STUDIES OF FAINT B-TYPE STARS. II*

DANIEL M. POPPER¹
McDonald Observatory and Berkeley, California
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ABSTRACT

Radial velocities and spectral types are listed for 150 B-type stars between magnitudes 8 and 12. The combined observations of this paper and of *McDonald Observatory Contribution* No. 35 are shown graphically.

The observations of B-type stars published in *McDonald Observatory Contribution* No. 35² have been extended by obtaining spectrograms of 150 additional stars, making a total of 268 stars. An attempt has been made to distribute the observations uniformly along the available portion of the Milky Way (see Figs. 1–3). The improvement in distribution over that of the first paper alone is due in a large measure to lists of B stars from unpublished sections of the *Henry Draper Extension*, made available through the courtesy of Dr. Shapley, Dr. Bok, and Mrs. Mayall, of the Harvard College Observatory. These lists include stars in three regions of galactic longitude: 180°–190°, 320°–340°, and 20°–40°. A few stars were chosen from the Cape catalogue of faint stars.³ A second spectrogram was obtained for each of 13 stars observed by O'Keefe.⁴ The remaining sources of material are listed in paper I.

Two spectrograms, having a dispersion 76 A/mm at $H\gamma$, were obtained for each star, with the exception of 24 stars with poor lines and of 2 stars for which insufficient observing time was available. The average exposure time for a star of given magnitude was decreased by hypersensitization of the emulsion.

MAGNITUDES

Although material has been obtained for the determination of magnitudes and colors of the stars, as well as additional material for some of the stars in paper I, I have not had the opportunity of reducing it. This material consists of photographic and photovisual plates taken with the 6-inch UV camera and of the spectrograms themselves, from which colors are to be determined (see paper I for a discussion). For 63 of the stars of this paper, however, photographic magnitudes and colors had been obtained by Seyfert in the program for the earlier paper. In this sense he is a collaborator, and I wish to express my indebtedness to him. His colors are not published here, since it is desirable to combine them with the colors from the spectrograms. Reliable photographic magnitudes are also available for 25 of the remaining stars. Of these, 10 are stars from the Bergedorfer Spektral-Durchmusterung, while 15 magnitudes were obtained from the colors and visual magnitudes of Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.⁵

The magnitudes of the 43 remaining stars for which photographic magnitudes are listed in Table 2 were taken from the catalogues listing the stars as B stars or from the CPD (Durchmusterung stars between -20° and -36°). For these latter, corrections to

- * Contributions from the McDonald Observatory, University of Texas, No. 92.
- ¹ On leave of absence for war research.
- ² Seyfert and Popper, Ap. J., 93, 461, 1941. Referred to as "I."
- ³ Catalogue of 20,554 Faint Stars, Observatory of the Cape of Good Hope, 1939.
- ⁴ Ap. J., 94, 353, 1941.

⁵ Ap. J., 91, 20, 1940.

the magnitudes were applied as given in *Harvard Ann.*, **80**, 256, 1917. For 19 of the BD stars, only approximate visual magnitudes are available. These were obtained from the BD and are corrected according to published tables.⁶

SPECTRAL TYPES

Classification of the spectra is discussed in the earlier paper. As a check on the consistency of the spectral types, a random selection of 45 of the spectrograms of that paper was reclassified along with the spectrograms of this paper. The systematic difference averages 0.1 spectral subdivision, while the differences taken without regard to sign average 0.5 subdivision. The star HD 123884 of paper I should be classified cB9 instead of cB6.

The use of the intensity ratio of the helium lines λ 3964 and λ 4026 continues to be a useful criterion for luminosity classification on our spectrograms of stars from types B1 to B4. The explanation suggested in paper I for the relative strengthening of λ 3964 in c stars is incorrect. The true reason is probably that this line is lost in the wing of $H\epsilon$ in the spectra of main-sequence stars.

TABLE I

LUMINOSITY CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO MORGAN,
KEENAN, AND KELLMAN

Type	McDonald					
TIFE	С	c ⁻	Normal			
O9.5. B0. B0.5 B1. B2. B3-A0.	I I–II I I	II III III	I-III I-III III-IV V V V			

An attempt is made in Table 1 to correlate the luminosity classes used here with those of Morgan, Keenan, and Kellman.⁷ Blank spaces occur in the table where luminosity classes are not used in the McDonald classification. A few B0 stars were observed which belong in class V. For these the remark is entered, following Table 2, that the spectrum is similar to that of τ Sco. In these spectra the Si IV lines are much stronger than those of Si III, but the ratio of Si IV to H is considerably smaller than for normal B0 stars.

RADIAL VELOCITIES

As in paper I, a correction of -2.1 km/sec has been applied to all measured velocities in order to reduce them to the system of Moore's catalogue. When the difference in velocity from two spectrograms exceeds five times the larger probable error of measurement, the comment "Velocity variable?" has been appended to Table 2. It is not implied that all the other stars have constant velocities. A few stars are common to our list and to that of Neubauer. These are indicated in the remarks at the end of Table 2. They are too few in number for a statistical comparison.

- ⁶ Pannekoek, Pub. Astr. Inst. Univ. Amsterdam, No. 1, 1924.
- ⁷ An Atlas of Stellar Spectra, Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1943.
- 8 Lick Obs. Pub., Vol. 18, 1932.
- ⁹ Ap. J., 97, 300, 1943.

TABLE 2
OBSERVATIONS OF B STARS

			DOLKV	ATIONS	OF D 31					
Star	α 1900	δ 1900	l	ь	$m_{ exttt{pg}}$	Spectrum	STAR VEL. (KM/SEC)	K-LINE VEL. (KM/SEC)	RE- MARKS	
	Part I									
8-1454 8-1105 8-640 8-1675 8-1779	0 ^h 50 ^m 1 1 1.2 1 4.8 1 5.4 1 12.6	+61° 13′ +60 6 +59 7 +61 23 +61 18	91 93 93 93 93 94	$\begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix}$	11.10 11.50 11.50 11.80 11.90	O7 c ⁻ B2 B2.5 B1 B3	-24eF -33dB -12cA -52cA -46dD	-54eF -12bB -25bC -41cA - 8bA	R	
236800	1 30.1 2 17.7 2 45.0 2 52.2 3 0.2	+59 26 +57 1 +59 57 +59 6 +58 55	96 103 105 106 107	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ -3 \\ +2 \\ +1 \\ +2 \end{array} $	9.58 9.41 9.05 11.00 11.04	B3 B1 B4 B4n A2p	-25cC -34eA -15dA -44eC +28cB	-15dB +15d + 5eB + 4bA Stellar	R	
9-106	3 5.2 4 37.0 5 16.1 5 21.4 5 21.7	+58 34 +50 21 +33 13 +21 25 +33 15	108 123 141 152 142	+ 2 + 4 0 - 6 + 1	10.51 9.77 9.28 9.94 10.89	B1n cB2 O7.5 B3+F8 c-B2	- 9eE + 1bA - 8eC +21cB +66dC	-30cC -15bB - 9cC -12bB -34e	R	
245770	5 32.7 5 38.3 5 40.2 5 48.0 5 58.1	+26 16 +33 29 +25 30 +22 6 + 9 40	149 144 151 155 166	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ +3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$	9.73 8.68 8.73 10.0 9.18	B1neα cB1+K B3neγ B0 B2neβ	+ 6dE - 1bA -14dB +23cB - 1cA	+ 1aC + 2cA +19e +12bA + 2aB	R R R	
251204. 253021. 254428. 254577. 255191.	5 59.0 6 5.7 6 11.2 6 11.8 6 14.0	+23 24 +21 40 +13 32 +22 26 +24 17	155 157 165 157 156	+ 2 + 3 0 + 5 + 6	10.4 10.2 9.13 9.5 10.7	B0 B2 B0.5 B0 cB1	+ 7dD f +18aA +18eC +24cD	+33d +15bB - 6aB +20e	R	
256577	6 18.6 6 19.1 6 26.2 6 28.1 6 28.8	+ 8 21 +19 54 + 6 14 + 8 24 + 8 11	170 160 173 171 172	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1 \\ +5 \\ 0 \\ +1 \\ +1 \end{array} $	9.72 9.70 9.6 8.60 11.06	B2eγ O5.5 B2 B3neγ B5	+11eD +38dA +62cF +37fF +11dB	+26aB +36bA +16cC +19aA +46d	R R	
+0°1576	6 39.7 6 41.5 6 44.2 6 45.1 6 46.8	+ 0 42 + 5 42 + 0 50 + 0 33 + 1 29	179 175 180 180 180	$ \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ + 3 \\ + 1 \\ + 1 \\ + 2 \end{array} $	9.33 10.56 9.42 10.03 9.63	O9 B3 B2 O8n B2n	+41cC +38eB +12dE +46eD +24eD	+30bB +29bA +29bD +49bA +27b	R	
-1°1471	6 52.0 6 52.9 6 57.4 7 0.1 7 2.6	- 1 38 - 3 38 - 2 51 - 4 5 - 3 56	183 185 185 186 186	+ 2 + 1 + 3 + 3 + 3	10.13 9.76 10.43 10.55 10.61	B1 B3 B3 B3 B5eγ	+75dA +45cA +42cC +68dC +65cA	+23cB +27e	R R R	
55885	7 9.8 7 12.1 7 23.4 7 38.7 7 43.0	-15 13 -14 54 -15 11 -27 11 -27 41	197 197 198 210 212		8.90 10.5 9.69 10.29 9.46	B(5)neβ B5 O7 B4eα cB1	+57eA +33dC +54dB +39cA +43aA	+58cA +45bD +32aB +25aA +25dB	R R	

FAINT B-TYPE STARS

TABLE 2—Continued

Star	α 1900	δ 1900	ı	ь	$m_{_{ m D}{ m g}}$	Spectrum	STAR VEL. (KM/SEC)	K-LINE VEL. (KM/SEC)	RE-	
	Part I—Continued									
148-732	7h56m4 7 59.4 8 3.3 8 7.1 8 31.1	-30° 27′ -31 26 -30 1 -31 49 -44 41	215 217 216 218 231	+ 1 + 1 + 2 + 2 - 2	11.3 11.4 11.1 11.1 10.4	B7 B4 B8 B9 B0	+ 6eC + 8fC +20eA + 2cA +44dF	Stellar Stellar		
172-1522	8 43.7 8 46.5 8 53.5 8 54.5 9 5.9	-45 57 -44 12 -46 40 -47 21 -43 29	233 232 235 236 234	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ +3 \end{bmatrix}$	9.45 9.9 9.9 9.0 9.6	B1 B0 B1 O7 B0.5	+57dF +27dA +22eB -13fB +44bA	+31e 	R	
124448	14 8.6 16 2.0 16 3.4 16 34.3 16 36.1	-45 49 -49 41 -46 43 -47 22 -37 39	286 300 302 305 313	$\begin{vmatrix} +13 \\ 0 \\ +2 \\ -2 \\ +4 \end{vmatrix}$	9.7 9.6 10.2 9.32 8.60	Bp 09 09 08 08.5	-65aA 0eF -19eE - 2cD -22cB	-46b 33cA - 8cC	R R	
151018	16 39.6 16 41.4 16 50.1 17 9.6 17 10.7	$\begin{array}{rrrr} -45 & 42 \\ -47 & 0 \\ -43 & 34 \\ -40 & 46 \\ -35 & 27 \end{array}$	307 306 310 314 319	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2 \\ -3 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{array} $	9.2 9.53 9.21 9.0 8.50	B0 O6 B0 B0.5 c-B0.5	-48cC -47dA -27dB -13eC -22dD	-27bA -24bA +56cF	R	
157-521	17 25.1 17 25.7 17 29.2 17 29.6 17 31.2	-31 16 -33 16 -34 34 -33 49 -35 20	324 323 322 322 321	$ \begin{vmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \\ -3 \end{vmatrix} $	11.0 10.0 10.8 10.3 9.9	B4 O8 B1 cB0.5 cB5	- 2eB -22cC -32cB -31bA + 7cB	-11d 0cB -21cB 0c	R R	
160730	17 36.4 17 38.7 17 52.0 17 59.0 18 0.3	-24 15 -35 22 -24 49 -15 22 -14 12	331 322 333 342 342	+ 2 - 5 - 2 + 2 + 2	10.24 9.8 10.3 8.20 8.40	O8 B3 B2 c-B1.5 B0	-72eC -53eD -22aB -24bB +30aC	-24bC - 9bC -17aA - 9aC	R R	
165517	18 1.2 18 3.6 18 4.4 18 5.4 18 6.3	-25 7 -22 21 -18 13 -16 44 -26 45	333 336 340 341 332	- 4 - 3 - 1 0 - 5	8.70 10.2 9.10 8.30 9.68	B0 B2 B2neβ B0 B1	-48dF -10cB +25cE +36cD -23dA	+10cB 16cB 24bB +17aA	R R R	
134-464	18 6.4 18 8.1 18 9.7 18 10.2 18 10.5	-14 32 -20 20 -20 44 -13 36 -14 39	343 338 338 344 344	0 - 3 - 3 0 0	9.93 9.7 9.6 9.00 9.83	B0.5 O7 B5n cB1 B1	-14eB +28dA f -13bF -28cA	+20e +49e +15cA - 2aA + 2c	R	
168352	18 14.1 18 14.6 18 15.5 18 15.5 18 16.4	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} -17 & 7 \\ -15 & 6 \\ -16 & 25 \\ -16 & 25 \\ -20 & 7 \end{array} $	342 344 343 343 340	- 2 - 1 - 2 - 2 - 4	8.90 9.76 9.73 9.55 9.4	B2 B0 cB8eγ cB2 B0.5	-16bA +21dA -30bF - 4bA +17cA	-29aA -12bF + 2cF -13dA +13aA	R R	

TABLE 2—Continued

STAR	a 1900	δ 1900	l	ь	$m_{ exttt{pg}}$	Spectrum	STAR VEL. (KM/SEC)	K-LINE VEL. (KM/SEC)	RE- MARKS		
,		Part I—Continued									
134-2608	18 ^h 18 ^m 2 18 21.1 18 55.9 18 57.5 19 1.1	$ \begin{array}{rrr} -14^{\circ}12' \\ -11 & 25 \\ +12 & 59 \\ +22 & 26 \\ + & 3 & 6 \end{array} $	345 348 14 22 5	- 2 - 1 + 2 + 6 - 3	10.37 9.50 10.65 (10.4) 9.10	B0.5 B0.5 B7n B3 cB1.5	+23cA +11dF + 1dD -19aA +40bC	- 6bA +17d - 4cA + 6bB +14aB	R R		
+24°3632	19 1.8 19 2.5 19 4.7 19 24.8 19 36.0	+24 39 +18 29 +14 58 +12 22 +23 47	24 19 16 16 27	+ 7 + 4 + 2 - 4 0	(10.4) 11.26 10.8 10.8 (9.2)	cB8 B3 B5 c-B1 cB8	0eE + 5cA -26dD +25dE +17bA	Stellar -11bA -60e +28aA Stellar	R		
+22°3781	19 38.8 19 38.9 19 41.0 19 41.5 19 41.9	+23 2 +23 3 +23 48 +25 7 +30 1	27 27 28 - 29 33	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ +2 \end{array} $	(10.0) (9.0) (9.1) (10.0) (9.7)	O9 O9 B0 O8 B2	+ 4cA +20cA -21eB + 7dC + 5eA	- 8e 26cB 			
+22°3836 +29°3842 +21°4017 +28°3598	19 46.8 19 56.6 19 57.1 19 59.1 20 0.1	+22 35 +30 6 +21 59 +28 25 +35 16	28 35 28 34 40	$ \begin{array}{r r} - 3 \\ - 1 \\ - 5 \\ - 2 \\ + 1 \end{array} $	(9.3) (10.4) (10.4) (10.0) 10.00	cB1 B1 B0 B0 B0	+ 4bB +14bC +30dA -13bD -25dE	+ 9aA -12aC -15aB + 1bC -22bA	R R R		
+31°3921	20 0.3 20 2.0 20 2.9 20 3.7 20 4.3	+31 52 +36 14 +34 38 +19 12 +35 50	37 41 39 27 41	$\begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ +2 \\ +1 \\ -8 \\ +1 \end{vmatrix}$	(8.7) 10.00 8.43 (10.5) 9.60	B0.5 B3 B0 B8 Bve	+34cC + 5dC -24bB -20eD -25aA	- 7dA - 8bB -28bA Stellar? -37cC	R R		
+23°3915 +29°3944 228461 229049 40-1659	20 6.9 20 9.8 20 10.4 20 17.4 20 44.3	+23 27 +29 24 +37 56 +38 42 +45 14	31 36 43 44 53	$\begin{vmatrix} -7 \\ -3 \\ +1 \\ 0 \\ +1 \end{vmatrix}$	(9.7) (10.0) 9.46 10.36 11.10	B5n B5 B1 B0 B4	+26eD -10dA + 6cB -17bA -13dC	- 6c -26bB - 3bB - 6aA	R		
18-390	21 17.1 21 43.5 22 58.5 23 24.9	+59 34 +54 53 +56 36 +59 3	67 66 76 80	$\begin{vmatrix} +7 \\ +1 \\ -3 \\ -2 \end{vmatrix}$	10.80 10.05 9.1 10.70	B2 B1 B2.5 B6	-49dC - 5dA -19cB -12dA	-39e -12cA -42e	R		
					Part 1	11					
8-1680	1 5.8 1 8.4 2 55.0 3 12.9 5 36.7	+61 47 +61 25 +57 7 +51 42 +33 23	93 93 108 113 149	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -4 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$	11.10 11.20 9.17 9.17 9.95	B(5)nea B(4)nea B1nea B(5)n B5n	- 6e -69f -21e f	-37d -26c + 8c	R R		

TABLE 2—Continued

Star	a 1900	δ 1900	ı	b	$m_{ m pg}$	Spectrum	STAR VEL. (KM/SEC)	K-LINE VEL. (KM/SEC)	RE-	
		Part II—Continued								
247795	5h42m6 5 45.7 5 54.4 6 0.9 6 6.9	+31° 48′ +21 31 +19 11 +23 12 +24 4	145 155 158 155 155	+ 3 - 1 - 1 + 3 + 4	9.38 10.5 10.2 10.1 10.6	$B(4)$ ne β $B(5)$ ne γ B ne β B 5n B 3ne β	f -63f f +58f f	+28d -18c -36c +49e	R R R	
264600	6 44.2 7 2.4 7 2.7 7 40.5 7 42.3	+ 6 19 - 5 4 + 1 53 -26 43 -36 16	175 187 181 210 219	$\begin{vmatrix} +4\\ +3\\ +6\\ -1\\ -5 \end{vmatrix}$	10.90 10.18 (9.3) 8.96 8.7	Bn B(5)neβ B4n Bneβ Bneβ	+69f +99e +73e f	+35c +23c +13c +44c	R R R	
64639	7 49.7 8 37.5 9 16.9 16 42.3 17 54.2	-24 33 -45 44 -41 45 -40 38 -25 14	210 233 234 311 333	$\begin{vmatrix} +3 \\ -2 \\ +6 \\ +1 \\ -2 \end{vmatrix}$	9.59 9.63 10.0 9.8 11	Bneγ Bneβ Bneγ B(3)n B1	f +78f f f +19e	+20d +8d	R R R	
-25°12786 167722 134-1627 +19°4266 228041	18 2.5 18 11.4 18 12.2 19 59.1 20 6.2	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	333 339 344 27 40	$\begin{vmatrix} -4 \\ -3 \\ 0 \\ -7 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$	10.8 9.20 10.91 (10.5) 9.20	B5n B3n cB4 Bn Bneβ	-42f - 3f - 8d f	- 3c - 9b -22b	R R R	
+32°3749	20 9.8	+32 15	39	- 2	(10.4)	$O(8)$ ne γ	f		R	

NOTES TO TABLE 2

	NOTES TO TRIBLE 2
8-1779	Velocity variable?
9-53	Type cA2 from H and Ca II; but Si II, Fe II, and Mg II not visible.
243780	Composite spectrum. The continuous spectra of the two stars appear to be approximately
	equal at λ 4250. Color index approximately $+1.2$ mag. Velocity mainly from F-type lines.
245770	MWC 507.
246901	Composite spectrum. The continuous spectra appear to be approximately equal at λ 4600.
	Color index about $+0.9$ mag. Velocity from both B- and K-type lines.
247331	MWC 513.
250980	MWC 518.
253021	Double lines.
256577	MWC 525.
258982	Velocity variable?
$+0^{\circ}1627$	Velocity variable?
$-2^{\circ}1892a$	4' north of $-2^{\circ}1892$.
-4°1806a	$3' \text{ sf } -4^{\circ}1806.$
-3°1746	MWC 544.
55885	MWC 550.
62413	MWC 568.
172-1522	Velocity variable?
124448	See Pub. A.S.P., 54, 160, 1942, for a brief description of the spectrum of this star. $H\delta$ and
	H_{γ} , if present, must be weaker than 0.2 equivalent angstroms. This upper limit was set
	by comparing spectrograms of HD 124448 and of ρ Leonis with a dispersion of 26 A/mm
	at $H\gamma$. E. G. Williams has published intensities of numerous lines in the spectrum of ρ Leonis
	(A p. J., 83, 83, 1936). The radial velocity is based on 5 spectrograms.
150475	
150475	Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford,

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Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
156134
-34^{\circ}11820
             Velocity variable?
-35°11760
             Probable H\alpha emission.
165049
             Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocities by Neubauer: stellar, -17\pm1;
             K line, -10.

Velocity variable? Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.

Stebbins Huffer, and Whitford.
165319
             Velocity variable? Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
165517
166188
             Velocity variable? MWC 282. Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocity by
             Neubauer: -23\pm2.
Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocities by Neubauer: stellar, +6\pm2;
166418
              Velocity variable? Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocity by Neubauer:
167451
168352
             Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocities by Neubauer: stellar, -28±2;
             K line, -30.

MWC 291. This star and HD 168625 are the very red stars near M 17 (Pub. A.S.P., 52,
168607
169754
             Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. Velocity by Neubauer: +35\pm16 (var).
177812
             Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
              Velocity variable? This star was erroneously announced to have H\alpha in emission (MWC 613).
230780
             It should be removed from the list in Ap. J., 98, 153, 1943.
+29°3842
              Velocity variable?
÷28°2398
              Velocity variable?
              Spectrum similar to that of \tau Sco. Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
227415
227607
              Velocity variable?
             MWC 628. Spectrum peculiar and variable. See note in Ap. J., 98, 153, 1943. Magnitude
227836
             from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
229049
             Spectrum similar to that of \tau Sco.
240311
             \hat{Si} II lines strong.
8-1680
             He lines sharp. MWC 421.
             MWC 422.
MWC 514.
MWC 515.
MWC 517.
MWC 522.
8-1720
247795
248434
250163
253339
             Probable Ha emission. The region of Ha is not included on our spectrogram.
264600
             MWC 543.
MWC 573.
MWC 576.
MWC 578.
MWC 580.
-5^{\circ}1971
62780
64639
172-880
80834
-25°12556
             Insufficient time to obtain a second spectrogram.
167722
             Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
134-1627
             Insufficient time to obtain a second spectrogram.
             MWC 330. Magnitude from Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford.
228041
+32°3749
             MWC 631. The only lines visible are He II 4686 and C III + O II 4650.
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THE TABLE OF OBSERVATIONS

The table of observations (Table 2) is divided into two parts. In Part I are listed data for the 124 stars for which two (in a few cases more) spectrograms have been obtained. Part II contains data for 26 additional stars with only one spectrogram per star. Nearly all the stars of Part II have poor lines.

The first column of the table gives the designation of the star. For most of the stars this is the HD, BD, or CoD number. HD numbers larger than 225300 are to be found in the Henry Draper Extension (Harvard Ann., Vol. 100). The CoD stars south of -40° are listed as B stars in the Cape catalogue of faint stars. The rest of the BD and CoD stars are from unpublished portions of the Henry Draper Extension. Hyphenated designations refer to Selected Area and star numbers as found in the Bergedorfer Spektral-Durchmusterung (northern declinations) or in the Potsdamer Spektral-Durchmusterung (southern declinations). The 1900 positions of the BD and CoD stars are the BD and CoD positions corrected for precession. The positions for the other stars were taken from

the catalogues listing them as B stars. Galactic co-ordinates (fourth and fifth columns) were interpolated from the Lund Observatory table.

The reliable photographic magnitudes, probably good to 0.1 mag. for the most part, are listed to two decimals. These include Seyfert's observations, the Bergedorf stars, and

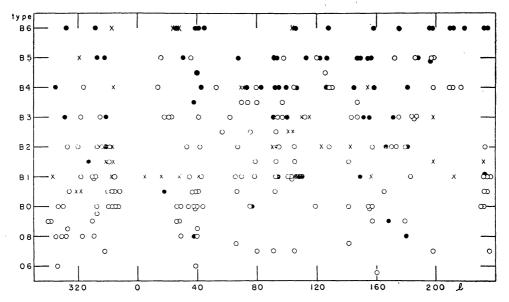


Fig. 1.—Distribution of spectral types of B stars. ○=main-sequence stars; ●=n stars; ×=c stars. Unclassified Bn stars and c stars later than B5 are shown at B6.

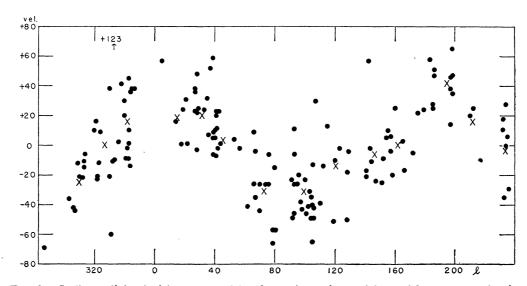


Fig. 2.—Stellar radial velocities corrected for the sun's motion and for cos² b. ×=normal points

stars observed by Stebbins, Huffer, and Whitford. A zero has been arbitrarily added in the second decimal place for stars of the last two groups (see the discussion of magnitudes above). Magnitudes in parentheses are adjusted visual magnitudes from the BD. The remaining magnitudes, given to 0.1 mag., are photographic magnitudes from the Henry Draper Catalogue and the Extension or from the Potsdamer Spektral-Durchmusterung or are corrected values from the CPD.

The spectral types are listed in the seventh column. The Greek letter appended to the type of a Be star indicates the highest member of the Balmer series visible in emission. The radial velocities given in the eighth (stellar) and ninth (K-line) columns are the weighted means of the measures decreased by 2.1 km/sec. The small letters following the velocities are indications of the "quality" of the spectrograms and of the K line. The quality of a spectrogram is proportional to the sum of the weights of the lines and inversely proportional to the probable error of measurement. For the K lines the quality depends only on the weight of the line. The letter "a" denotes highest quality. Estimates of K-line intensities, listed in paper I, have not been continued. The capital

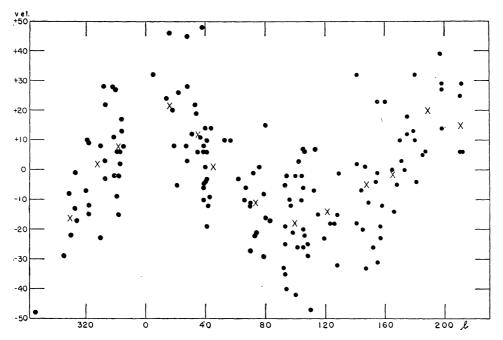


Fig. 3.—K-line velocities corrected for the sun's motion and for $\cos^2 b$. $\times =$ normal points

letters following the velocities show the agreement between the measured velocities of the two spectrograms, as follows:

Letter	A	B	C	D	E	F
P.e. (km/sec)	0-±4.0	±4.1-±8.0	±8.1-±12.0	±12.1-±16.0	±16.1-±20.0	>20.0
` ′ ′						

The probable error is taken as one-third the difference of the two measures, as in paper I. Where no capital letter is listed, the published velocity depends on only one spectrogram. Where no K-line velocity is given, the spectrograms are too weak to show it. An "R" in the last column refers to a remark in the notes following the table.

DISCUSSION

Since the material is incomplete as regards magnitudes and colors, an analysis of the data has not been attempted. Some of the observations are shown graphically. These plots include the observations from both papers, I and II. Main-sequence stars later than B5 are omitted. The inhomogeneity of the observational material may introduce systematic effects.

Figure 1 shows the distribution of spectral types along the galactic plane. There is an apparent concentration of earlier types toward the galactic center and a minimum of Bn stars in that direction. In Figure 2 are plotted the stellar velocities corrected for the sun's motion among the near-by stars and for the $\cos^2 b$ term of galactic rotation. The

TABLE 3
NORMAL VELOCITIES*

Ste	LLAR		K Line				
ı	Stars	Vel. (Km/Sec)	ž .	Stars	Vel. (Km/Sec)		
310 327 342 15 33 46 73 100 121 147 164 195 212 234	9 12 14 6 17 10 13 23 8 10 8 12 3 7	$ \begin{array}{r} -23 \\ 0 \\ +16 \\ +19 \\ +22 \\ +4 \\ -29 \\ -31 \\ -13 \\ -6 \\ +2 \\ +42 \\ +16 \\ -1 \end{array} $	310 328 342 17 36 46 74 100 122 148 166 189 211	6 11 13 7 18 10 14 25 9 12 12 10 4	$ \begin{array}{c} -16 \\ +2 \\ +7 \\ +21 \\ +11 \\ +11 \\ -111 \\ -18 \\ -14 \\ -5 \\ -1 \\ +20 \\ +15 \end{array} $		

^{*} The individual velocities are corrected for the sun's motion and for $\cos^2 b$.

153 velocities with probable errors less than 12 km/sec are shown. In forming the normal points, velocities with probable errors in classes A, B, and C are given weights 4, 3, and 2, respectively. Figure 3 is a similar plot for 153 K-line velocities from the two papers. A few stars with strong K lines are included for which only one spectrogram was obtained. The normal velocities are listed in Table 3.