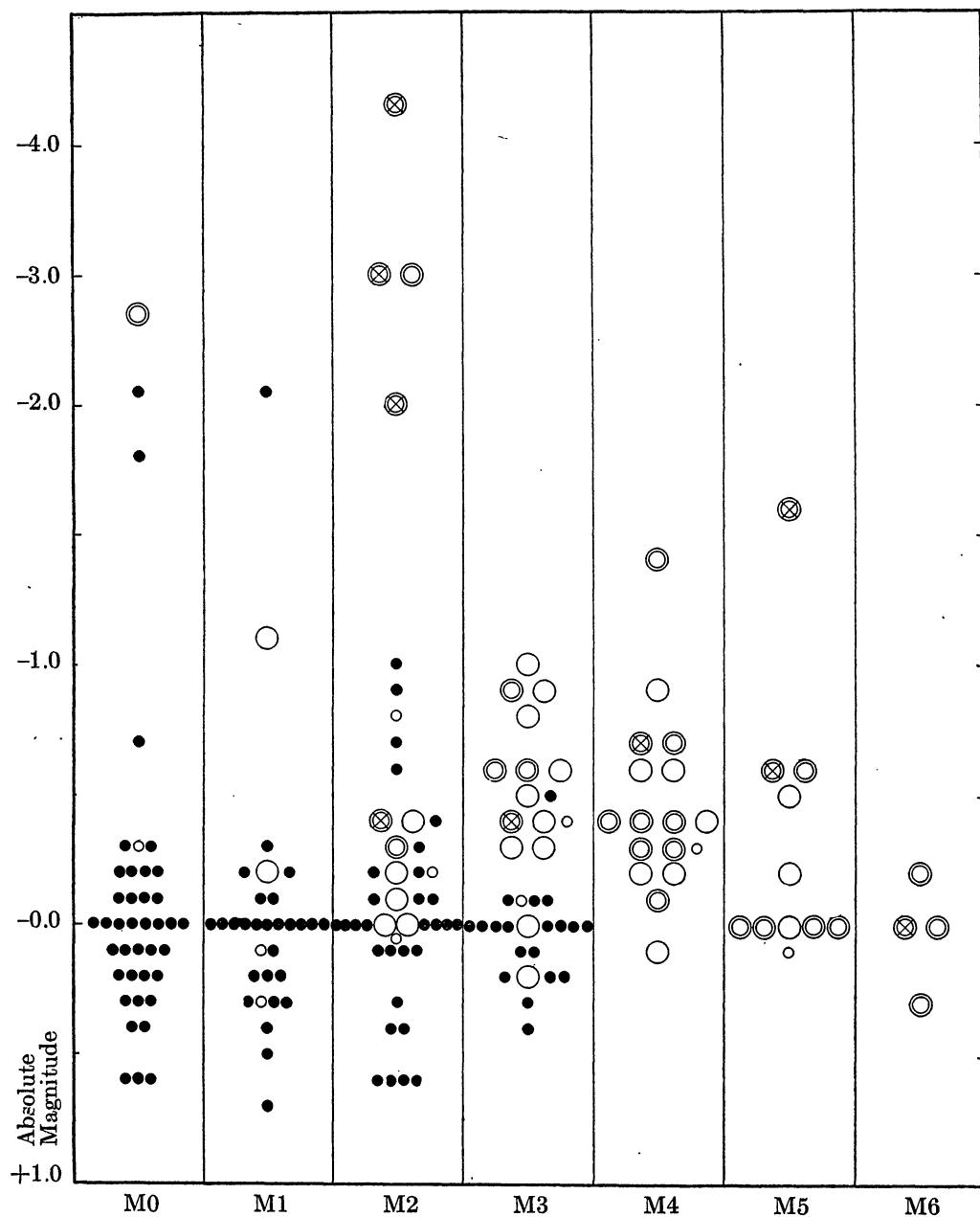


FIGURE 1—Variability of Red Stars

Dots	Constant stars.
Small circles	Suspicious stars.
Large circles	Variable stars, range 0 ^M .10 to 0 ^M .19.
Double circles	Variable stars, range 0 ^M .20 or more.
Crossed circles	Previously known variable stars.

is due to observing a wrong star. The procedure at the telescope is to set with the coarse circles on the first star of a group, and then the next object is picked up by making the regular setting in declination and a differential setting in hour angle. When the change in hour angle is less than five or six minutes, the observer simply watches in the finder, which has a field of one degree, and turns the instrument as indicated by the assistant. To pick up a wrong star the same mistake must be made going forward and backward in the group, since the photometer readings show at once if the same object is not being measured the second time. If there were any such observing blunders they ought to show among the comparison stars, and not alone among the red stars which are so easy to identify at the telescope.

Again, we have not overlooked the consideration that a residual error in the extinction might cause a star to appear variable, but such an effect should show for all red stars in a group, and for all neighboring red stars on the same night. As most of the corrections for the extinction were less than $0^M 02$, it would be difficult to introduce an error of five times that amount.

We conclude then that the variations which we measure are real changes in the stars, and that we have not fallen into the same errors that have beset visual observers so often in the past.

Notwithstanding the considerable amplitude of variation of many of these stars, we have had little success in the determination of periods. A special study is being made of the three stars, α Orionis, α Herculis, and ψ^1 Aurigae, for which we have measures extending over twenty, twelve, and ten years, respectively, but in no one of these three cases has it been possible to derive a really satisfactory period. If we use the term "period" to mean the time interval between any two successive maxima or successive minima indicated by our fragmentary observations, then an inspection of the results for the sixty-two variables gives something like the following. For thirty-nine stars the periods must be greater than 100 days, for twelve stars the periods may be less than 100 days, and for the remaining eleven stars no guess can be made. So uncertain are these figures that we have trouble in making the same count twice in succession.

Thus far we have ignored the previous observations of red stars by visual observers, extending over a century or more. A summary of our present knowledge of these irregular variables is given by Ludendorff⁴ who classes them as μ -Cephei stars. The results of eye-estimates are such a mixture of facts and illusions that almost nothing has been agreed upon except that some of these stars vary irregularly and that their changes are most difficult to determine. We can state without offense to other observers that the photo-electric photometer gives results with errors at least five times smaller than anything we ourselves can secure by direct eye-estimates. A variation of a tenth of a magnitude measured with the instrument is as well established as a change of half a magnitude derived by comparing visually a suspected variable with differently colored stars in the same neighborhood. Other observers may do better, but we are sure that the figure of a five-fold improvement by means of the instrument is a conservative one so far as our own eyes are concerned.

⁴*Handbuch der Astrophysik*, 6, p. 166.

Yet despite our conventional suspicion of everything that has been previously done on these red stars we find ourselves forced to exactly the same conclusions that have heretofore been held about the variations. Many of the stars of spectrum class M do have a tendency to vary by several tenths of a magnitude in the course of a few months, but the irregularities in period and amplitude are such that it is next to impossible to derive any law for these fluctuations.

Similarly the increased precision of the photo-electric measures has given no new clue to the unknown causes of the variations of red stars. The tendency to light-variation is found to follow exactly the spectral sequence, namely, constant light in class K, increasing variability in M₀ to M₆, and then the great changes in the long-period stars of spectrum Me. It is among these latter with variations of a thousand fold or more that we might hope for a solution of the problem of the causes of variability. According to current theories of stellar evolution the trend of a diffuse giant star is toward contraction and increased surface temperature, which means a motion from right to left on the diagram in Figure 1, with little change up or down in absolute magnitude. The long-period variables are therefore the youngest stars of all, while the irregular variables of the present study form a series of definite connecting links between the stars with great light-changes and the steady stars of class K. What the corresponding progression is among the dwarf red stars is a matter for the future to determine.

SUMMARY

1. A survey with the photo-electric photometer has been made of 190 red stars of spectrum class M, comparing them with 200 yellow stars of spectrum roughly class K.
2. The measures of the comparison stars show the same degree of accordance that was previously secured in similar observations of B-, A-, and F-stars. Only one variable was detected in 200 objects tested.
3. For the red stars there is an increasing amount of discordance as we pass from M₀ to M₆, and one-third of these objects show variability to the extent of a tenth of a magnitude. Either late spectral type or bright absolute magnitude seems to be accompanied by light-variations.
4. The number of new variables is fifty-one; in addition there are eleven previously known variables and eleven suspicious stars.
5. Because of the irregularities in the light fluctuations no periods have been found; most of the stars require three months or more to complete a single irregular cycle of change.
6. These results all refer to giant stars, and indicate that probably no diffuse red star is really constant in light over an interval of a few months or years.
7. The red stars of the present study form a definite connection, both as to spectrum and as to light-variation, between the long-period variables and the steady stars of class K.

TABLE IV

RED STARS

H. R.	Name	R. A. 1900	Decl. 1900	Vis. Mag.	Abs. Mag.	Spec.	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.	Var.
45	χ Pegasi	0 9.4	+19 39	4.94	+0.7	M1	6	62	.05	0.014	...
46	.....	0 9.4	- 8 21	5.36	-0.2	M4	6	384	.12	.032	V
103	47 Piscium	0 22.8	+17 21	5.33	-0.6	M3	6	62	.25	.070	V
117	12 Ceti	0 24.9	- 4 31	6.04	+0.2	M0	3	331	.02	.010	...
211	57 Piscium	0 41.3	+14 55	5.58	+0.1	M4	4	106	.13	.040	V
248	20 Ceti	0 47.9	- 1 41	4.92	-0.2	M0	3	331	.02	.007	...
337	β Androm.	1 4.1	+35 5	2.37	+0.3	M0	7	773	.10	.019	...
450	.....	1 29.4	+17 57	6.05	+0.3	M2	4	85	.03	.014	...
587	.....	1 55.5	- 9 1	5.72	0.0	M5	4	763	.11	.031	V
631	15 Arietis	2 5.1	+19 2	5.92	-0.1	M3	6	410	.08	.019	...
648	19 Arietis	2 7.6	+14 48	5.99	+0.1	M1	6	410	.04	.010	...
689	69 Ceti	2 16.8	- 0 4	5.56	0.0	M1	4	86	.04	.016	...
750	15 Trianguli	2 29.7	+34 15	5.62	-0.3	M3	9	453	.14	.035	V
843	17 Persei	2 45.4	+34 39	4.67	+0.3	M0	9	453	.06	.017	...
867	45 Arietis	2 50.2	+17 55	5.94	0.0	M6	11	434	.45	.122	V
881	.....	2 52.8	+79 1	5.66	0.0	M2	6	87	.03	.012	...
911	α Ceti	2 57.1	+ 3 42	2.82	+0.1	M2	5	817	.06	.017	...
921	ρ Persei	2 58.8	+38 27	var.	-0.7	M4	.....	.....	.....	.....	V
935	.....	3 1.6	- 6 28	5.56	0.0	M3	4	378	.04	.018	...
1009	.....	3 16.0	+64 14	5.55	-1.8	M0	{ 5	87	.04	.014	...
							{ 4	111	.06	.020	...
1105	.....	3 33.5	+62 54	5.32	-0.6	M4	{ 10	529	.15	.038	V
							{ 4	111	.12	.049	...
1155	.....	3 40.4	+65 13	4.71	-1.1	M1	12	861	.18	.045	V
1335	.....	4 13.1	+60 30	5.67	-0.3	M0	5	132	.05	.017	...
1451	47 Eridani	4 29.4	- 8 27	5.45	-0.6	M3	9	490	.20	.047	V
1527	.....	4 42.7	+63 20	5.81	0.0	M2	5	143	.03	.010	...
1556	4 Orionis	4 46.9	+14 5	5.19	-0.4	M4	9	490	.11	.028	V
1562	5 Orionis	4 48.2	+ 2 20	5.67	0.0	M1	5	464	.05	.012	...
1722	.....	5 11.1	+42 41	5.88	-0.4	M4	7	464	.20	.058	V
1802	17 Camelop.	5 20.7	+62 59	5.75	-0.3	M1	5	143	.04	.012	...
1834	31 Orionis	5 24.7	- 1 11	4.97	0.0	M0	5	392	.04	.010	...
1845	119 Tauri	5 26.3	+18 32	4.73	-3.0	M2	9	490	.36	.080	V
1866	.....	5 28.4	+54 20	5.96	-0.2	M0	4	72	.03	.010	...
2011	ν Aurigae	5 44.2	+37 16	4.99	+0.3	M1	9	910	.06	.011	...
2061	α Orionis	5 49.8	+ 7 23	var.	-4.3	M2	.....	7366	.6±	.....	V
2091	π Aurigae	5 52.5	+45 56	4.59	-1.0	M3	9	910	.17	.046	V
2215	1 Lyncis	6 8.7	+61 33	5.30	-0.6	M3	8	910	.11	.030	V
2216	η Gemin.	6 8.8	+22 32	var.	-0.4	M3	8	511	.27	.071	V
2269	.....	6 14.4	+14 41	6.02	0.0	M0	3	57	.02	.008	...
2275	.....	6 15.0	- 2 54	5.18	0.0	M1	5	403	.06	.016	...
2286	μ Gemin.	6 16.9	+22 34	3.19	-0.4	M3	8	511	.14	.038	V
2289	ψ^1 Aurigae	6 17.2	+49 20	5.10	-2.7	M0	.....	3774	.6±	.....	V
2469	.....	6 37.2	- 9 4	5.32	+0.3	M0	5	398	.04	.013	...
2508	.....	6 42.8	- 8 54	5.26	-2.1	M1	5	398	.06	.018	...
2609	51 H. Cephei	6 53.7	+87 12	5.26	0.0	M2	9	515	.14	.039	V
2639	.....	6 57.0	- 5 35	5.38	-0.6	M2	4	398	.04	.011	...

TABLE IV—Continued

H. R.	Name	R. A. 1900	Decl. 1900	Vis. Mag.	Abs. Mag.	Spec.	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.	Var.
2703	.....	7 5.6	+51 36	5.69	+0.2	M3	7	408	.14	0.035	V
2717	51 Gemin.	7 7.6	+16 20	5.31	-0.4	M4	9	754	.44	.079	V
2725	52 Gemin.	7 8.6	+25 5	6.02	+0.3	M1	5	377	.08	.030	S
2738	53 Gemin.	7 9.7	+28 5	5.87	+0.1	M1	5	377	.08	.028	S
2742	.....	7 10.1	+82 36	5.11	-0.1	M4	9	515	.24	.056	V
2747	.....	7 10.3	+ 8 10	5.97	.....	Mb	4	358	.08	.027	S
2795	56 Gemin.	7 16.1	+20 38	5.16	+0.1	M0	9	754	.06	.013	....
2903	.....	7 29.3	+46 24	5.80	+0.2	M1	4	82	.02	.012	....
2905	v Gemin.	7 29.8	+27 7	4.22	+0.1	M0	5	377	.05	.014	....
2938	74 Gemin.	7 33.7	+17 55	5.24	-0.3	M0	4	409	.08	.033	S
2967	.....	7 36.4	+14 26	5.81	-0.8	M3	4	409	.10	.026	V
2983	76 Gemin.	7 38.1	+26 1	5.40	0.0	M0	5	377	.05	.014	....
2999	.....	7 40.0	+37 46	5.45	0.0	M3	7	461	.08	.020	....
3013	π Gemin.	7 41.1	+33 40	5.29	-0.1	M1	7	461	.08	.024	....
3319	27 Cancri	8 21.2	+13 0	5.75	-0.9	M3	6	417	.21	.062	V
3357	θ Cancri	8 25.9	+18 26	5.57	+0.3	M1	6	417	.05	.014	....
3576	ρ Urs. Maj.	8 53.5	+68 1	4.99	+0.1	M3	9	754	.07	.021	....
3609	σ Urs. Maj.	8 59.6	+67 17	5.33	-0.1	M0	9	754	.04	.010	....
3660	17 Urs. Maj.	9 8.5	+57 10	5.48	0.0	M0	4	91	.05	.016	....
3698	.....	9 14.4	+57 8	5.98	.....	Mb	7	408	.24	.089	V
3705	40 Lyncis	9 15.0	+34 49	3.30	-0.3	M0	7	413	.04	.013	....
3769	8 Leo Min.	9 25.5	+35 33	5.52	+0.2	M1	7	413	.07	.016	....
3820	.....	9 30.8	+31 37	5.74	-0.1	M2	7	413	.09	.019	....
3866	ψ Leonis	9 38.3	+14 29	5.62	-0.1	M2	{ 4	345	.03	.012	....
3870	44 Lyncis	9 39.5	+57 35	5.36	-0.9	M3	{ 7	408	.05	.017	....
3876	.....	9 40.9	+ 7 10	5.99	0.0	M1	3	49	.01	.005	....
3950	π Leonis	9 54.9	+ 8 31	4.89	0.0	M2	{ 5	81	.02	.007	....
4035	37 Leonis	10 11.3	+14 13	5.74	+0.4	M2	{ 4	345	.03	.012	....
4088	44 Leonis	10 20.0	+ 9 17	5.92	+0.1	M3	{ 5	405	.06	.016	....
4092	.....	10 20.8	- 6 34	5.85	0.0	M2	{ 3	51	.03	.012	....
4122	.....	10 26.0	- 7 7	6.40	+0.6	M0	3	51	.04	.015	....
4127	46 Leonis	10 26.9	+14 39	5.74	-0.2	M2	{ 4	345	.05	.016	....
4267	56 Leonis	10 50.8	+ 6 43	6.05	-0.6	M5	{ 4	297	.08	.035	S
4299	61 Leonis	10 56.8	- 1 57	4.97	+0.2	M1	{ 5	81	.04	.011	....
4333	.....	11 3.9	+36 51	5.99	.....	Mb	{ 4	350	.05	.014	....
4336	.....	11 4.0	+43 45	6.03	.....	Ma	4	350	.06	.017	....
4362	72 Leonis	11 9.9	+23 39	4.87	-0.8	M2	4	354	.08	.037	S
4371	75 Leonis	11 12.1	+ 2 34	5.44	+0.6	M0	5	81	.02	.008	....
4434	λ Draconis	11 25.5	+69 53	4.06	-0.2	M0	9	377	.07	.021	....
4483	ω Virginis	11 33.3	+ 8 42	5.47	+0.3	M6	9	835	.22	.045	V
4517	v Virginis	11 40.7	+ 7 5	4.20	-0.2	M1	9	835	.07	.018	....
4726	71 Urs. Maj.	12 20.3	+57 19	5.99	+0.4	M3	6	354	.04	.011	....
4745	73 Urs. Maj.	12 22.8	+56 16	5.84	+0.6	M2	6	354	.02	.007	....
4765	4 Draconis	12 25.7	+69 45	5.25	-0.3	M4	7	324	.20	.056	V
4807	.....	12 33.3	+ 2 25	6.02	+0.2	M3	7	427	.09	.022	....

TABLE IV—Continued

H. R.	Name	R. A. 1900	Decl. 1900	Vis. Mag.	Abs. Mag.	Spec.	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.	Var.
		<i>h</i> <i>m</i>	° '						^M	^M	
4846	<i>Y</i> Can. Ven.	12 40.4	+45 58	var.	.....	Nb	6	326	0.62	0.159	V
4909	.....	12 50.4	+47 45	6.02	.....	Mb	10	433	.36	.091	V
4910	δ Virginis	12 50.6	+ 3 56	3.66	0.0	M3	5	106	.03	.010	...
4920	36 Com. Ber.	12 54.0	+17 57	4.96	+0.1	M0	6	381	.07	.018	...
4949	40 Com. Ber.	13 1.5	+23 9	5.90	-0.2	M5	6	381	.19	.062	V
4998	.....	13 9.5	+11 52	5.81	0.0	M0	4	103	.04	.012	...
5015	σ Virginis	13 12.6	+ 6 0	5.01	-0.2	M2	5	106	.03	.010	...
5095	74 Virginis	13 26.8	- 5 45	4.83	+0.2	M3	6	408	.07	.021	...
5123	.....	13 32.3	+25 7	5.90	.....	Ma	6	356	.05	.013	...
5150	82 Virginis	13 36.4	- 8 12	5.16	+0.1	M2	6	408	.07	.015	...
5154	83 Urs. Maj.	13 36.9	+55 12	4.75	+0.1	M2	5	298	.06	.017	...
5200	υ Boötis	13 44.6	+16 17	4.28	+0.6	M0	6	131	.03	.010	...
5215	.....	13 46.7	+35 10	6.00	0.0	M1	10	433	.08	.018	...
5219	.....	13 47.4	+34 57	4.96	-0.3	M2	10	433	.20	.053	V
5226	10 Draconis	13 48.5	+65 13	4.77	-0.4	M3	13	505	(.13)	.029	S
5299	.....	14 3.9	+44 20	5.44	-0.7	M4	10	698	.22	.048	V
5300	13 Boötis	14 4.6	+49 56	5.44	0.0	M2	10	698	.13	.033	V
5334	.....	14 10.2	+69 54	5.36	+0.4	M2	13	505	(.10)	.022	...
5352	101 Virginis	14 12.7	+15 44	6.05	0.0	M3	6	131	.05	.015	...
5452	.....	14 31.2	+49 48	5.90	-0.2	M1	{ 8	607	.14	.031 {	V
							5	360	.10	.016 }	
5490	W Boötis	14 39.0	+26 57	4.93	-0.5	M3	5	103	.05	.021	...
5589	.....	14 56.0	+66 20	4.86	0.0	M5	20	558	.29	.068	V
5590	.....	14 56.1	- 2 21	5.68	0.0	M1	5	100	.08	.024	...
5594	2 Serpentis	14 56.7	+ 0 14	5.91	-0.9	M2	5	100	.06	.019	...
5654	.....	15 7.5	+19 22	5.98	-0.2	M4	7	465	.15	.048	V
5739	τ ¹ Serpentis	15 21.2	+15 47	5.46	-0.1	M1	7	465	.06	.015	...
5763	ν Boötis	15 27.3	+41 10	5.15	-0.1	M0	4	77	.04	.013	...
5800	μ Coronae	15 31.5	+39 21	5.44	0.0	M2	4	77	.03	.009	...
5879	κ Serpentis	15 44.2	+18 27	4.28	0.0	M1	6	361	.04	.011	...
5924	.....	15 50.2	+20 36	5.76	-0.7	M0	6	361	.03	.007	...
5932	2 Herculis	15 51.3	+43 26	5.54	-0.1	M3	4	77	.04	.013	...
6010	47 Serpentis	16 3.6	+ 8 48	5.90	-0.3	M3	5	353	.10	.036	V
6039	10 Herculis	16 7.3	+23 45	5.96	-0.3	M4	11	512	.21	.058	V
6056	δ Ophiuchi	16 9.1	- 3 26	3.03	0.0	M0	3	101	.01	.005	...
6086	.....	16 15.6	+60 0	5.64	-0.6	M4	6	136	.18	.063	V
6107	20 Coronae	16 18.6	+34 2	5.36	0.0	M2	8	387	.08	.014	...
6128	.....	16 22.3	- 7 23	5.45	-0.1	M2	3	101	.04	.018	...
6146	g Herculis	16 25.4	+42 6	var.	0.0	M6	13	516	.70	.140	V
6159	29 Herculis	16 27.9	+11 42	4.92	+0.1	M0	{ 6	353	.05	.017 {	V
							3	56	.03	.014 }	
6200	42 Herculis	16 36.0	+49 7	5.14	0.0	M2	13	516	.05	.013	...
6227	.....	16 40.9	+15 56	5.78	-0.1	M3	6	353	.08	.034	S
6228	43 Herculis	16 41.0	+ 8 46	5.38	0.0	M1	3	56	.05	.022	...
6258	50 Herculis	16 46.7	+29 59	5.86	0.0	M1	6	341	.03	.009	...
6337	32 Ophiuchi	16 58.6	+14 14	5.10	+0.2	M3	44	1273	.09	.016	...
6393	37 Ophiuchi	17 7.8	+10 42	5.56	-0.4	M2	3	56	.04	.016	...

TABLE IV—Continued

R.	Name	R. A. 1900	Decl. 1900	Vis. Mag.	Abs. Mag.	Spec.	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.	Var.
		<i>h</i>	<i>m</i>	°	'				<i>M</i>	<i>M</i>	
6406	α Herculis	17	10.1	+14	30	var.	-1.6	M5	4237	0.5±	V
6452		17	15.9	+18	10	5.17	-0.2	M2	6	.16	V
6464	74 Herculis	17	17.5	+46	20	5.77	-0.1	M0	8	.08	...
6702		17	53.9	+45	23	6.22	-0.2	M6	6	.36	V
6728		17	57.1	+45	31	5.92	+0.2	M0	6	.08	...
6765	98 Herculis	18	1.8	+22	13	5.32	-0.2	M2	12	.06	...
6815	104 Herculis	18	8.2	+31	22	5.02	0.0	M3	12	.14	V
6868	106 Herculis	18	16.1	+21	55	4.98	0.0	M0	4	.04	...
6882		18	18.0	+23	14	5.66	+0.2	M0	4	.03	...
6891		18	19.0	+49	4	5.09	0.0	M3	5	.04	...
7139	δ^2 Lyrae	18	51.0	+36	47	4.52	-1.4	M4	18	.34	V
7157	R Lyrae	18	52.3	+43	49	var.	-0.6	M5	5	.26	V
7405	6 Vulpec.	19	24.5	+24	28	4.63	+0.3	M1	7	.05	...
7414	36 Aquilae	19	25.4	-3	0	5.22	-0.2	M1	3	.03	...
7514		19	40.4	+41	32	6.04	0.0	M0	3	.02	...
7536	δ Sagittae	19	42.9	+18	17	3.78	-1.0	M2	14	.09	...
7566	19 Cygni	19	47.0	+38	27	5.43	-0.4	M2	6	.12	V
7635	γ Sagittae	19	54.3	+19	13	3.71	-0.2	M0	14	.03	...
7645	13 Sagittae	19	55.6	+17	15	5.56	-0.4	M4	4	.24	V
7676	64 Draconis	20	0.4	+64	32	5.43	0.0	M1	5	.04	...
7804		20	19.6	+68	34	5.99	0.0	M5	5	.25	V
7851	ω^2 Cygni	20	28.2	+48	53	5.57	+0.6	M2	5	.04	...
7951	3 Aquarii	20	42.5	-5	24	4.60	0.0	M3	4	.05	...
8044		20	55.9	+18	57	5.96	+0.3	M3	5	.05	...
8163	9 Equulei	21	16.2	+6	56	6.01	0.0	M3	3	.04	...
8225	2 Pegasi	21	25.5	+23	12	4.76	0.0	M1	5	.04	...
8284	75 Cygni	21	36.3	+42	49	5.35	+0.4	M1	4	.01	...
8289	7 Pegasi	21	37.3	+5	14	5.63	-0.3	M2	3	.04	...
8306		21	39.1	+40	42	5.54	+0.1	M2	3	.01	...
8316	μ Cephei	21	40.4	+58	19	var.	-3.0	M2	4	.23	V
8339	12 Cephei	21	44.5	+60	14	5.64	+0.5	M1	4	.02	...
8383	VV Cephei	21	53.8	+63	9	5.35	-2.0	M2e	8	.23	V
8416	18 Cephei	22	0.8	+62	38	5.46	+0.1	M5	8	.09	S
8424		22	1.9	+44	31	5.32	+0.1	M0	6	.06	...
8562	36 Pegasi	22	24.1	+8	38	5.82	-0.1	M0	3	.03	...
8572	5 Lacertae	22	25.4	+47	11	4.61	-2.1	M0	6	.09	...
8621		22	34.7	+56	17	5.47	-0.3	M4	8	.09	S
8698	λ Aquarii	22	47.4	-8	7	3.84	-0.1	M2	{ 9	.10	V
8699	15 Lacertae	22	47.5	+42	47	5.17	+0.2	M0	3	.09	...
8775	β Pegasi	22	58.9	+27	32	2.61	-0.4	M2	18	.03	V
8795	55 Pegasi	23	2.0	+8	52	4.69	+0.6	M2	3	.01	...
8815	57 Pegasi	23	4.5	+8	8	5.41	-0.9	M4	7	.11	V
8834	ϕ Aquarii	23	9.1	-6	35	4.40	-0.6	M2	3	.02	...
8850	χ Aquarii	23	11.7	-8	16	5.14	0.0	M5	{ 12	.27	V
8860	8 Androm.	23	13.1	+48	28	4.99	0.0	M2	{ 3	.15	...
									3	.04	
									4	.133	

TABLE IV—Continued

H. R.	Name	R. A. 1900	Decl. 1900	Vis. Mag.	Abs. Mag.	Spec.	No. Obs.	Days	Range	Av. Dev.	Var
		<i>h</i> <i>m</i>	° '						^M	^M	
8876	10 Androm.	23 15.1	+41 31	5.98	+0.4	M0	3	55	.04	0.016	...
8882	63 Pegasi	23 15.9	+29 52	5.78	+0.4	M0	5	353	.04	.010	...
8904	4 Cassiop.	23 20.4	+61 44	5.20	-0.7	M2	4	156	.06	.017	...
8940	71 Pegasi	23 28.5	+21 57	5.51	0.0	M5	18	857	.30	.055	V
8991	77 Pegasi	23 38.3	+ 9 46	5.39	0.0	M2	7	791	.09	.028	S
9004	19 Piscium	23 41.3	+ 2 56	5.30	.....	Na	5	465	.16	.052	V
9036	φ Pegasi	23 47.4	+18 34	5.23	0.0	M3	7	791	.05	.013	...
9047	.....	23 49.7	- 0 27	5.98	-0.5	M5	5	465	.16	.047	V
9064	ψ Pegasi	23 52.7	+24 35	4.75	-0.1	M3	6	509	.07	.021	...
9089	30 Piscium	23 56.8	- 6 35	4.66	-0.5	M3	6	384	.14	.041	V

REMARKS ON TABLE IV

- 921 φ Persei, visual, 3.4–4.2, not observed.
 2061 α Orionis, visual, 0.9±, many measures.
 2216 η Geminorum, visual, 3.2–4.2.
 2289 ψ¹ Aurigae, many measures.
 4846 Y Canum Venaticorum, visual, 4.8–6.0.
 5490 W Bootis, constant.
 6146 g Herculis, visual, 4.7–6.0.
 6337 32 Ophiuchi, with α Herculis.
 6406 α Herculis, visual, 3.1–3.9, many measures.
 7157 R Lyrae, visual, 4.0–4.7.
 8316 μ Cephei, visual, 4–5.
 8383 VV Cephei, photographic.
 8775 β Pegasi, suspected visual.
 9004 19 Piscium, suspected visual.

TABLE V
COMPARISON STARS

H. R.	Name	R. A. <i>h</i>	1900 <i>m</i>	Decl. °	1900 '	Vis. Mag.	Spectrum
3	33 Piscium	0	0.2	- 6	16	4.68	K0
29	.....	0	5.2	- 5	49	5.95	G5
94	.....	0	19.4	- 2	47	6.28	K0
166	54 Piscium	0	34.2	+20	43	6.08	K0
167	55 Piscium	0	34.6	+20	54	5.57	G7
213	58 Piscium	0	41.8	+11	25	5.68	K0
319	75 Piscium	1	1.3	+12	25	6.22	G7
352	τ Piscium	1	6.2	+29	34	4.70	K1
360	φ Piscium	1	8.3	+24	3	4.64	G7
414	94 Piscium	1	21.3	+18	44	5.63	G8
475	105 Piscium	1	34.3	+15	54	6.11	K1
563	α Arietis	1	51.9	+17	20	5.16	G6
609	.....	1	58.3	+17	46	6.42	K5
737	.....	2	26.3	+ 1	50	5.44	K2
739	75 Ceti	2	27.1	- 1	28	5.53	K0
752	77 Ceti	2	29.8	- 8	17	5.82	K0
759	80 Ceti	2	31.0	- 8	16	5.71	K5
774	.....	2	33.3	+81	2	5.92	K0
828	40 Arietis	2	42.9	+17	52	6.04	G8
876	.....	2	51.7	+38	13	6.08	K0
882	24 Persei	2	52.9	+34	47	4.97	K2
907	ρ¹ Eridani	2	56.2	- 8	3	5.94	G5
917	ρ² Eridani	2	57.8	- 8	5	5.52	G5
947	ε Persei	3	4.8	+39	14	4.82	K1
951	δ Arietis	3	5.9	+19	21	4.53	K0
996	κ Ceti	3	14.1	+ 3	0	4.96	G5
1030	ο Tauri	3	19.4	+ 8	41	3.80	G7
1080	.....	3	27.4	+75	24	6.38	G5
1112	.....	3	34.5	+59	39	5.98	K5
1205	.....	3	48.6	+60	49	5.22	K4
1313	.....	4	8.8	+57	37	5.80	K0
1332	.....	4	12.4	- 6	43	6.09	K0
1452	.....	4	29.4	- 9	11	5.50	K5
1457	α Tauri	4	30.2	+16	19	1.06	K5
1467	3 Camelop.	4	32.0	+52	53	5.31	G6
1580	ο² Orionis	4	50.7	+13	21	4.28	K1
1601	π⁶ Orionis	4	53.4	+ 1	33	4.73	K3
1684	.....	5	6.0	+15	55	5.36	K5
1709	Boss 1247	5	9.4	+ 5	3	5.82	K3
1720	.....	5	11.0	+62	33	5.88	K4
1725	.....	5	11.6	+40	21	6.32	K0
1773	σ Aurigae	5	17.9	+37	17	5.22	K5
1830	.....	5	24.4	- 3	32	6.06	K0
1874	.....	5	29.0	- 1	32	6.22	K0
1907	φ² Orionis	5	31.4	+ 9	15	4.39	G2
1925	.....	5	33.2	+53	26	6.41	K0
1941	24 Aurigae	5	34.6	+56	33	6.19	K0
1995	τ Aurigae	5	42.3	+39	9	4.64	G5
2012	ν Aurigae	5	44.6	+39	7	4.18	K1
2152	37 Camelop.	6	1.1	+58	57	5.42	G8

TABLE V—Continued

H. R.	Name	R. A.	1900	Decl.	1900	Vis. Mag.	Spectrum
2165	36 Camelop.	6	2.8	+65	44	5.39	K0
2219	κ Aurigae	6	9.0	+29	33	4.45	G8
2235	.....	6	10.6	+17	12	6.47	K0
2277	.....	6	15.6	+17	49	6.46	K0
2334	77 Orionis	6	22.1	+ 0	21	5.29	G8
2335	78 Orionis	6	22.2	- 0	13	5.82	K0
2381	.....	6	27.0	- 8	5	5.59	K0
2427	ψ ² Aurigae	6	32.2	+42	35	5.09	G5
2459	ψ ⁴ Aurigae	6	35.8	+44	38	5.17	K5
2655	.....	6	59.1	- 5	10	5.88	K1
2663	.....	7	0.2	+ 9	18	6.02	K0
2701	20 Monoc.	7	5.2	- 4	5	5.02	K0
2713	.....	7	6.8	+ 5	39	6.22	G5
2737	.....	7	9.7	+52	18	6.04	K0
2804	.....	7	17.1	+52	5	5.91	K2
2864	6 Can. Min.	7	24.2	+12	13	4.85	K4
2924	70 Gemin.	7	32.0	+35	17	5.61	G3
2935	.....	7	33.5	+38	34	5.89	K5
2939	.....	7	33.8	+48	22	5.77	G7
3066	26 Lyncei	7	47.4	+47	49	5.69	K5
3128	3 Cancer	7	55.1	+17	35	5.79	K4
3366	η Cancer	8	26.9	+20	47	5.52	K5
3403	π ² Urs. Maj.	8	31.5	+64	40	4.76	K2
3461	δ Cancer	8	39.0	+18	31	4.17	K0
3751	.....	9	22.9	+81	46	4.58	K4
3815	11 Leo. Min.	9	29.7	+36	16	5.48	K1
3826	8 Leonis	9	31.6	+16	54	5.92	K1
3827	1 Sextantis	9	31.9	+ 7	17	5.14	K0
3834	2 Sextantis	9	33.2	+ 5	6	4.78	K3
3877	18 Leonis	9	41.0	+12	17	5.87	K5
3922	.....	9	50.2	+57	54	5.99	G4
3980	31 Leonis	10	2.6	+10	30	4.58	K5
4004	19 Sextantis	10	7.6	+ 5	7	5.91	G9
4059	.....	10	14.5	- 4	37	6.44	K0
4193	35 Sextantis	10	38.1	+ 5	16	5.99	K1
4208	51 Leonis	10	41.0	+19	25	5.64	K2
4209	52 Leonis	10	41.2	+14	43	5.64	G5
4291	58 Leonis	10	55.4	+ 4	9	5.05	K1
4335	ψ Urs. Maj.	11	4.0	+45	2	3.15	K0
4358	.....	11	8.8	+ 8	37	5.90	K3
4418	τ Leonis	11	22.8	+ 3	24	5.18	G7
4432	87 Leonis	11	25.2	- 2	27	5.07	K5
4433	86 Leonis	11	25.3	+18	58	5.74	K0
4461	2 Draconis	11	30.2	+69	53	5.36	G5
4495	92 Leonis	11	35.6	+21	54	5.43	G7
4504	3 Draconis	11	36.9	+67	18	5.48	K2
4659	.....	12	10.4	+70	45	5.89	K0
4695	16 Virginis	12	15.3	+ 3	53	5.10	K0
4762	75 Urs. Maj.	12	25.4	+59	19	6.22	K0
4795	6 Draconis	12	30.5	+70	34	5.18	K0

TABLE V—Continued

H. R.	Name	R. A. <i>h</i> <i>m</i>	1900	Decl. °	1900	Vis. Mag.	Spectrum
4837		12	38.5	− 1	1	6.08	<i>G0</i>
4863	7 Draconis	12	43.5	+67	20	5.67	<i>K3</i>
4878	37 Virginis	12	46.5	+ 3	36	6.12	<i>K4</i>
4919		12	52.6	+46	44	6.22	<i>K0</i>
4945		13	1.4	+45	48	5.72	<i>K4</i>
4960		13	4.3	+10	33	5.95	<i>K0</i>
4962		13	4.8	+17	22	6.18	<i>K0</i>
4986		13	7.6	+12	5	5.82	<i>K5</i>
5102		13	28.1	+24	52	6.18	<i>G5</i>
5111	80 Virginis	13	30.3	− 4	53	5.75	<i>K0</i>
5149	2 Boötis	13	36.3	+23	1	5.80	<i>G6</i>
5161		13	38.3	+35	30	5.98	<i>K0</i>
5213		13	46.5	+61	59	6.05	<i>K0</i>
5254		13	53.8	+15	8	6.02	<i>K5</i>
5310		14	6.9	+32	45	6.24	<i>K2</i>
5370	20 Boötis	14	15.1	+16	46	4.97	<i>K4</i>
5420	24 Boötis	14	25.2	+50	18	5.61	<i>G5</i>
5464		14	34.5	+44	4	5.92	<i>K0</i>
5544	ξ Boötis	14	46.8	+19	31	4.64	<i>G5</i>
5573	1 Serpentis	14	52.4	+ 0	14	5.71	<i>K1</i>
5600	ω Boötis	14	57.7	+25	24	4.93	<i>K5</i>
5616	ψ Boötis	15	0.2	+27	20	4.67	<i>K2</i>
5690		15	13.3	− 0	6	6.04	<i>K5</i>
5737		15	21.0	+63	42	5.78	<i>K5</i>
5785		15	29.6	+64	33	5.88	<i>G5</i>
5795	τ³ Serpentis	15	31.0	+18	0	6.06	<i>G7</i>
5840	τ⁶ Serpentis	15	36.4	+16	21	5.97	<i>G5</i>
5855	π Coronae	15	40.1	+32	50	5.60	<i>G9</i>
5899	ρ Serpentis	15	46.9	+21	17	4.88	<i>K5</i>
5901	κ Coronae	15	47.5	+35	59	4.77	<i>K1</i>
5922		15	50.0	+56	7	5.92	<i>K0</i>
5947	ε Coronae	15	53.4	+27	10	4.22	<i>K0</i>
5966	5 Herculis	15	56.7	+18	6	5.28	<i>G7</i>
5976	43 Serpentis	15	58.8	+ 5	16	6.18	<i>K0</i>
6057		16	9.3	+ 6	9	6.44	<i>G5</i>
6068		16	11.7	+27	41	6.30	<i>K2</i>
6075	ε Ophiuchi	16	13.0	− 4	27	3.34	<i>G7</i>
6108	21 Coronae	16	18.7	+33	56	5.28	<i>K4</i>
6130		16	22.5	+61	56	5.64	<i>G5</i>
6220	η Herculis	16	39.5	+39	7	3.61	<i>G5</i>
6239		16	43.5	+13	46	6.32	<i>G5</i>
6292	56 Herculis	16	50.9	+25	54	6.33	<i>G4</i>
6299	κ Ophiuchi	16	52.9	+ 9	32	3.42	<i>K0</i>
6333		16	58.2	+25	40	5.95	<i>K0</i>
6433	66 Herculis	17	13.9	+10	58	5.28	<i>K7</i>
6542		17	29.2	+16	25	5.66	<i>G9</i>
6574	82 Herculis	17	34.0	+48	38	5.54	<i>K0</i>
6607		17	39.1	+51	52	6.12	<i>K0</i>
6638		17	44.1	+20	36	5.77	<i>G5</i>
6791		18	4.5	+43	27	5.11	<i>G5</i>

THE CONSTANCY OF THE LIGHT OF RED STARS

TABLE V—*Continued*

H. R.	Name	R. A. <i>h</i> 1900	R. A. <i>m</i> 1900	Decl. ° 1900	Vis. Mag.	Spectrum
6824		18	9.5	+41 8	6.36	K0
6860	105 Herculis	18	15.1	+24 24	5.49	K4
6966		18	28.6	+23 33	5.99	K5
6983		18	31.6	+52 16	5.42	G5
7137		18	50.7	+50 35	4.97	G5
7146		18	51.7	+41 29	5.57	G8
7192	λ Lyrae	18	56.3	+32 0	5.11	K4
7314	θ Lyrae	19	12.9	+37 57	4.46	K0
7319	23 Aquilae	19	13.5	+ 0 55	5.32	K0
7349		19	17.2	- 0 26	5.95	G6
7417	β Cygni	19	26.7	+27 45	3.24	K0
7468		19	33.6	+44 29	5.16	K1
7478	φ Cygni	19	35.5	+29 56	4.79	G8
7487		19	36.6	+45 43	6.34	G5
7488	β Sagittae	19	36.6	+17 15	4.45	G8
7517	15 Cygni	19	40.7	+37 7	5.02	G7
7662		19	58.8	+18 14	6.14	K2
7679	η Sagittae	20	0.7	+19 42	5.26	K0
7685	ρ Draconis	20	2.3	+67 35	4.66	K3
7689	27 Cygni	20	2.7	+35 42	5.52	G3
7831	69 Aquilae	20	24.4	- 3 13	5.11	K0
7873	70 Aquilae	20	31.5	- 2 54	5.22	K5
7969		20	44.6	+47 28	5.65	K0
8003		20	49.8	+44 48	5.59	G7
8066	3 Equulei	20	59.6	+ 5 7	5.93	K5
8090		21	3.5	+ 6 36	6.38	K5
8165	34 Vulpec.	21	16.5	+23 27	5.82	G9
8228	71 Cygni	21	25.8	+46 6	5.34	G9
8252	φ Cygni	21	30.2	+45 9	4.22	G5
8312		21	39.7	+58 48	6.21	K2
8374		21	52.3	+61 4	6.22	K5
8393	19 Pegasi	21	56.2	+ 7 47	5.85	K4
8413	ν Pegasi	22	0.6	+ 4 34	4.90	K5
8426	20 Cephei	22	2.0	+62 18	5.39	K5
8610	κ Aquarii	22	32.6	- 4 45	5.33	K1
8632	11 Lacertae	22	36.1	+43 46	4.64	K2
8712		22	49.5	+39 51	5.94	K2
8729	51 Pegasi	22	52.5	+20 14	5.59	G4
8796	56 Pegasi	23	2.2	+24 56	4.98	K0p
8804	4 Androm.	23	3.1	+45 51	5.56	K8
8833		23	8.5	+10 31	5.94	K0
8841	ψ ¹ Aquarii	23	10.7	- 9 38	4.46	K0
8874	11 Androm.	23	14.8	+48 4	5.42	G9
8893	66 Pegasi	23	18.0	+11 46	5.28	K0
8894		23	18.1	+59 35	5.93	K5
8912	9 Piscium	23	22.1	+ 0 34	6.44	G6
8943	72 Pegasi	23	29.0	+30 46	5.21	K4
8997	78 Pegasi	23	39.0	+28 49	4.98	G7
9008	τ Cassiop.	23	42.1	+58 6	5.09	K0
9033	22 Piscium	23	46.9	+ 2 23	5.85	K5

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI
PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

J. D. 242	45, M1 > (166, 167)	103, M3 > (166, 167)	166, K0 < 167, G7	J. D. 242	337, M0 > (352, 360)	352, K1 > 360, G7	
4784.68	M 0.320	M -0.103	M 0.306	4801.75	M 0.113	M 0.118	
4793.83	.353	-.058	.314	4811.65	.051	.086	
4815.67	.342	+.042	.301	4840.69	.092	.124	
4830.59	.304	+.030	.290	4855.61	.110	.110	
4840.66	.336	+.146	.294	5517.69	.112	.110	
4846.61	.342	+.088	.294	5526.83	.147	.121	
	0.333 ± .014	+0.024 ± .070	0.300 ± .007	5574.70	.107	.114	
					0.105 ± .019	0.112 ± .008	
Shade 1.80 on 337.							
J. D. 242	9089, M3 < 3, K0	46, M4 < 3, K0	3, K0 > 29, G5	J. D. 242	450, M2 < (414, 475)	414, G8 > 475, K1	
5235.59	M 0.283	M 0.174	M	5210.70	M 0.464	M 0.494	
5276.54	.221	.250	.....	5233.66	.496	.493
5496.80	.314	.274	0.469	5278.54	.474	.503	
5526.71	.357	.277	.440	5295.54	.498	.499	
5574.60	.350	.299	.464		0.483 ± .014	0.497 ± .004	
5619.58	.354	.281	.470				
	0.313 ± .041	0.259 ± .032	0.461 ± .010				
Shade 0.86 on 9089 and 3.							
J. D. 242	117, M0 > 94, K0	248, M0 > 94, K0		J. D. 242	587, M5 > (752, 759)	752, K0 < 759, K5	
5235.61	M 0.092	M 0.267		5235.63	M 0.098	M 0.065	
5554.65	.072	.282		5276.56	.114	.065	
5566.61	.068	.283		5526.82	.046	.028	
	0.077 ± .010	0.277 ± .007		5586.68	(.018)	(.055)	
				5998.57	.156	.048	
					0.104 ± .031	0.052 ± .014	
Shade 0.86 on 248.							
J. D. 242	211, M4 < (213, 319)	213, K0 > 319, G7		J. D. 242	631, M3 > 609, K5	648, M1 > 609, K5	563, G6 > 609, K5
5517.68	M 0.238	M 0.601		5233.68	M 0.375	M 0.421
5545.71	.108	.632		5276.59	.388	.399
5574.61	(.260)	(.565)	Clouds?	5295.55	.325	.402
5610.60	.128	.634		5545.73	.405	.391	0.195
5623.54	.158	.630		5554.76	.392	.390	.205
	0.158 ± .040	0.624 ± .012		5643.58	.369	.379	.188
					0.376 ± .019	0.397 ± .010	0.196 ± .006
Shade 1.31 on 563.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	1009, M0 < 1205, K4	1105, M4 < 1205, K4	1155, M1 > 1205, K4	J. D. 242	1527, M2 > 1720, K4	1802, M1 > 1720, K4	
4793.84	M	M 0.260	M 0.254	5179.84	M 0.296	M 0.222	
4815.70	.....	.289	.248	5235.80	.323	.195	
4922.58	.....	.231	.314	5278.78	.312	.233	
4954.66	.....	.168	.378	5302.68	.300	.201	
4970.59	.....	.204	.357	5322.62	.321	.212	
5235.74	0.616	.139	.397				
5250.69	.610	.182	.425				
5280.57	.620	.268	.365				
5302.60	.644	.218	.343				
5322.57	.645	.206	.309				
5615.76	.....	.....	.274				
5654.61	.....	.....	.326				
	0.627 ± .014	0.216 ± .038	0.332 ± .045				
J. D. 242	1335, M0 > (1313, 1467)	1313, K0 > 1467, G6		J. D. 242	1556, M4 > 1684, K5	1845, M2 > 1684, K5	1580, K1 > 1684, K5
5190.77	M -0.008	M 0.019		5188.81	M 0.179	M 0.413	.....
5235.78	+ .001	.030		5248.58	.235	.364	.....
5278.74	± .000	.043		5276.66	.201	.236	0.033
5302.62	+ .046	.044		5287.64	.180	.208	.028
5322.59	+ .022	.076		5308.60	.172	.187	.046
	+0.012 ± .017	0.042 ± .014		5323.57	.255	.170	.005
				5613.73	.149	.048	.024
				5637.59	.158	.123	.047
				5678.58	.210	.222	.047
					0.193 ± .028	0.219 ± .080	0.033 ± .012
Shade 0.86 on 1467.				Shade 1.31 on 1580.			
J. D. 242	1451, M3 > (1332, 1452)	1332, K0 < 1452, K5		J. D. 242	1562, M1 > (1601, 1709)	1601, K3 < 1709, K3	
5188.79	M +0.010	M 0.392		5190.75	M 0.124	M 0.345	
5233.78	+ .064	.409		5248.68	.134	.370	
5251.62	+ .152	.365		5276.64	.130	.336	
5287.62	+ .113	.382		5619.68	.171	.330	
5308.59	+ .050	.368		5654.58	.138	.410	
5323.56	+ .036	.360			0.139 ± .012	0.358 ± .025	
5573.82	+ .022	.377					
5613.68	- .048	.336					
5637.57	(- .004)	(.426)	Moon				
5678.57	- .024	.376					
	+0.042 ± .047	0.374 ± .015					
Shade 1.31 on 1601.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	1722, M4 > (1725, 1773)	1725, K0 < 1773, K5		J. D. 242	2011, M1 < 1995, G5	2091, M3 > 1995, G5	1995, G5 < 2012, K1
5190.78	M −0.001	M 0.452		4805.77	M 0.106	M 0.198	.....
5228.84	+ .158	.434		4840.74	.079	.307	.....
5278.80	+ .055	.438		4921.67	.080	.284	.....
5287.68	(+ .104)	(.382)	Clouds	4954.64	.070	.278	.....
5308.66	+ .076	.435		5320.66	.063	.286	.....
5320.64	+ .168	.392		5329.58	.076	.239	.....
5615.78	+ .095	.414		5619.75	.082	.198	0.396
5654.63	+ .197	.401		5654.68	.078	.139	.374
	+0.107 ± .058	0.424 ± .018		5715.61	.044	.276	.405
Shade 0.86 on 1773.							
Shade 0.86 on 1995 and 2012.							
J. D. 242	1834, M0 > (1830, 1874)	1830, K0 > 1874, K0		J. D. 242	2215, M3 < (2152, 2165)	2152, G8 > 2165, K0	
5251.65	M 0.244	M 0.404		4805.78	M 0.176	M 0.185	
5287.66	.245	.443		4840.76	.182	.185	
5308.62	.236	.436		4922.67	.188	.199	
5613.75	.210	.444		4954.68	.247	.190	
5643.63	.230	.428		4970.65	.156	.192	
	0.233 ± .010	0.431 ± .012		5619.73	.216	.206	
Shade 0.86 on 1834.							
J. D. 242	2216, M3 < 2219, G8	2286, M3 > 2219, G8		J. D. 242	2216, M3 < 2219, G8	2286, M3 > 2219, G8	
5235.83	M 0.235	M 0.071		4811.84	M −0.007	M 0.223	
5267.72	.209	.072		4817.88	+ .016	.174	
5287.61	.216	.053		4846.74	− .001	.173	
5307.64	.232	.050		4915.72	+ .264	.206	
	0.223 ± .010	0.062 ± .010		4954.62	+ .130	.134	
Shade 0.86 on 2216 and 2286.							

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	2269, M0 > (2235, 2277)	2235, K0 < 2277, K0		J. D. 242	2639, M2 < (2655, 2701)	2655, K1 < 2701, K0	
5266.69	M 0.447	M 0.485		5266.74	M 0.038	M 0.189	
5297.73	.462	.479		5308.65	.002	.250	
5323.59	.441	.450		5623.64	.013	.206	
5358.59	(.466)	(.440)	Smoke	5664.69	.010	.227	
	0.450 ± .008	0.471 ± .014			0.016 ± .011	0.218 ± .020	
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J. D. 242	2275, M1 > (2334, 2335)	2334, G8 > 2335, K0		Shade 0.86 on 2701.			
5251.67	M 0.174	M 0.502		J. D. 242	2703, M3 > (2737, 2804)	2737, K0 > 2804, K2	
5266.71	.212	.498			5267.79	M 0.170	M 0.159
5310.57	.238	.521			5287.79	.164	.212
5619.70	.219	.499			5307.71	.197	.161
5654.67	.222	.500			5346.72	.223	.162
	0.213 ± .016	0.504 ± .007			5365.64	.156	.167
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J. D. 242	2469, M0 > 2381, K0	2508, M1 < 2381, K0		J. D. 242	5623.62	.186	.167
5266.73	M 0.111	M 0.075			5675.66	.299	.157
5308.63	.134	.068				0.199 ± .035	0.169 ± .012
5328.58	.094	.093					
5623.67	.131	.031					
5664.66	.110	.052					
	0.116 ± .013	0.064 ± .018					
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J. D. 242	2609, M2 < 3751, K4	2742, M4 < 3751, K4		J. D. 242	2717, M4 < 2864, K4	2795, M0 < 2864, K4	
4805.68	M 0.185	M +0.233		4921.64	M 0.214	M 0.061	
4840.78	.120	+ .099		4970.61	.154	.036	
4922.60	.205	+ .064		5235.85	.447	.039	
4944.74	.170	+ .055		5297.75	.206	.056	
4966.72	.137	+ .008		5323.61	.010	.058	
4992.63	.164	+ .126		5329.61	.099	.059	
5006.63	.183	+ .056		5351.60	.247	.059	
5301.76	.068	- .006		5623.74	.201	.078	
5320.67	.088	- .012		5675.64	.146	.022	
	0.147 ± .039	+0.069 ± .056			0.192 ± .079	0.052 ± .013	
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Shade 0.86 on 3751.							
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Shade 0.86 on 2864.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	2725, M1 < (2905, 2983)	2738, M1 < (2905, 2983)	2905, M0 < 2983, M0	J. D. 242	2999, M3 > 2935, K5	3013, M1 > 2935, K5	2924, G3 > 2935, K5
5287.80	M 0.304	M 0.315	M 0.396	5287.84	M 0.547	M 0.585	M
5308.72	.298	.290	.400	5320.72	.579	.585	0.725
5349.62	.288	.321	.362	5349.65	.591	.599	.753
5637.66	.349	.362	.410	5365.65	.606	.629	.753
5664.74	.371	.374	.382	5678.65	.613	.615	.772
	0.322 ± .030	0.332 ± .028	0.390 ± .014	5715.66	.610	.643	.744
				5748.61	.627	.663	.757
Shade 1.56 on 2905.					0.596 ± .020	0.617 ± .024	0.751 ± .011
J. D. 242	2747, Mb < (2663, 2713)	2663, K0 > 2713, G5		J. D. 242	3319, M3 < 3461, K0	3357, M1 > 3461, K0	3366, K5 > 3461, K0
5306.69	M 0.007	M 0.060		5306.71	M 0.103	M 0.087	.....
5351.59	.014	.095		5329.63	.154	.116	.....
5623.68	.088	.042		5359.60	.089	.135	.....
5654.76	(.034)	(.079)	Sky?	5634.71	.299	.097	0.363
5664.70	.042	.086		5688.56	.126	.121	.390
	0.038 ± .027	0.071 ± .020		5723.64	.214	.106	.383
J. D. 242	2903, M1 < (2939, 3066)	2939, G7 > 3066, K5			0.164 ± .062	0.110 ± .014	0.379 ± .010
5267.80	M 0.396	M 0.260		Shade 1.80 on 3461.			
5287.82	.373	.290		J. D. 242	3576, M3 > 3403, K2	3609, M0 < 3403, K2	
5308.74	.398	.263		4921.65	M 0.243	M 0.113	
5349.63	.374	.266		4944.75	.255	.113	
	0.385 ± .012	0.270 ± .010		4948.74	.251	.127	
J. D. 242	2938, M0 > 3128, K4	2967, M3 < 3128, K4		4954.71	.259	.115	
5306.70	M 0.278	M 0.278		4992.66	.227	.118	
5329.66	.345	.243		5365.67	.193	.135	
5623.75	.268	.340		5386.63	.192	.136	
5654.78	(.346)	(.242) }	One set, sky doubtful	5634.73	.243	.093	
5678.67	(.322)	(.261) }		5675.78	.257	.112	
5715.64	.333	.285			0.236 ± .021	0.118 ± .010	
	0.306 ± .033	0.286 ± .026		Shade 0.86 on 3403.			

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	3660, M0 > 3922, G4	3698, Mb < 3922, G4	3870, M3 < 3922, G4	J. D. 242	3866, M2 > 4035, M2	3866, M2 > 4127, M2	4035, M2 > 4127, M2
4970.73	M	M 0.313	M 0.455	4970.69	M (0.124)	M (0.166)	M (0.040)
4992.70	.....	.471	.442	5006.61	.095	.190	.094
5000.69	.....	.550	.487	5300.74	.070	.198	.128
5287.85	0.131	.338	.328	5320.74	.083	.172	.088
5308.78	.161	.309	.410	5351.62	.062	.151	.088
5359.62	.111	.490	.489		0.078	0.178	0.100
5378.61	.118	.499	.425		= .012	= .016	= .014
	0.130 = .016	0.424 = .089	0.434 = .039	4970.69 Doubtful.			
Shade 0.86 on 3870.							
J. D. 242	3705, M0 < 3815, K1	3769, M1 < 3815, K1	3820, M2 < 3815, K1	J. D. 242	3876, M1 > (3827, 3834)	3827, K0 < 3834, K3	
5300.76	M 0.349	M 0.641	M 0.803	5320.75	M 0.022	M 0.089	
5349.68	.328	.574	.766	5349.69	.009	.118	
5363.73	.359	.595	.856		.018	.077	
5634.75	.321	.585	.820		0.016	0.095	
5675.80	.338	.606	.817		= .005	= .016	
5723.66	.344	.611	.839				
	.315	.593	.819				
	0.336 = .013	0.601 = .016	0.817 = .019	Shade 1.31 on 3827 and 3834.			
J. D. 242	3950, M2 < 3980, K5						
4565.79	M 0.442			4577.68	.426		
4587.70				4617.65	.445		
4646.62				4646.62	.432		
					.444		
					0.438 = .007		
J. D. 242	4035, M2 < (4208, 4209)	4127, M2 < (4208, 4209)	4208, K2 < 4209, G5				
5378.63	M 0.414	M 0.577	M 0.188	5634.81	.408	.494	.213
5634.80				5675.83	.429	.501	.177
5675.82				5752.61	(.400)	(.439)	(.173)
5723.71					0.417 = .008	0.524 = .035	0.193 = .014
	0.126 = .017	0.114 = .002		5752.61 Moon.			

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	4088, M3 < (4004, 4193)	4004, G9 < 4193, K1		J. D. 242	4333, Mb < 4335, K0	4336, Ma < 4335, K0	
4970.70	M 0.256	M +0.014		4970.74	M 0.152	M 0.304	
5006.60	.240	— .009		4992.73	.151	.270	
5300.80	.238	— .010		5300.85	.171	.335	
5322.73	(.172)	(— .022)	Smoke?	5320.83	.122	.300	
5351.64	.265	+ .005			0.149	0.302	
5375.63	.202	+ .032			± .014	± .017	
	0.240 ± .016	+0.006 ± .013					
							Shade 2.95 on 4335.
J. D. 242	4092, M2 > 4059, K0	4122, M0 < 4059, K0		J. D. 242	4362, M2 > (4483, 4495)	4433, K0 < 4495, G7	
5300.82	M 0.258	M 0.246		4970.72	M 0.204	M 0.366	
5323.65	.252	.208		4992.74	.204	.365	
5351.66	.236	.236		5303.79	.270	.351	
	0.249 ± .008	0.230 ± .015		5324.71	.286	.341	
J. D. 242	4267, M5 < (4291, 4358)	4291, K1 > 4358, K3			0.241 ± .037	0.356 ± .010	
5300.84	M 0.328	M 0.216					
5323.64	.424	.190					
5351.67	.606	.202					
5375.65	.486	.231					
	0.461 ± .085	0.210 ± .014					
			Shade 0.86 on 4291.				
J. D. 242	4299, M1 < (4291, 4432)	4371, M0 < (4291, 4432)	4291, K1 > 4432, K5	J. D. 242	4434, M0 > (4461, 4504)	4659, K0 < (4461, 4504)	4461, G5 > 4504, K2
4565.81	M 0.165	M 0.520	M 0.230	4577.76	M 0.328	M	M 0.364
4577.70	.159	.516	.179	4617.69	.277	.....	.357
4587.72	.146	.502	.221	4623.61	.320	0.512	.353
4617.66	.128	.505	.222	4636.61	.306	.481	.364
4646.64	.153	.525	.221	4646.67	.342	.540	.375
	0.150 ± .011	0.514 ± .008	0.215 ± .014	4658.64	.296	.518	.406
				4686.70	.279	.496	.356
				4922.66	.275	.517	.350
				4954.74	.324	.488	.357
					0.305 ± .021	0.507 ± .016	0.365 ± .012
							Shade 0.86 on 4434.

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	4483, M6 < (4418, 4695)	4517, M1 < (4418, 4695)	4418, G7 > 4695, K0	J. D. 242	4807, M3 < (4837, 4878)	4837, G0 > 4878, K4	
4577.74	M 0.736	M 0.150	M 0.154	5303.80	M 0.178	M 0.424	
4587.74	.772	.151	.197	5324.80	.164	.404	
4623.65	.826	.134	.175	5356.64	.172	.424	
4635.63	(.574)	(.128)	(.200)	5373.69	.141	.439	
4636.62	.646	.130	.....	5664.76	.190	.447	
4658.62	.813	.134	.151	5698.70	.218	.428	
5349.71	(.755)	(.146)	(.145)	5730.66	.129	.422	
5356.70	.831	.165	.153		0.170	0.427	
5373.67	.785	.168	.171		± .022	± .010	
5389.63	.866	.110	.142				
5412.64	.790	.180	.193				
	0.785 ± .045	0.147 ± .018	0.167 ± .017				
Shade 0.86 on 4517.							
4635.63 One set.							
5349.71 Poor.							
J. D. 242	4726, M3 < 4762, K0	4745, M2 < 4762, K0		J. D. 242	4846, Nb < 4945, K4	4909, Mb < 4945, K4	4919, K0 < 4945, K4
4978.78	M 0.296	M 0.114		5000.74	M 0.390	M 0.388	.....
4992.76	.279	.107		5027.67	0.380	.562	.....
5056.68	.260	.095		5062.66	0.493	.486	.....
5094.62	.259	.089		5070.63	0.504	.448	0.405
5303.74	.285	.110		5101.61	0.401	.579	.357
5324.74	.275	.103		5326.71	1.005	.676	.390
	0.276 ± .011	0.103 ± .007		5356.80	.....	.499	.393
				5365.76	.....	.602	.378
				5397.66	.....	.679	.399
				5433.65	.....	.698	.370
					0.529 ± .159	0.557 ± .091	0.385 ± .014
J. D. 242	4765, M4 > (4795, 4863)	4795, K0 > 4863, K3		J. D. 242	4910, M3 > 5015, M2		
5000.71	M +0.001	M 0.658		4565.91	M 0.107		
5022.72	- .001	.698		4577.77	.091		
5056.70	+ .008	.680		4609.71	.084		
5094.63	+ .148	.655		4637.63	.115		
5113.59	+ .002	.679		4671.62	.104		
5303.75	+ .110	.670			0.100 ± .010		
5324.76	- .050	.686					
	+0.031 ± .056	0.675 ± .012					
Shade 1.31 on 4910.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	4920, M0 > 4962, K0	4949, M5 > 4962, K0		J. D. 242	5123, Ma > (5102, 5149)	5102, G5 > 5149, G6	
4970.80	M 0.374	M 0.122		5000.80	M +0.040	M 0.310	
5000.72	.364	.197		5038.72	+ .030	.308	
5013.65	.304	.219		5063.67	+ .046	.287	
5303.82	.343	.054		5101.62	+ .018	.256	
5324.81	.326	.031		5303.85	+ .022	.283	
5351.76	.340	.164		5356.61	- .004	.266	
	0.342 ± .018	0.131 ± .062			+0.025 ± .013	0.285 ± .017	
Shade 0.86 on 4920.				Shade 0.86 on 5149.			
J. D. 242	4998, M0 < (4960, 4986)	4960, K0 > 4986, K5		J. D. 242	5154, M2 > 5213, K0		
5303.83	M 0.076	M 0.371		5004.65	M +0.040		
5324.82	.084	.414		5038.74	+ .022		
5349.76	(.138)	(.379)	Sky?	5062.68	- .004		
5375.68	.062	.388		5101.64	+ .051		
5406.66	.060	.410		5302.78	+ .041		
	0.058 ± .012	0.396 ± .016			+0.030 ± .017		
Shade 0.86 on 5154.							
J. D. 242	5095, M3 > 5111, K0	5150, M2 > 5111, K0		J. D. 242	5200, M0 > 5254, K5	5352, M3 < 5254, K5	5254, K5 > 5370, K4
4970.79	M 0.436	M 0.127		5306.82	M 0.226	M 0.025	M
5000.75	.460	.196		5336.76	.249	.079	.....
5038.69	.497	.153		5349.79	.249	.066	.....
5324.84	.426	.148		5375.73	.248	.060	0.316
5356.73	.442	.144		5406.69	.235	.049	.283
5378.68	.471	.143		5437.66	.260	.076	.308
	0.455 ± .021	0.152 ± .015			0.244 ± .010	0.059 ± .015	0.302 ± .013
Shade 1.56 on 5200 and 5370.							

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	5215, M1 < 5310, K2	5219, M2 > 5310, K2	5161, K0 > 5310, K2	J. D. 242	5452, M1 < 5420, G5	5452, M1 < 5464, K0	5420, G5 < 5464, K0
5000.81	M 0.062	M 0.338	M	5116.61	M +0.101	M	M
5038.76	.028	.313	.....	5306.83	— .041	.....	.....
5062.69	.077	.377	.....	5346.69	+ .006	.....	.....
5079.65	.010	.418	.....	5363.84	+ .022	0.083	0.060
5116.59	.042	.456	.....	5406.71	+ .036	.130	.094
5326.72	.069	.260	.....	5429.73	(+ .052)	(.078)	(.024)
5356.75	.053	.305	0.479	5458.63	— .011	.069	.080
5375.71	.080	.287	.491	5675.85	+ .021	.099	.078
5406.68	.085	.383	.465	5723.86	+ .058	.096	.039
5433.67	.055	.402	.451		+0.024	0.095	0.070
	0.056 ± .018	0.354 ± .053	0.472 ± .014		± .031	± .016	± .017

Shade 0.86 on 5219.

Shade 0.86 on 5420.
5429.73 One set.

J. D. 242	5299, M4 < 5420, G5	5300, M2 < 5420, G5	
4648.64	M 0.300	M 0.304	
4668.71	.264	.320	
4676.73	.340	.274	
4686.72	.198	.350	
4722.65	.179	.249	
4748.62	.395	.333	
4966.74	.245	.339	
5000.79	.285	.288	
5060.66	.306	.217	
5072.62	.264	.311	
5116.61	— .438	— .401	{ Shade 0.86
5306.83	— .552	— .410	on 5420
5346.69	— .465	— .401	
	+0.278 ± .048	+0.298 ± .033	
	-0.485 ± .045	-0.404 ± .004	

See next group.

J. D. 242	5490, M3 < (5544, 5616)	5600, K5 > (5544, 5616)	5544, G5 > 5616, K2
4565.87	M 0.088	M 0.028	M 0.395
4578.80	.124	.020	.399
4625.66	.072	.060	.377
4647.74	.074	.050	.367
4668.76	.122	.056	.377
	0.096 ± .021	0.043 ± .015	0.383 ± .011

Shade 0.86 on 5544 and 5616.

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	5589, M5 > (5737, 5785)	5226, M3 > (5737, 5785)	5334, M2 < (5737, 5785)	5737, K5 < 5785, G5	
5329.80	M + 0.046	M 0.047	M 0.529	M 0.248	
5351.83	+ .143	.092	.512	.242	
5429.67	-.118	.086	.480	.227	
5431.65	-.106	.051	.511	.256	
5433.63	(-.054)	(.144)	(.428)	(.244)	Sky?
5437.68	-.028	.....	.....	.244	
5442.63	+.022	.072	.523	.228	
5458.61	-.038	.....	.....	.251	
5504.60	+.094	.095	.472	.246	
5511.59	-.082	.....	.....	.226	
5664.81	+.028	.015	.577	.230	
5763.70	+.068	.039	.540	.232	
5777.73	+.072	.089	.509	.240	
5791.68	-.117	.009	.562	.254	
5819.63	+.172	.035	.510	.217	
5828.62	+.034	.069	.540	.210	
5834.62	-.048	.140	.512	.228	
5837.62	-.059	.....	.....	.252	
5849.66	(-.088)	.....	.....	(.216)	Smoke
5851.60	(-.074)	.....	.....	(.244)	Smoke
5861.59	+.023	.....	.....	.241	
5866.62	+.044	.....	.....	.257	
5871.58	(+.033)	.....	.....	(.205)	One set
5887.55	-.036	.....	.....	.271	
	+0.006 ± .068	0.065 ± .029	0.521 ± .022	0.240 ± .012	

Shade 0.86 on M-stars.

5226 and 5334 taken with 5589; hence variation of 5226 is marked as suspicious only.

J. D. 242	5590, M1 > 5690, K5	5594, M2 > 5690, K5	5573, K1 > 5690, K5	J. D. 242	5654, M4 < 5795, G7	5739, M1 > 5795, G7	5795, G7 < 5840, G5
5306.85	M 0.189	M 0.156	M	4993.76	M 0.281	M 0.437	.....
5336.77	.218	.123	.....	5042.72	.293	.426	.....
5360.76	.153	.097	.....	5063.71	.269	.415	.....
5375.76	.188	.143	0.664	5122.60	(.203)	(.455)	.....
5406.73	.236	.152	.661	5336.79	.144	.374	.....
5431.68	(.201)	(.184)	(.652)	5363.79	.234	.393	0.155
	0.197 ± .024	0.134 ± .019	0.662 ± .002	5411.74	.224	.411	.150
				5433.70	.144	.412	.157
				5458.64	(.182)	(.443)	(.110)
5431.68 One set.					0.227 ± .048	0.410 ± .015	0.154 ± .003
					5122.60 Poor.		
					5458.64 One set, clouds.		

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	5763, M0 > 5855, G9	5800, M2 < 5855, G9	5932, M3 < 5855, G9	J. D. 242	6039, M4 > (5947, 6068)	5947, K0 > 6068, K2	
4578.81	M (0.050)	M (0.034)	M (0.260)	4993.79	M +0.084	M 0.158	
4591.78	.061	.023	.258	5042.76	— .090	.197	
4625.69	.091	.002	.247	5060.75	— .030	.142	
4647.71	.099	.035	.234	5079.71	+ .108	.186	
4668.83	.095	.023	.218	5094.67	— .100	.162	
	0.086 ± .013	0.021 ± .009	0.239 ± .013	5113.61	+ .018	.145	
4578.81	One set, clouds.			5363.82	+ .082	.140	
				5412.69	— .024	.161	
				5442.74	— .044	.127	
				5468.66	+ .008	.171	
				5505.59	+ .053	.132	
					+0.006 ± .058	0.156 ± .018	
							Shade 1.80 on 5947.
J. D. 242	5879, M1 > 5899, K5	5924, M0 < 5899, K5	5899, K5 < 5966, G7	J. D. 242	6056, M0 < 6075, G7	6128, M2 < 6075, G7	
5107.65	M 0.583	M 0.019	M	5000.83	M (0.053)	M (0.643)	
5136.60	(.570)	(.054)	.....	5031.83	(.054)	(.758)	One set Poor
5341.73	.618	.032	.....	5060.67	.034	.660	
5363.81	.586	.029	0.794	5077.64	.043	.698	
5412.67	.588	.017	.806	5101.65	.047	.656	
5433.73	.588	.004	.782		0.041 ± .005	0.671 ± .018	
5468.68	.604	.021	.816				
	0.594 ± .011	0.020 ± .007	0.800 ± .012				
							Shade 1.80 on 5879 and 5899.
							Shade 1.80 on 6056 and 6075.
J. D. 242	6010, M3 > (5976, 6057)	5976, K0 > 6057, G5		J. D. 242	6086, M4 < (5922, 6130)	5922, K0 < 6130, G5	
4993.78	M +0.004	M 0.389		5004.68	M 0.165	M 0.148	
5042.69	+ .060	.384		5056.72	.257	.139	
5062.72	+ .095	.370	OK	5079.73	.244	.134	
5079.66	— .004	.378		5094.72	.104	.127	
5346.77	+ .072	.353		5107.66	.074	.151	
	+0.045 ± .036	0.375 ± .011		5140.56	.112	.134	
					0.159 ± .063	0.139 ± .007	

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	6107, M2 < (6108, 6220)	6108, K4 < 6220, G5		J. D. 242	6159, M0 > 6433, K7	6228, M1 < 6433, K7	6393, M2 < 6433, K7
4690.75	M 0.120	M 0.524		5386.84	M 0.239	M 0.102	M 0.365
4751.64	.156	.547		5413.68	.210	.153	.405
4779.56	.162	.556		5442.75	.242	.105	.374
4966.80	.156	.536			0.230	0.120	0.381
4993.74	.170	.540			± .014	± .022	± .016
5031.85	.198	.548					
5060.68	.156	.538					
5077.63	.141	.550					
	0.157 ± .014	0.542 ± .008					
Shade 1.80 on 6220.							
J. D. 242	6146, M6 < 5901, K1	6200, M2 < 5901, K1		J. D. 242	6258, M1 < (6292, 6333)	6292, G4 < 6333, K0	
4565.88	M 0.495	M 0.509		5101.67	M 0.322	M 0.183	
4625.72	.640	.541		5122.62	.332	.225	
4636.69	.567	.549		5138.58	.308	.216	
4646.71	.657	.557		5365.78	.339	.206	
4658.66	.694	.532		5413.71	.328	.230	
4668.81	.743	.534		5442.77	.315	.208	
4676.78	(.710)	(.538)	One set		0.324 ± .009	0.211 ± .012	
4686.75	.729	.527					
4751.60	.964	.562					
4966.79	.642	.517					
4993.73	.266	.527					
5013.66	.636	.544					
5060.72	.420	.533					
5081.68	.342	.555					
	0.600 ± .140	0.537 ± .013					
J. D. 242	6159, M0 > 6239, G5	6227, M3 > 6239, G5		J. D. 242	6452, M2 > (6542, 6638)	6542, G9 > 6638, G5	
4993.80	M 0.345	M 0.108		5116.62	M 0.204	M 0.016	
5042.78	.339	.114		5140.57	.121	.040	
5062.74	.313	.186		5365.79	.130	.057	
5081.69	.310	.179		5412.73	(.078)	(.053)	
5138.57	.340	.114		5443.66	.092	.033	
5346.78	.297	.174		5469.65	.120	.040	
	0.324 ± .017	0.146 ± .034		5513.58	.039	.020	
Shade 0.86 on 6159. 6227 probably variable.							
					0.118 ± .035	0.034 ± .011	

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	6464, M0 < (6574, 6607)	6574, K0 > 6607, K0		J. D. 242	6868, M0 > 6966, K5	6882, M0 > 6966, K5	
5101.68	M 0.201	M 0.566		5101.74	M 0.091	M 0.283	
5122.63	.205	.562		5122.70	.118	.289	
5138.64	.208	.595		5140.60	.133	.312	
5142.62	.202	.573		5168.57	.120	.287	
5365.71	.231	.542			0.116	0.293	
5433.77	.151	.586			± .012	± .010	
5458.73	.160	.607					
5494.62	.187	.600					
	0.193 ± .020	0.579 ± .018					
Shade 0.86 on 6868.							
J. D. 242	6891, M3 < (6983, 7137)	6983, G5 > 7137, G5		J. D. 242	7139, M4 > (7192, 7814)	7192, K4 < 7314, K0	
6702, M6	6728, M0	6791, G5		5062.78	M 0.082	M 0.190	
< 6791, G5	> 6791, G5	> 6824, K0		5094.76	.086	.166	
				5116.64	.068	.162	
5101.70	M 0.499	M 0.118	M	5140.62	.096	.194	
5122.69	.443	.201	.....	5168.58	.106	.181	
5140.58	.614	.171	.....		0.088 ± .015	0.179 ± .012	
5168.55	.482	.166	.....			
5433.79	.740	.123	0.090				
5469.69	.798	.152	.067				
	0.596 ± .121	0.155 ± .024	0.078 ± .012				
Shade 1.31 on 6791.							
J. D. 242	6765, M2 > 6860, K4	6815, M3 > 6860, K4		4693.75	M 0.376	M 0.044	
				4719.82	.431	.060	
4690.77	M 0.182	M 0.308		4742.68	.410	.050	
4751.65	.193	.170		4772.61	.480	.076	
4765.58	.210	.202		4779.58	.476	.064	
4772.60	.195	.208		4803.57	.509	.075	
4779.57	.157	.257		5000.84	.258	.061	
4803.55	.193	.276		5062.76	.352	.055	
4993.85	.150	.192		5071.76	.374	.067	
5031.88	.166	.196		5081.72	.410	.043	
5060.63	.191	.165		5094.77	.368	.060	
5071.74	.183	.254		5107.68	.354	.062	
5081.70	.188	.201		5122.72	.464	.067	
5105.67	.199	.203		5142.63	.408	.084	
	0.184 ± .014	0.219 ± .036		5379.82	.530	.075	
				5413.73	.520	.070	
				5443.68	.598	.075	
				5494.63	.518	.057	
					0.435 ± .068	0.064 ± .009	
Shade 0.86 on 7314.							

OK

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	7157, M5 > (7146, 7314)	7146, G8 < 7314, K0		J. D. 242	7536, M2 > 7488, G8	7635, M0 < 7488, G8	
5064.66	M + .110	M 0.227		4693.83	M 0.218	M 0.250	
5094.78	- .082	.225		4719.85	.250	.253	
5107.70	- .081	.204		4748.70	.299	.258	
5142.64	+ .034	.207		4749.69	.293	.263	
5168.62	- .150	.221		4755.60	.311	.260	
	- .034 ± .085	0.217 ± .009		4765.60	.273	.260	
				4772.64	.251	.271	
				4779.59	.229	.269	
				4797.57	.250	.248	
				4830.55	.258	.270	
				4993.84	.273	.279	
				5031.86	.261	.262	
				5060.77	.235	.275	
				5081.76	.266	.266	
					0.262 ± .020	0.263 ± .007	
Shade 0.86 on 7157 and 7314.							
J. D. 242	7405, M1 < (7417, 7478)	7417, K0 < 7478, G8					
4693.82	M 0.182	M 0.074					
4719.84	.150	.084					
4748.69	.166	.079					
4772.63	.172	.075					
4803.58	.202	.029					
5412.81	.200	.070					
5443.70	.170	.090					
	0.177 ± .015	0.072 ± .012					
Shade 1.80 on 7417.							
J. D. 242	7414, M1 < (7319, 7349)	7319, K0 > 7349, G6					
5113.63	M 0.104	M 0.666					
5128.66	.070	.659					
5172.55	.076	.661					
	0.083 ± .014	0.662 ± .003					
Shade 0.86 on 7517 and 7689.							
J. D. 242	7514, M0 < (7468, 7487)	7468, K1 > 7487, G5					
5107.74	M 0.315	M 0.377					
5138.66	.320	.375					
5168.64	.302	.348					
	0.312 ± .007	0.367 ± .012					
Shade 0.86 on 7468.							
J. D. 242	7645, M4 > (7662, 7679)	7662, K2 < 7679, K0					
5094.80	M 0.100	M 0.449					
5116.67	.254	.448					
5142.66	.015	.455					
5172.56	.098	.455					
	0.117 ± .069	0.452 ± .003					
Shade 0.86 on 7679.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	7676, M1 7685, K3	7804, M5 7685, K3		J. D. 242	8163, M3 (8066, 8090)	8066, K5 8090, K5	
5063.74	M 0.466	M +0.037		5113.67	M 0.090	M 0.511	
5094.82	.463	-.021		5137.63	.078	.512	
5116.70	.454	-.066		5174.61	.052	.528	
5142.68	.451	+.016			0.073	0.517	
5174.59	.426	+.186			± .014	± .007	
	0.452 ± .011	+0.030 ± .065					
Shade 1.31 on 7685.							
J. D. 242	7851, M2 <(7969, 8003)	7969, K0 <8003, G7		J. D. 242	8284, M1 <(8228, 8252)	8306, M2 <(8228, 8252)	8228, G9 8252, G5
5063.75	M 0.141	M 0.449		5064.68	M 0.328	M	M 0.081
5094.86	.120	.423		5116.78	.338	0.760	.064
5116.75	.099	.414		5142.76	.329	.765	.076
5142.72	.143	.434		5190.60	.326	.772	.048
5180.60	.102	.420			0.330 ± .004	0.766 ± .004	0.067 ± .011
	0.121 ± .017	0.428 ± .011					
Shade 1.31 on 8252.							
J. D. 242	7951, M3 7831, 7873)	7831, K0 7873, K5		J. D. 242	8289, M2 >(8393, 8413)	8393, K4 <8413, K5	
5094.85	M 0.260	M 0.358		5101.79	M 0.122	M 0.042	
5116.69	.219	.368		5137.65	.145	.004	
5142.70	.223	.362		5180.57	.160	.038	
5174.60	.206	.346			0.142 ± .014	0.028 ± .016	
	0.227 ± .016	0.358 ± .006					
Shade 0.86 on 8413.							
J. D. 242	8044, M3 <8165, G9	8225, M1 <8165, G9		J. D. 242	8316, M2 >(8312, 8374)	8339, M1 >(8312, 8374)	8312, K2 8374, K5
5064.70	M 0.550	M 0.064		5064.72	M 0.532	M 0.532	M 0.262
5101.78	.534	.102		5113.69	.604	.544	.278
5138.69	.528	.080		5142.78	.622	.524	.257
5144.59	.530	.085		5190.56	.762	.542	.279
5180.55	.504	.094			0.630 ± .066	0.536 ± .008	0.269 ± .010
	0.529 ± .011	0.085 ± .010					
Shade 0.86 on 8225.							
Shade 0.86 on 8316.							

PHOTOMETRIC TESTS OF RED STARS

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TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	8383, M2e < 8426, K5	8416, M5 < 8426, K5	8621, M4 < 8426, K5	J. D. 242	8698, M2 > 8834, M2	8850, M5 < 8698, M2	8850, M5 < 8834, M2
4690.83	M ± 0.000	M 0.104	M 0.097	4754.73	M 0.428	M 0.701	M 0.272
4751.79	+ .029	.088	.037	4784.63	.448	.567	.120
4784.56	+ .043	.128	.124	4801.66	.408	.409	.000
4840.57	+ .211	.124	.050	4811.58	.350	.454	.104
5081.80	- .016	.180	.042	4830.56	.421	.464	.044
5107.75	+ .169	.159	.098	4840.56	.419	.557	.138
5144.60	+ .150	.118	.049	5081.83	.454	.540	.086
5168.74	+ .155	.171	.039	5116.76	.384	.408	.014
	+0.093	0.134	0.067	5146.68	.386	.433	.046
	$\pm .079$	$\pm .027$	$\pm .030$	5496.76	.....	.....	.089
				5547.63	.....	.....	.202
				5586.56	.....	.....	.066
					0.411	0.504	0.098
					$\pm .026$	$\pm .078$	$\pm .057$

Shade 0.86 on 8698 and 8834.

8834 probably constant.

J. D. 242	8424, M0 < 8632, K2	8572, M0 < 8632, K2	
5142.80	M 0.105	M 0.112	
5168.69	.089	.134	
5190.64	.094	.140	
5412.83	(.125)	(.200)	Poor
5450.75	.068	.202	
5494.66	.059	.155	
5554.63	.044	.151	
	0.076	0.149	
	$\pm .020$	$\pm .020$	

Shade 0.86 on 8572 and 8632.

J. D. 242	8698, M2 > 8610, K1	8834, M2 < 8841, K0	8850, M5 < 8841, K0
5496.75	M 0.139	M 0.362	M 0.451
5547.62	.071	.385	.588
5586.55	.165	.371	.436
	0.125	0.373	0.492
	$\pm .036$	$\pm .008$	$\pm .064$

Shade 0.86 on 8698, 8834, and 8841.

See preceding group.

J. D. 242	8562, M0 < 8833, K0	8795, M2 > 8833, K0	
5113.76	M 0.224	M 0.124	
5146.66	.229	.112	
5190.62	.196	.116	
	0.216	0.117	
	$\pm .013$	$\pm .004$	

Shade 0.86 on 8795.

J. D. 242	8699, M0 < 8712, K2	8876, M0 < 8712, K2	
5168.73	M 0.201	M 0.288	
5190.66	.171	.272	
5223.56	.184	.316	
	0.185	0.292	
	$\pm .010$	$\pm .016$	

Shade 0.86 on 8699.

TABLE VI—Continued

J. D. 242	8775, M2 < 8796, K0p	8940, M5 < 8796, K0p	8729, G4 < 8796, K0p	J. D. 242	8882, M0 < (8943, 8997)	9064, M3 < (8943, 8997)	8943, K4 < 8997, G7
4690.85	M 0.682	M 0.671	M	5077.81	M	M 0.008	M 0.413
4752.74	.696	.806	.....	5113.78	(.095)	(.099)	(.415)
4758.74	.688	.850	.....	5233.58	.209	.080	.411
4765.71	.639	.787	.....	5470.74	.218	.018	.447
4772.69	.761	.739	.....	5512.68	.211	.032	.424
4784.65	.774	.874	0.014	5554.56	.224	.064	.435
4801.69	.764	.779	.021	5586.66	.185	.039	.427
4811.59	.913	.833	.023				
4840.64	.796	.845	.051		0.209	0.040	0.426
4846.57	.920	.883	.083		± .010	± .021	± .010
4855.58	.819	.796	.075				
5081.81	.606	.752	.084				
5101.81	.888	.751	.116				
5146.70	.875	.748	.114				
5180.66	.785	.888	.133				
5470.72	.798	.966	.094				
5512.66	.818	.819	.098				
5547.67	.890	.863	.074				
	0.784 ± .074	0.814 ± .055	0.075 ± .030				
Shade 2.60 on 8775.							
J. D. 242	8815, M4 < 8893, K0	8991, M2 < 8893, K0	9036, M3 < 8893, K0	J. D. 242	8904, M2 > (8894, 9008)	8894, K5 < 9008, K0	
4811.61	M 0.213	M 0.306	M 0.194	5077.79	M 0.363	M 0.430	
4830.57	.178	.330	.223	5168.76	.382	.426	
4840.59	.201	.288	.233	5210.68	.366	.393	
4846.59	.245	.374	.218	5233.64	.324	.424	
5470.76	.285	.288	.218		0.359 ± .017	0.418 ± .013	
5518.78	.209	.298	.187				
5554.58	(.231)	(.362)	(.283)				
5602.57	.256	.353	.224				
	0.227 ± .030	0.320 ± .028	0.214 ± .013				
5554.58 Sky doubtful.							
J. D. 242	8860, M2 > (8804, 8874)	8804, K8 < 8874, G9		J. D. 242	9004, Na < 9033, K5	9047, M5 < 9033, K5	8912, G6 < 9033, K5
5077.80	M 0.204	M 0.157		5101.82	M +0.137	M 0.356	M
5137.67	.188	.175		5180.68	+ .131	.198	.....
5168.70	.165	.184		5496.78	+ .077	.308	0.250
5210.66	.185	.166		5526.69	- .023	.243	.273
	0.186 ± .010	0.170 ± .009		5566.63	+ .036	.291	.235
					+0.072 ± .052	0.279 ± .047	0.253 ± .014