THE RADIAL VELOCITIES OF FIVE HUNDRED STARS¹ By Walter S. Adams

The program of radial velocity work for the Cassegrain spectrograph during the past few years has consisted for the most part of observations on the following classes of stars:

1. A- and B-type stars, mainly between magnitudes 5 and 6.5, a knowledge of whose motions is of particular interest as aiding in the determination of the elements of the two principal star-streams.

2. A, F, G, K, and M stars of magnitudes 5.5 to 6.5 which have very small astronomical proper motions. These may in general be considered as very distant stars of high luminosity, and are of interest as regards both their radial velocities and certain characteristics of their spectra.

3. Stars with measured parallaxes, most of which have very large proper motions. The magnitudes of these stars are chiefly between 5.5 and 8.5.²

In addition to these lists a number of brighter stars have been observed, for which determinations of radial velocity have been published from other observatories.

It seems desirable to make the results so far obtained available for the use of astronomers who are engaged in the discussion of stellar motions, and accordingly values are given in this communication for five hundred stars for which, with a few exceptions, three or more observations have been secured. Many other stars have been observed once or twice, and results for these will be published as soon as additional material has been obtained.

Several different optical combinations have been employed in the spectrograph during the course of these observations. The principal consideration which governs the dispersion to be used is, of course, the character of the spectrum of the star, but this has been modified in many cases by other factors. • For example, the

¹ Contributions from the Mount Wilson Solar Observatory, No. 105.

² The radial velocities of 100 of these stars were published in *Mt. Wilson Contr.*, No. 79; *Astrophysical Journal*, **39**, 341, 1914.

spectra of the small proper-motion stars have in almost all cases been photographed with low dispersion, although most of them are of the solar type, and so are well adapted for the use of high dispersion. It seemed desirable in their case to sacrifice accuracy to some extent in order to secure statistical material more rapidly, and to make it possible to institute direct comparisons between their spectra and those of the fainter stars of large proper motion and measured parallax. The different combinations used in the spectrograph may be summarized as follows. The linear scale denotes the number of Ångström units per millimeter. The 18-cm camera has been used in the case of only three of the published results.

TABLE	Ι
-------	---

No. Prisms	Camera	Linear Scale at $H\gamma$	Stars Observed
2 I I I	<i>,</i>	21 and 18 A 16 36 92	A, B, and brighter parallax stars Small p.m. and parallax stars Parallax stars fainter than 8.5

Table II contains values for the individual stars. In view of the importance of the *Preliminary General Catalogue* of Boss for determinations of proper motion it has seemed preferable to designate the stars which occur in his catalogue by their numbers rather than to give a heterogeneous collection of names and catalogue numbers. The stars with measured parallaxes have the designations given in *Groningen Publication*, No. 24. Additional stars are indicated by the Lalande number so far as possible, the *B.D.* number being used only in a very few cases. The magnitudes are those of Harvard, with the exception of such as are given in parentheses, which are from miscellaneous sources.

The spectral classification has been made from the Mount Wilson negatives, and most of the determinations, particularly for the A and B stars, are due to Mr. Kohlschütter. Especial attention should be called to the M stars which are marked "peculiar." The peculiarity in nearly all cases consists in the combination of hydrogen lines of an intensity corresponding to that in G- and K-type stars with the bands of the M stars. Some of these stars, classified according to the intensity of their hydrogen lines, have been discussed by Adams and Kohlschütter in a previous communication.¹

The total proper motion μ is in most cases derived from the values given by Boss. For the parallax stars it is taken from *Groningen Publication*, No. 24. The angle λ is the angle between the star and the sun's apex. The co-ordinates used for the apex are those adopted by Kapteyn,

 $a = 17^{h} 59^{m}, \delta = +30^{\circ}8, \ldots$

and the values both for μ and λ are taken from a list calculated under his direction for all of the stars given in Boss's catalogue.

The first of the two columns in Table II denoted by v contains the means of the observed radial velocities; the second the corresponding values published by other observatories. The following abbreviations are used: A, Allegheny Observatory; L, Lick Observatory; Y, Yerkes Observatory.

The final column of the table contains the values of v corrected for the solar motion. The values are given by the equation

$$v' = v + V \cos \lambda$$

in which the value 20 km has been assumed for V, the sun's motion in space.

¹ Mt. Wilson Contr., No. 89; Astrophysical Journal, 40, 385, 1914.

175

TABLE II

Star a 1900 δ 1900 Mag. Spec. μ λ v v v' +63°38′ 0^{h} $I^{m}_{\cdot 2}$ **B**8 0.000 Boss 63' - 6.8 + 2.3 $5 \cdot 5$ 5. 18. +10 35 +60 59 **B**8 86 +13.5 +14.9ο 4.9 0.034 $5 \cdot 4$ o 11.6 5.8 41. G2 0.002 65 4.I 59 4.4 +38 Š 4.6 A_2 74 89 + 0.1 + 6.2L 0 11.9 0.052 5.6 43. 0 15.5 0.22.8 + 7 38 5.6 Ko +16.4+16.756. 0.015 + 6.881. +175.3 6.0 Mbp 0.117 86 20 +8.2 0 24.9 $\mathbf{K}_{\mathbf{5}}$ 98 + 5.2 + 2.4 90. - 4 31 0.011 118. +530 30.6 **B**₇ 0.021 + 2.8 5.2 70 + 9.637 B3 +14 41 89 -18.3 124. 0 31.6 5.9 0.028 -18.0 125. 0 32.0 +34 51 5.6 Go 0.010 - o.7 79 +3.1 Pi. 0^h130. G_5 0 32.2 1.36 +15.5 +18:L -25 10 $5 \cdot 7$ 100 +9.0 +48 48 73 87 - 9.3 Boss 131. 0 33.6 5.7Κı 0.019 3.5 54 Piscium +20 43+38 55+1 15Ğ.1 0 34.2 Κı 0.59 -33.9 -32.9 - 8.6 Boss 138. 0 35.7 5.4 8.1 G6 0.007 78 4.4 0.63 + 3.4Lal. 1108. + 6.00 39.9 K4 15 100 + 6 12 Gó Boss 165. 0 42.2 6.2 0.016 96 +14.8+12.7 169. 0 43.1 -22 16 5.3 8.0 Aı 0.036 110 +19.1 +12.3 +69Groom. 145. 0 43.2 54 Ko 0.44 65 - 28.0 -19.6 Boss 183. 58 6.5 F_5 +7.60 45.2 +500.128 + 1.873 86 - 8.8 0 50.6 +26 40 108. 5.9 aı 0.006 7.4+ 1.4209. 0 52.4 +28 5.6 6.4 86 27 Kop 0.017 0.0 +13 G_4 +14.0 210. 0 52.7 +15.79 0.022 95 217. 0 54.6 + 5 57 6.3 Map 0.023 99 -14.5 -17.6 +44 55+40 48+31 16Groom. G_4 78 -66.9 0 55.6 0.105 211. 7.0 -7I.I 5.8 Boss 223. 0 57.3A6 0.024 80 +3.3 + 6.8 + 9.7 5.4 8.0 B9 85 +11.4 224. 0 57.3 0.039 Lal. 1799. 0 57.2 +4 31 K60.48 100 +20.2+16.7+ 5 7+ 19 7 + 63 40 Boss 252. I 3.2 A4 0.326 101 + 6.6 $5 \cdot 5$ 3.8 -. - 8.5 F3 _ 261. Ι $4 \cdot 5$ 5.6 0.004 94 9.9 . . . Bo 69 263. 5.0 $5\cdot 5$ $6\cdot 2$ 0.038 - 6.2 + 1.0 Ι 267. 5.4 8.8 Κı Ι + I 0.004 103 — 2.I 6.6 55 284. Ι +15 36 -16.1 -18.2 $5 \cdot 7$ B₂p 0.028 96 1 12.6 + 3 + 185.4 8.1 + 4.6295. 5 A₂ 0.056 104 0.2 Lal. 1 16.9 10 Go 2450. 0.57 96 0 2 Boss I 17.5 o 58 6.5 + 9.1 Ko +14.9305. 0.017 107 $^{+72}_{+57}$ - 6.7 - 7.6 I 30.5 0.008 67 349 . . 32 $5 \cdot 5$ G5 +Ι.Ι 1 31.6 G_7 28 0.004 76 2.8 355. $5 \cdot 7$ Lal. 7.8 3022. 1 33.9 +27 36 G₇ +57.0+55.60.50 94 G4 Boss 1 36.0 +29 32 6.0 375. 0.013 93 + $5 \cdot 7$ 4.7+34 44 +19 47 + 0.2 Ι 36.3 Bg 0.053 90 + 0.2 379. $5 \cdot 5$ 107 Piscium. I 37.I GŚ 0.72 99 -34.2 -37.3 5.3 Boss +410. 1 44.6 +21 47 G9 0.018 0.2 5.9 99 3.3 5.8 414. I 45.7 +10 F_2 106 +10.6 + 5.1 0.074 - 33 +40 14 -5.7+ 6.7 420. I 47.3 5.6 Κı 0.009 88 - 6.4 + 7.0 +36 47 1 50.0 6. I Kι 430. 0.005 91 432. 1 50.2 +36465.8 +58.7-Ko 0.180 91 +59.01 50.3 õ.o 434. +23G8 0.011 100 +14.1 +10.7 -5 1 55.6 +63 54 **B**8 457. $5 \cdot 7$ O.CII 74 -20.7 -15.2 + 1.5 + 0.1 466. I 57.I +3248 Aı $5 \cdot 5$ 0.023 94 472. 1 58.2 +17 46 K2 6.4 0.024 104 +10.4 + 5.60.009 -36.8 -40.7 -32.6 478. 2 1.7 A4 78 +575.9 57 Lal. 2.5 3922. Go -49.8-2 Ι -5 $7 \cdot 5$ 0.51 117 +57 10 Boss 488. 2 4.5 6.4 **B**8 0.013 -36.8 -33.0 79 2 +25 28 6.2 K4 -18.3 493. 0.011 -22.I 5.5 101

TABLE II—Continued

	Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	Ĺλ	v	v	v'
Boss	498	2 ^h 6 ^m .6	+66° 3'	6.2	F4	0."003	73°	- 12.6		- 6.8
•	508	2 10.0	+3254	5.3	Ao	0.035	96	- 3.2		- 5.3
	521	2 12.6	+19 26	5.5	Bo	0.015	106	+ 11.6		+ 6.1
	526	2 13.2	+28 11	5.3	A ₂	0.012	100	+ 4.4		+ 0.9
	529	2 14.2	+46 51	6.I	B ₇	0.005	88	- 0.8		- 0.1
	536	2 16.6	+40 57	5.8	Fo	0.128	92	- 35.0		-35.7
	539	2 16.8	- 0 4	5.6	Map	0.006	110	+ 23.3		+13.6
	551	2 2I.I	-12 44	4.9	B8	0.027	127	+ 0.8		-11.2
	572	2 26.3	+ 1 49	5.4	K4	0.013	120	+ 27.0		+17.0
	581	2 29.5	+36 52	5.9	Ko	0.010	96	- 5.8		- 7.9
	616	2 37.1	+10 19	6.2	A2p	0.040	117	+ 4.7		- 4.4
	619	2 37.6	+43 52	5.6	Fo	0.004	92	-3.8		- 4.5
	648	2 46.0	+14 40	5.4	B5	0.045	115	+ 16.9		+ 8.5
	654	2 47.4	+3756	5.7	F ₂	0.10	98	+ 0.6		- 2.2
	660	2 47.4	+1756	5.9	Mc	0.018	113	+46.5		+38.7
	666	2 51.6	-47		B9	0.054	128	+ 1.7		-10.6
	674 N	-	+20 56	5.1	A3					
	674 S	2 53.5		4.7	A3	0.017	II2			-15.2 -12.8
		2 53.5	+20 56			0.017	112	- 5.3		
V.B.	677	2 53.7	- 3 II	5.1	A2	0.070	128	- 4.4		- 16.7
	2 ^h 927	2 55.2	+ 5 36	8.2	G8	0.68	123	+ 66.7		+55.8
Boss	707	3 1.6	- 6 29	5.6	Map	0.002	132	+17.2		+ 3.8
	719	3 6.3	+26 53	5.6	Ao	0.019	109	+ 12.0		+ 5.5
	,724··	3 8.1	+56 46	5.9	A2	0.004	85	- 14.9		-13.2
V.B.	3 ^h 113	3 9.4	+ 8 37	7.8	Ko	0.62	123	- 21.0		-31.9
Boss	742	3 11.5	+49 51	5.3	B3	0.045	91	- 0.6		- 0.9
	757	3 14.7	+42 58	5.I	AI	0.058	97	- 4.6	+ 2.0L	- 7.0
	767	3 16.1	+48 51	5.4	B4	0.035	92	+ 3.4		+ 2.7
	768	3 16.2	+27 15	5.6	G8	0.020	110	+ 6.7		- 0.1
	790	3 22.2	+49 10	4.5	B5	0.044	93	- I.6	· · · · · · · · · ·	- 2.6
	791	3 22.4	+55 6	5.I	B9p	0.033	88	+ 1.0	+ 6.oL	+ 1.7
	800	3 24.9	-13 I	5.5	AI	0.017	140	+ 14.7		— o.6
	801	3 24.9	+11 0	5.I	B8p	0.021	124	+ 19.8		+ 8.6
	802	3 25.1	+47 41	5.5	B9	0.040	94	- 2.9		- 4.3
	817	3 29.4	+47 52	4.2	B7p	0.044	94	+ 0.7		- o.7
	832	3 34.5	+59 39	6.0	G8	0.002	84	- 9.9		- 7.8
V.B.	3 ^h 617	3 35.3	- 3 32	7.2	F5	0.78	137	+113.7		+99.1
Boss	838	3 35.8	+47 28	3.I	B5	0.046	96	+ 0.7		— I.4
	845	3 38.0	+36 9	5.6	A2	0.055	105	+ 21.8		+16.6
	849	3 38.8	-10 48	5.7	A3	0.020	142	+ 16.2		+ 0.4
5.D.	23°535	3 41.4	+23 25	7.9	F3		116	- 10.5		-19.3
oss	896	3 48.6	+62 47	5.0	B9	0.005	83	+ 4	+ 5:L	+ 6
	898	3 48.8	+47 35	5.3	B ₅	0.039	96	+ 9.9		+ 7.8
	933	3 58.4	+23 50	5.6	F8p	0.022	118	+ 18.3		+ 8.9
	956	4 4.8	-16 39	5.3	B ₅	0.013	151	+ 13.3		- 4.2
	<u>9</u> 60	4 5.5	- 7 11	5.6	GĞ	0.010	144	- 12.1		- 28.3
	977	4 9.6	+80 35	5.6	G7	0.020	67	0 (— o.8
	989	4 11.4	+20 20	4.9	A ₃	0.066	123	+ 15.8	+16.8L	+ 4.9
	997	4 13.5	+20 54	5.4	Bo	0.063	122	+ 13.8		+ 3.2
	1014.	4 16.5	+2035	6.1	Ğo	0.011	123	- 8.5		-19.4
	1024	4 18.7	- 3 59	5.3	Ăo	0.072	144	- 0.3		-16.5
	1039	4 21.3	+2246	5.3	B ₅	0.010	121	+ 10.5		+ 0.2
	1039.	4 21.3		5.8	A2	0.019	83			-13.3
	1004.	4 27.0	+64 3 + 5 22	$5.0 \\ 5.7$	A2	0.029	138	- 15.7 - 7.2		- 22.1
	1009.	4 20.0 4 32.1	+ 0.48		B5	0.020	130	+ 22.6		+6.8
	1004	4 32.1	F V 40	5.3	ני	0.010	144	1 22.0		1 0.0

176

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}^{\odot}}$ American Astronomical Society • Provided by the NASA Astrophysics Data System

.

TABLE II—Continued

.

.

Boss 1088 1093 1093 1097 1103 1128 1136 1146 1163 Boss 1165 1176	$\begin{array}{r} 4^{h}3^{2m}6\\ 4&33\cdot4\\ 4&33\cdot9\\ 4&34\cdot5\\ 4&35\cdot8\\ 4&42\cdot7\\ 4&42\cdot7\\ 4&44\cdot0\\ 4&45\cdot7\\ 4&49\cdot4\\ 4&9\cdot4\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} - 2^{\circ}40' \\ + 15 36 \\ + 48 6 \\ + 12 0 \\ + 43 10 \\ + 63 20 \\ + 15 44 \\ + 45 44 \end{array} $	$5 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 2 \\ 5 \cdot 7 \\ 5 \cdot 3 \\ 5 \cdot 4 \\ 5 \cdot 8 \\ 5 \cdot 8 \\$	A5 A2 A0 B9 A0	0.074 0.074 0.052 0.027	146° 129 99	+ 18.2 +23.0 +22.8		+ 1.6 +10.4 +19.7
1089 1093 1097 1103 1128 1136 1146 1163 B.D. 35°930 Boss 1165	4 33.4 4 33.9 4 34.5 4 35.8 4 42.7 4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	$ \begin{array}{r} +15 & 36 \\ +48 & 6 \\ +12 & 0 \\ +43 & 10 \\ +63 & 20 \\ +15 & 44 \end{array} $	5.2 5.7 5.3 5.4 5.8	A2 Ao B9	0.074 0.052	129	+23.0		+10.4
1093 1097 1103 1128 1136 1146 1163 B.D. 35°930 Boss 1165	4 33.9 4 34.5 4 35.8 4 42.7 4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	+48 6 +12 0 +43 10 +63 20 +15 44	5.7 5.3 5.4 5.8	Ao B9	0.052	-			
1097 1103 1128 1136 1146 1163 B.D. 35°930 Boss 1165	4 34.5 4 35.8 4 42.7 4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	+12 0 +43 10 +63 20 +15 44	5.3 5.4 5.8	Bg		99			<u> </u>
1103 1128 1136 1146 1163 3.D. 35°930 Boss 1165	4 35.8 4 42.7 4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	+43 10 +63 20 +15 44	5.4 5.8			133	+ 18.1		+ 4.5
1128 1136 1146 1163 3.D. 35°930 3.oss 1165	4 42.7 4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	+63 20 +15 44	5.8	110	0.067	104	+ 5.6		+ 0.8
1136 1146 1163 3.D. 35°930 3055 1165	4 44.0 4 45.7 4 49.4	+15 44		Ma	0.111	85	-35.5		-33.8
1146 1163 3.D. 35°930 30ss 1165	4 45.7 4 49.4		6 2	Ko				•••••	
1163 B.D. 35°930 Boss 1165	4 49.4		6.3		0.017	130	+13.5		+ 0.6
B.D. 35°930 Boss 1165		+42 25	5.6	AI	0.013	105	- 2.4		- 7.6
Boss 1165		+10 0	4.7	B9	0.145	130	+17.0		+ 2.9
	4 49.7	+36 I	6.2	B3		III	-11		-18
TT 70	4 50.1	+14 53	5.6	B9	0.025	131	+ 9		- 4
	4 51.8	+53 0	6.4	K3	0.012	95	— I.8		- 3.5
1182	4 53.4	+39 15	6.0	Fı	0.013	109	+ 5.7		— o.8
1183	4 53.5	+39 30	6.9	K_5	0.010	108	-23.4		- 29.6
<i>N</i> .B. 4 ^h 1189	4 55.9	- 5 52	6.5	K9	1.25	151	+20.1	+31:L	+ 2.6
Boss 1195	4 57.4	+58 50	5.4	B ₃ p	0.007	89	-13.2		-12.g
1221	5 2.9	+19 44	6.6	G3	0.018	127	+ 6.0		- 6.c
1234	5 5.9	+15 55	5.4	Kŏ	0.004	131	- 7.0		- 20.1
1247	5 9.4	$+5^{2}$	5.8	Kı	0.017	142	- 7.0		-22.8
1268	5 13.4	+3351	5.1	Ā4	0.016	114	- 6.0		-14.1
1281	5 16.2	-21 20	4.7	Ao	0.020	166	+29.2	+31.5L	+ 9.8
1201	×	- 0 15		B ₃	0.015	148	+22.4		+ 5.4
	v	+6259	$5.5 \\ 5.8$	Kip	•	86	-18.0		-16.6
1309	5 20.7				0.005				
1310	5 20.7	+30 7	5.7	Bo	0.019	118	+13.6		+ 4.2
1318	5 22.0	+15 47	5.5	B8	0.031	132	+13.6		+ 0.2
1332	5 26.0	+313	5.6	B3	0.009	145	+21.6		+ 5.2
1334	5 26.3	+74 59	6.4	K5	0.019	74	- 2.5		+ 3.0
1348	5 28.4	+54 22	6.0	K2	0.007	95	+ 1.4		- 0.3
1354	5 29.3	+23 58	5.I	B3	0.032	125	+23.2		+11.7
Groom. 990	5 30.4	+51 23	8.1	Ko	0.56	98	-43.8		-46.6
Boss 1380	5 32.4	+65 39	5.8	K3	0.024	83	-18.6		-16.2
Pi. 5 ^h 146	5 33.2	+53 26	6.4	Ko	0.55	96	+ 1.7		— 0.4
Boss 1394	5 34.9	+61 26	6.4	G5	0.002	88	- 3.1		- 2.4
Lal. 10797	5 39.2	+37 15	7.3	K2	0.72	112	-30.4		-37.9
Boss 1424	5 41.6	+17 41	5.3	Fo	0.010	131	+ 6.6		- 6.5
1441	5 44.5	+ 9 50	5.9	G4	0.014	139	+43.7		+28.0
1444	5 44.7	+27 56	5.6	GŚ	0.000	121	+ 8.1		- 2.2
1453	5 46.5	+55 41	4.8	A2	0.014	93	-15.6	-13.6L	-16.6
1479	5 52.5	+45 56	4.6	Mbp	0.011	103	+ 0.9	+ 1.3L	- 3.6
1513	5 59.6	+526	5.8	G4	0.007	144	+20.4		+ 4.2
1514		+ 4 10	5.7	G ₃	0.012	144	+32.7		+16.
1523	5 59.7 6 1.7			B6p	0.007		+16.1		- I.2
			5.4			153		• • • • • • • • •	
1560	6 8.7	+61 33	5.3	Map	0.005	87	+13.9	• • • • • • • • •	+14.0
1568	6 9.7	+10 10	5.2	B9	0.021	133	+29.5	• • • • • • • • •	+15.9
1572	6 10.1	+12 35	5.4	B9	0.017	130	+12.6		- 1.8
1573		+24 0	6.1	G4	0.029	125	- 20.4	••••	-31.9
1575	6 10.8	+59 3	4.5	AI	0.022	90	- 2.2	-3L, -6Y	- 2.:
1578	6 10.9	+23 46	6.3	B6	0.014	125	+11.6		+ 0.
1599		- 2 54	5.2	Ma	0.276	152	+48.3		+30.0
1608,.	6 18.1	+58 28	5.5	K3	0.011	91	- 4.6	1	- 4.
1627	6 22.1	+58 14	6.0	G7	0.33	91	+35.7		+35.
1632	6 22.6	+46 45	6.0	K3	0.007	103	-46.8		-51.
1643	6 24.9	+78 5	5.9	K6	0.019	71	-13.9	1	- 7.

,

•

TABLE II—Continued

Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	V	v	v'
Boss 1672	6 ^h 29 ^m 1	+56°56'	5.8	Ao	o."013	92°	+ 0.4		0.3
3 Hev. Cam	6 29.2	+79 40	5.6	A2	0.64	69	+12.0		+19.2
Boss 1704	6 35.0	+28 17	6.5	GI	0.017	121	- 3.8		-14.1
1739	6 42.3	-14 19	5.3	B8	0.012	161	+17.3		- 1.6
1751	6 44.1	+1619	5.8	Bop	0.023	132	+12.8		- 0.6
1756	6 44.8	+13 32	5.9	Go	0.013	134	+26.8		
7 Monoc	6 45.7	-0.25	5.8	A5	0.20	148	-17.2		+12.0
Boss 1788		· ·	6.0	B8				•••••	-34.2
			1	KI	0.027	137	+33.0		+18.2
		+48 32	8.2	Map	0.71	100	-22.3	•••••	-25.8
Boss 1846	7 5.6	+51 36	5.7		0.019	96	-49.3		-51.4
1868	7 9.7	+28 4	5.9	K3	0.020	119	+22.2		+12.5
1873	7 10.2	+ 0 I	. 6.5	G4	0.019	145	- 9.6		- 26.0
Lal. 14146	7 11.3	-12 53	7.3	F9	0.56	156	+57.0		+38.7
Boss 1894	7 13.5	+60 5	6.3	A7	0.011	88	+ 6.2		+ 6.ç
1897	7 14.1	+45 25	5.7	A4	0.036	102	+24.6		+20.4
1916	7 16.5	+81 6	6.5	G5	0.004	68	— I.5		+ 6.0
1926	7 18.3	+27 50	5.7	Fo	0.020	118	- 5.0		-14.4
1930	7 19.4	+11 52	5.3	A2	0.028	133	+ 6.3		- 7.3
1935	7 20.I	-16 o	5.I	B ₅ p	0.034	156	- 7.6		-25.0
1956	7 23.I	+28 19	5.0	A2	0.067	118	+42.8	+28:A	+33.2
2020	7 36.4	+14 27	5.8	Mbp	0.015	130	-15.6		-28.5
8 Hev. Cam	7 39.8	+80 31	6.5	G6	0.49	68	- 7.8		- o.3
Boss 2054	7 42.6	+23 23	6.2	FI	0.020	121	- 4.9		-15.2
2144	8 0.4	+2255	6.2	Map	0.024	110	+26.7		+17.0
2148.	8 2.5	+42 43	6.4	K2	0.07	101	+38.4		+34.6
2140	8 2.9	+68 46	5.5	G ₃	0.006	78	-9.5		
2150	8 4.9	-15 57		B3	0.014	148			00
2178		+60 41	$5.5 \\ 6.4$	A2	-		+32.7 -16.2		+15.7
2203		1		G8	0.017	85			-14.5
		+60 57	6.5	Kip	0.008	84	- 5.4		- 3.3
2220		+42 20	6.2		0.011	IOI	+27.I		+23.3
2236	8 20.6	+45 59	6.3	GI	0.021	126	-34.3		-36.7
2245	8 21.2	+12 59	5.8	Map	0.116	124	- 7.0		-18.2
2246	8 21.5	- 3 40	5.5	A6	0.070	137	+25.5		+10.0
2293	8 31.9	+53 4	6.0	K3	0.04	90	+26.6		+26.6
Lal. 16904	8 33.1	+56 2	8.1	G3	0.44	87	+36.8		+37.8
Boss 2335	8 38.8	- 6 52	4.6	Go	0.007	136	+30.3		+15.g
2338	8 39.2	+31 4	6.I	G3	0.020	107	— I 2 . 4		-18.2
2357	8 42.2	- I 32	5.2	B9	0.046	132	+ 1.6		-11.8
2378	8 46.5	+28 38	6.3	Mbp	0.022	108	+11.8		+5.6
2400	8 51.7	+15 42	5.I	A3	0.062	118	— o.8		-10.2
2407	8 53.0	+12 15	4.I	A3	0.054	I2I	- 8.3	-15L, A	-18.6
2410	8 53.5	+18 31	6.6	Mbp	0.089	115	+21.7		+13.3
2413	8 54.2	+42 11	4.I	F5	0.504	97	+23.9	+27.3L	+21.
2449	9 3.6	+22 27	5.2	GĞ	0.008	III	-6.7		-13.0
2455	9 4.6	+22 24	6.1	G5	0.010	III	- 6.6		-13.8
2461	9 5.8	+73 22	6.0	A ₃	0.100	71	+ 1.9		+8.2
$\beta_{I} \pi$ Cancri	9 6.9	+15 24	6.4	G ₅	0.58	116	+45.9		+37.1
Boss 2465	9 7.3	+43 38	5.4	Aop	0.052	94	+26.6	+16A	+25.2
2405				K ₅	0.052				
	9 11.7	-556 -820	5.5			129	-7.3		-19.9
2492	9 11.8		5.5	B9	0.040	130	+11.0		-1.0
2584	9 32.I	+40 41	5.2	AI	0.020	93	- 5.8		- 6.8
2598	9 35.5	+79 36	6.2	A5	0.029	65	- 6.5		+ 1.9
Lal. 19022	9 37.1	+43 10	8.2	K5	0.80	91	-12.9		-13.2
Boss 2612	9 38.3	+14 29	5.6	Map	0.014	III	+ 8.2		+ I.C

178

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}^{\odot}}$ American Astronomical Society • Provided by the NASA Astrophysics Data System

S	Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	v	υ	v'
Boss	2614	9 ^h 39 ^m .4	$+57^{\circ}35'$	5.4	Mbp	o."025	80°	+ 9.4		+12.9
Lal.	19229	9 43.5	+14 14	8.4	A2p	0.83	110	-23.2		- 30.0
Boss	2647	9 47.0	+ 255	5.9	A ₂	0.204	116	+95.8		+87.0
055	2650.	9 47.6	-738	5.I	Aı	0.076	122	+15.4		+4.8
	2701	10 5.0	+41 9	6.5	Ko	0.017	88	+13.4		+14.1
<u>_1</u>		10 5.0			Go	0.47	111	-24.7		
al.	19896			7.7						-31.9
oss	2726	10 10.8	+65 36	5.8	A ₃	0.000	72	— I.8		+ 4.4
	2737	10 13.4	+69 15	5.9	A2	0.065	70	+ 3.9		+10.7
	2745	10 15.2	+84 46	5.7	A2	0.130	62	+10.0		+19.4
	2756	10 17.3	+34 25	5.9	AI	0.027	91	-12.7		-13.0
	2773	10 21.5	+42 7	5.9	Aı	0.102	86	+ 5.2		+ 6.6
	2787	10 24.3	+39 26	5.9	Aı	0.011	88	+ 8.2		+ 8.9
	2795	10 25.7	+81 I	6.6	G6	0.016	63	-11.5		- 2.4
	2808	10 27.8	+35 30	5.6	Aı	0.040	88	+ 2.6		+ 3.3
	2813	10 28.7	+57 36	5.2	A8	0.074	75			- 4.0
	2819	10 30.6	+36 51	6.2	A6	0.050	87	-24.2		-23.2
	2822	10 31.6	-11 42	5.7	FI	0.67	115	- 9.0		-17.4
	2820		+32 30	4.8	Go	0.008		- 7.6	- 6.3L	-7.6
		10 33.1				0.000	90			
	2887	10 44.4	+28 30	6.I	A7		89	+ 2.4		+ 2.7
	2909	10 50.2	+25 17	4.3	A3	0.077	91	+ 6.1		+ 5.8
	2910	10 50.2	+34 2	5.9	G8	0.15	86	-23.4		-22.0
	2915	10 50.8	+ 6 43	6.0	Mcp	0.023	IOI	-12.3		-16.1
	2921	10 54.0	+36 38	6.2	Ma	0.095	83	-22.7		- 20.3
al.	21258	11 0.5	+44 2	8.9	Ma	4.46	78	+65		+69
Boss	2976	11 9.9	+23 38	4.9	Map	0.018	88	+15.2	+16.0L	+15.9
	2983	II 12.I	+ 2 34	5.4	K8	0.159	99	-57.5		-60.6
	2987	11 13.7	+38 44	4.8	Ao	0.102	80	+5.7		+ 9.2
2 Leo	onis Br	II 2I.7	+333	6.5	G8	0.76	96	- 2.4		- 4.5
	onis Ft	11 21.7	+ 3 33	7.6	K8	0.76	96	+ 2.2		+ 0.1
Boss			+17 21	5.8	B ₃	0.011	88	+17.8		+18.9
0055	3045	11 29.5	1		Bo	0.011		- 8.0		
	3055	11 31.6	- 9 15	5.0			100			-11.5
	3063	11 33.0	+44 11	5.6	A3	0.154	74	+ 5.6		+11.1
~	3067	11 33.3	+ 8 41	5.5	Mb	0.013	91	+ I.4		+ o.g
	n. 1822	11 40.3	+48 14	7.9	Go	0.67	70	+23.9	1 <u>+</u> .	+30.7
Boss	3089	11 40.7	+75	4.2	Map	0.188	90	+51.2	+51.2L	+51.2
	3125	11 50.8	+57 9	5.9	G9	0.012	66	+13.1		+21.2
	3137	11 55.6	- 9 53	6.4	G6	0.47	96	0.0		- 2.3
	3143	11 57.0	+43 36	4.9	A5	0.323	69	+ 8.2		+15.4
	3150	11 59.2	+22 I	5.9	A ₅	0.044	79	+ 4.3		+ 8.:
	3177	12 6.5	+82 16	6.3	K4	0.010	59	- 26.0		-15.
	3178.	12 6.6	+ 4 37	(7.2)		0.006	86	- 6.0		- 4.0
V.B.	12 ^h 69	12 7.4	-232		G4	0.74	90	+11.3		+11.3
Lal.	22008			7.3			82		1	
	· · · ·	12 8.1	+11 24	7.5	G3	0.59		-30.0		-27.1
Boss	3183	12 8.3	+10 49	5.8	A8 Va	0.096	· 82	+ 3.4	1	+ 6.
	3193	I2 II.I	+41 13	5.7	K3	0.051	68	-14.4		
	3206			6.1	A ₇	0.038	75	+ I.2		+ 6
	3215		-21 40	5.4	B8	0.092	98	-20.9		-23.
	3217	12 15.8	-13 I	5.5	K 2	0.002	93	+12.5		+11.
	3234		+57 20	6.0	Map	0.028	62	-16.7		1
	3248		+56 16	5.8	Ma	0.031	62	+17.6		+27.
	3266	12 26.0	+25 7	5.4	A2	0.020	71	- 0.5	1	+6.
	3200	12 20.0	-517	5.9	Ao	0.020	84	-3.6	1	- I.
					Mb				1	
	3294		+ 2 24	6.0		0.090	81	-15.0		<u> </u>
	3309	12 36.8	+10 47	4.8	B 8	0.135	76	1 + 3.5	1	+ 8.

TABLE II—Continued

TABLE II—Continued

	Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	· X	υ	v	v'
Boss	3310	12 ^h 36 ^m 9	$+ 7^{\circ}21'$	5.4	Ao	0.078	78°	+ 2.2		+ 6.4
	3331	12 42.8	+47	6.7	Ma	0.013	78	+ 8.7		+ 12.0
	3332	12 43.0	+63 20	5.8	A4	0.022	58	- 18.0		- 7.4
	3334	12 43.2	+14 6	6.4	Ao	0.068	73	- 0.2		+ 5.6
	3336	12 43.5	+67 20	5.6	G5	0.008	58	+ 9.0		+ 19.6
	3337	12 43.9	+14 40	5.7	Ao	0.051	74	- 7.0		- I.5
	3338	12 44.I	+49 I	6.I	A ₅	0.055	60	- 2.4		+ 7.6
	3339	12 44.4	+28 6	5.7	Ao	0.095	68	+ 1.4		+ 8.9
	3348	12 47.2	+17 37	6.5	Go	0.023	71	- 0.4		+ 6.1
	3360	12 48.8	+1258	6.2	A ₃	0.067	73	- 3.8		+ 2.0
	3367	12 50.6	+356	3.7	Mbp	0.479	77	- 17.4	-17.6L	- 12.0
	3382	12 56.4	+5654	4.9	A2p	0.101	57	- 3.1		+ 7.8
	3406	13 4.2	+10 33	6.0	G7	0.020	70	+ 0.1		+ 6.9
	3408	13 4.5	-948	6.2	K6	0.023	81	- 6.8		
	3442	13 11.5	+81 0	6.3	G5	0.0023	56	- 10.0		- 3.7 + 1.2
	3462	13 17.1	+541	5.8	AI	0.000	70			-4.6
	3402	13 17.1		5.8	AI	0.030	61	- 11.4 + 1.6		
Lal.	25012.				G6	•				+ 11.3
Boss	•	13 20.0 13 20.8		7.5	K ₅	0.94	72	- 53.9	-10.2L	- 47.7
D055	3499	v	-544	4.9		0.112	75 68	- 19.1		- 13.9
	3506	13 29.1	+410	5.0	A2p Ma	0.052		- 8.4	– 6:L	- 0.9
	3534 · ·	13 36.4	- 8 12	6.2	Ma	0.018	74	- 32.7		- 27.2
	3542	13 39.1	-15 41	5.7	F8	0.009	78	+ 0.2		+ 4.4
	3580	13 46.7	+35 16	6.6	A2	0.033	53	- 12.3		- o.3
	3585	13 47.4	+12 40	5.9	AI	0.038	60	— 17.I	· · · · · · · · · ·	- 7.1
	3589	13 48.5	+65 13	4.8	Map	0.004	51	- 10.4	– 9.9L	+ 2.2
	3629	14 3.7	-952	6.5	G8	0.016	70	- 19.6		- 12.8
	3653	14 9.9	-17 44	5.5	B9	0.044	74	- 15.7	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 10.2
	3654	14 9.9	+52 15	4.4	A ₅	0.067	46	- 15.9	–19:L	- 2.0
r 1	3663	14 11.4	+19 23	5.9	A7	0.055	52	+ 6.3		+ 18.6
Lal.	26196	14 14.4	- 4 4I	7.6	KI	0.68	64	- 13.0		- 4.2
Boss	3684	14 15.7	+39 15	6.0	Ao	0.030	46	- 12.6		+ I.3
	3703	14 21.4	+38 51	6.3	Kı	0.019	45	+ 25.8		+ 39.9
	3706	14 22.2	- 5 40	6.1	AI	0.098	63	- 15.6		- 6.5
	3734 · ·	14 31.7	-11 53	6.0	F5	0.97	66	- 70.5		- 62.4
	3743 · ·	14 35.1	+54 27	5.5	AI	0.027	43	+ 4.2		+ 18.8
	3756	14 37.4	-24 34	5.6	Bg	0.026	74	- 4.2		+ 1.3
Lal.	27298	14 52.4	+54 4	7.9	Ko	1.08	40	- 14.4		+ 0.9
4.0e.	14320	15 4.7	-15 54	9.2	Go	3.76	63	+290		+299
Boss	3867	15 7.5	+19 21	6.0	Mbp	0.004	40	- 34.2		- 18.9
	3875	15 8.9	-17 24	6.3	B8	0.029	63	- 25.9		- 16.8
	3883	15 10.3	+29 32	5.2	A2	0.078	36	- 18.8		- 2.6
	3885	15 10.7	+ 0 45	5.7	A2	0.109	50	- 5.5		+ 7.4
	3893	15 13.5	+67 44	5.2	F3	0.459	44	- 45.4		- 31.0
	3918	15 18.6	- 0 40	6.0	A ₃	0.077	50	- 2.7		+ 10.2
	3942	15 25.0	-16 16	5.9	Ko	0.019	бo	— I.2		+ 8.8
	3955	15 29.0	- 8 51	5.I	B7p	0.029	54	- 4.3		+ 7.5
	3985	15 35.1	+47 8	5.8	A8	0.162	32	- 2.3		+ 14.7
	4007	15 40.4	+ 5 46	5.5	A2	0.033	41	- 7.3		+ 7.8
	4022	15 45.2	+55 41	5.9	F2	0.010	34	- I.9		+14.7
	4026	15 45.8	+447	3.8	A6	0.136	40	- 10.6	-10.0L	+ 4.7
39 Se	rpentis	15 48.5	+13 31	6.2	F8	0.56	34	+ 38.7		+ 55.3
Boss	4070	15 55.4	- 8 8	5.4	Ao	0.034	49	- 19.4		- 6.3
	4096	16 2.0	-26 4	5.6	Map	0.122	63	- 21.2		- 12.1
	4103.	16 3.6	+848	5.9	Mbp	0.024	34	- 21.6		- 5.0
	70		1 0 40	2.2	P	2.2.4	34			ე. ლ

180

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}^{\odot}}$ American Astronomical Society • Provided by the NASA Astrophysics Data System

.

II—Continued

Star	a 1900.	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	v	v .	v'
oss 4119	16 ^h 6 ^m 5	- 9°48′	5.I	A2	0027	48°.	- 1.7	– 8.9L	+ 11.7
4120	16 6.7	- 8 17	5.5	A2	0.041	47	- 6.4		+ 7.2
4122	16 7.0	+16 55	5.9	A2	0.014	20	- 12.6		+ 4.9
4125	16 7.4	+23 45	6.0	Mbp	0.028	26	- 24.2		- 6.2
4131	16 8.3	-11 35	5.5	K6	0.020	50	- 26.3		- 13.4
4134	16 9.1	- 3 26	3.0	Map	0.161	43	- 17.5	-19.5L	- 2.0
4137	16 10.2	- 8 6	5.9	Gī	0.53	47	+ 11.2		+ 24.8
4138 Ft.	16 10.9	+34 7	6.8	F5	0.29	23	- 18.1		+ 0.3
4146	16 12.7	+29 24	5.6	AI	0.028	24	+ 6.4		+ 24.7
4159	16 15.6	+60 0	5.6	Map	0.022	34	- 35.2		- 18.6
4182	16 20.8	+14 16	4.4	Ao	0.079	28	- 2.4	– 6.1L	+ 15.3
4188	16 22.3	- 7 22	5.4	Map	0.176	44	+ 97.I		+111.5
D. 51°2097	16 23.0	+51 22	7.5	Aī	0.109	27	- 17.6		+ 0.2
oss 4210	16 27.7	+ 5 44	5.5	Ao	0.023	32	- 26.9		- 9.9
4221	16 31.0	+61 2	5.8	AI	0.021	34	- 11.6		+ 5.0
al. 30271	16 32.6	+31 9	7.2	F2	0.46	18	- 8.0		+ 11.0
oss 4228	16 33.3	+46 49	6.0	G9	0.020	23	- 16.8		+ 1.6
4229	16 33.8	+53 6	5.7	Ao	0.026	28	- 7.0		+ 10.7
4291	16 47.5	+15 9	6.3	Bo	0.011	23	- 22.8		- 4.4
4300	16 49.2	+31 52	5.3	A6 .	0.098	15	- 21.4		- 2.1
4303	16 50.3	-16 39	6.5	G8	0.080	51	- 2.2		+ 10.4
4316	16 53.4	+25 30	6.7	G5	0.000	20	+ 9.1		+ 27.0
4332	16 57.9	+33 43	5.3	A5	0.012	13	- 13.2		+ 6.
al. 31055.	16 59.8	- 4 54	7.9	K ₅	1.47	38	+ 27.5		+ 43.3
oss 4395	17 15.2	-12 45	4.3	Aī	0.036	45	+ 3.8	+ 8L	+ 17.0
4418	17 20.0	+16 24	5.7	A8	0:044	17	+ 10.8		+ 29.0
.B. 17 ^h 322	17 20.8	+ 2 14	7.8	K9	1.36	30	- 27.8		- 10.
oss 4427	17 22.5	+20 10	5.4	Bố	0.016	13	- 28.2		- 8.
4438	17 26.7	+26 11	4.5	K2	0.021	9	- 25.2	- 26. IL	- 5.4
al. 31905	17 26.5	+ 1 45	7.2	K4		30	- 15.4		+ I.C
.B. 17 ^h 514.	17 29.9	+64	8.6	FI	0.58	26	-148		-131
oss 4461	17 31.7	+21 4	5.8	A4	0.028	11	- 17.5		+ 2.1
4494	17 41.9	+53 51	5.6	Ao	0.043	23	+ 1.8	1	+ 20.2
4514.	17 47.4	+48 25	6.4	B2p	0.008	17	- 16.3		+ 2.8
4530	17 51.6	+22 29	5.7	K4	0.002	8	- 43.1		- 23.3
4546	17 55.6	-17 9	6.3	Ko	0.012	48	- 21.5		- 8.
4547	17 55.6	+16 45	4.7	G8	0.012	14	- 24.4	-21.5L	- 5.0
4554	17 56.9	+72 0	5.5	F2	0.009	41	- 5.9		+ 9.2
4592	18 4.6	+20 2	5.2	A3	0.027	II	- 16.1		+ 3.5
al. 33439	18 6.3	+38 27	6.7	K2	0.65	8	- I7.7		+ 2.3
oss 4601	18 6.5	+36 27	5.9	G7	0.009	6	- 25.9		- 6.0
4620	18 12.5	+42 8	5.2	B8	0.009	12	- 20.4		- o.8
4629	18 15.1	+24 24	5.5	Ko	0.016	8	+ 0.5		+ 20.3
4630	18 15.4	-24 58	6.4	Mbp	0.011	56	+ 3.9		+ 15.
.D. 8°3689	18 21.4	+ 8 44	7.7	Gī	0.50	23	- 22.5		- 4.
oss 4668	18 22.1	-17 52	6.0	B8	0.007	49	- 34.9		- 21.
4685	18 25.6	-18 28	5.2	B8	0.035	49	- 37.8	<u>.</u> .	- 24.
4686	18 25.7	+65 30	5.0	Gġ	0.104	35	+ 30.0	+33.4L	+ 46.4
4702	18 29.0	+30 29	5.4	B9	0.007	7	- 11.2		+ 8.
4707	18 30.9	+56 58	5.1	F 8	0.011	27	- 9.9	-10.4L	+ 7.9
4719	18 32.5	- o 24	5.8	A3	0.026	32	+ 13.3		+ 30.
4724	18 34.6		5.8	Ko	0.006	46	+ 1.6		+ 15.
4740	18 39.8		4.9	B7	0.022		- 2.2		+ 15.
4748	18 41.0		6.7	Ao	0.06	12	- 37.I		- 17.
4724 4740		18 34.6 18 39.8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 34.6 +77 28 5.8 Ko 18 39.8 + 1 57 4.9 B7	18 34.6 +77 28 5.8 Ko 0.006 18 39.8 + 1 57 4.9 B7 0.022	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 34.6 $+77$ 28 5.8 Ko 0.006 46 $+$ 1.6 $\dots \dots$ 18 39.8 $+$ 1 57 4.9 $B7$ 0.022 30 $ 2.2$ $\dots \dots$

TABLE II—Continued

Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	υ	v	ข'
Boss 4750	18 ^h 41 ^m 2	-10° 14'	5.8	F ₅	0."005	42°	+ 9.8		+ 24.7
4758	18 42.0	+2633	4.9	Kő	0.020	10	- 17.2	-16.6L	+ 2.
4763	18 43.1	+60 57	6.2	G5	0.010	31	- 24.2		- 7.1
al. 34986	18 43.8	+10 39	8.I	$\tilde{K_5}$	0.45	23	- 17.4		+ τ.c
Boss 4772	18 46.0	+32.42	5.8	B ₃	0.014	10	- 16.1		+ 3 (
4780	18 48.0	-21 20	5.8	\tilde{G}_3^{3}	0.012	53	- 3.8		+ 8.
4783	18 49.0	-15 44	5.0	\mathbf{B}_{7}^{23}	0.023	48	- 6.3		+ 7.1
4805	18 51.7	+41 28	5.6	\tilde{G}_5'	0.007	15	- 8.2		+ 11.1
4816	18 53.8	-12 59	5.4	B8p	0.025	46	- 12.5		+ 1.4
4842	18 57.7	+50 23	5.4 5.1	B ₃	0.025	22	-12.3		- 0.8
4866	$10 \ 57.7$ 19 2.5	+24 6	5.6	A4	0.025	15	-23.0		
4873			•	B6	U U	-			- 3.7 - 11.1
	19 3.7	+35 57	5.2	Kı	0.000	14	0 5		
4898	19 10.8	+1455	5.6		0.020	23	- 22.4		- 4.0
4899	19 11.0	+21 3	5.5	A ₂	0.044	19	- 23.9		- 5.0
4910	19 12.7	+49 54	6.3	G6	0.014	24	+ 6.5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ 24.8
4912	19 12.9	+37 57	4.5	G8	0.010	17	- 30.7	-30.3L	- II.6
4914	19 13.1	+11 25	5.I	A3	0.011	26	- 16.2		+ 1.8
4917	19 13.5	+22 51	5.2	B3	0.014	18	0.0		+ 19.0
4919	19 13.7	$+ \circ 9$	6.3	KI	0.009	36	- 28.0		- 11.8
4942	19 18.8	+26 4	4.8	B8p	0.015	18	- 12.2	-12.2L	+ 6.8
4967	19 22.1	+19 42	6.1	K8	0.057	22	- 35.I		- 16.6
4974	19 24.0	+ I 45	5.7	B8	0.037	35	+ 16.8		+ 33.2
4976	19 24.5	+24 28	4.6	K_5	0.170	20	- 86.6	-85.0L	- 67.8
4978	19 24.8	+24 34	6.0	G6	0.012	20	- 26.4		- 7.6
5024	19 36.2	+42 35	5.4	Ao	0.032	23	- 38.8	<u>.</u>	— 20.4
5044	19 40.5	-20 O	5°. I	G9	0.165	56	+ 16.5	+23L	+ 27.7
5063	19 45.9	+38 27	6.2	G2	0.016	23	+ 10.6		+ 29.0
5073	19 47.9	+18 25	6.3	B2p	0.007	28	— 10.9		+ 6.8
5088	19 49.2	- 8 30	6.5	\mathbf{B}_{7}	0.029	48	- 13.4		0.0
5096	19 51.2	+36 44	5.8	F_5	0.008	24	- 24.2		- 5.9
5122	19 54.7	+30 43	5.4	. B8	0.031	25	— 0.2		+ 17.9
5125	19 55.5	+17 15	5.6	Map	0.015	30	- 16.9		+ 0.4
5134	19 57.8	+24 39	5.2	A ₃ p	0.000	27	- 33.8		- 16.c
5142	19 59.2	- 0 59	5.8	K2	0.110	43	+ 0.8		+ 15.4
D. 36°3883	20 3.5	+36 16	(7.I)	Map		26	- 32.0		- 14.0
loss 5177	20 7.6	+26 31	5.8	Go	0.020	28	- 22.2		- 4.5
5188	20 10.8	+36 30	5.1	Bo	0.004	28	- 13.4	-22:L	+ 4.3
5213	20 14.8	+34 40	5.2	Fó	0.017	29	- 4.0		+ 13.5
5218	20 15.9	+55 5	5.8	A2	0.021	34	- 2.8		+ 13.8
5220	20 16.6	+39 5	6.1	Ao	0.022	29	0.0		+ 17.5
5224	20 17.8	+24 8	5.4	B8p	0.018	31	- 9.I		+ 8.0
.Oe. 20452	20 17.7	-21 40	8.1	Gop	I.2I	62	-179		-170
oss 5240.	20 21.6	-18 32	5.1	B8p	0.016	61	- 18.4		- 8.7
5258	20 25.5	+36 7	5.9	AI	0.014	31	- 18.0		- 0.0
5267	20 23.3	+36 36	6.3	\mathbf{F}_{7}	0.013	31	- 22.7		- 5.6
5284		- 2 54	5.2	\mathbf{K}_{2}	0.013	-	- 10.9		+ 2.0
5296	20 31.5 20 33.5	+31 10	6.4	A ₃	0.000	50 22			+ 18.6
5301		+31 10 +20 51	4.7	A1 A1	0.000	33		-15L	- 3.0
	20 34.1					36		-	
5307		+15 29	5.9	В3 В6	0.025 0.010	39	- 2.0		+ 13.5
5316	20 36.0	+45 19	6.5			34	- 15.1		+ 1.5
5317	20 36.6	+14 14	6.2	K2	0.012	39	- 31.1		- 15.6
5319	20 37.0	+31 57	5.7	G7	0.018	33	- 28.0		- II.2
5325	20 39.1	+49 59	5.4	B ₃	0.006	36	- 2.6		+ 13.6
5366	20 46.9	- 5 53	5.5	Aop	O.OII	54	- 4.2		+ 7.6

182

.

.

•

•

.

_

.

		1						1	
Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	<i>v</i>	<i>v</i>	v'
$\overline{\text{Boss}}$ 5373	20 ^h 47 ^m 8	$+26^{\circ}43'$	4.8	G8	0."103	37°	+ 3.3	— 0.2L	+19.3
Lal. 20208.	20 50.6	+40 19	6.5	B8p	0.025	36	-21.3		- 5.1
Fed. 3638	20 52.4	+74 23	7.8	G4	0.70	49	-30.4		-17.3
Boss 5389	20 52.5	+47 2	5.7	BŚ	0.006	37	-15.3		+ 0.7
5397.	20 53.8	+21 56	5.6	\mathbf{K}_{5}	0.005	40	-27.3		-12.0
5417.	20 58.7	-20 15	5.0	A_2	0.060	67	+23.7	+26L	+31.5
5420	20 59.2	+38 16	6.2	G7	0.012	37	- 2.5		+13.5
W.B.20 ^h 1454.	20 59.1	+ 2 36	8.0	F3	0.56	51	- 9.3		+ 3.3
Boss 5422	20 59.6	+56	5.9	Kð	0.019	50	-15.2		- 2.3
5432	21 2.3	+30 47	5.9	F_5	0.010	39	- 6.0		+ 9.5
B.D. 38°4362	21 5.2	+38 19	7.9	Ko		39	- 8.I		+7.4
Boss 5456	21 9.9	-21 4	5.4	G8	0.007	69	- 6.9		+ 0.3
5481	21 16.5	+58 12	5.8	F8	0.014	43	-21.I		- 6.5
5486	21 16.8	+76 35	6.2	K2	0.020	51	+15.5		+23.1
Lal. 30218	21 18.5	+13 36	(6.6)	B6p		49	- 9.0		+ 4.1
Boss 5498	21 19.5	+23 51	5.8	A6	0.124	45	-18.9		- 4.8
5512	21 21.7	+36 14	5.9	B3	0.011	42	+ 1.7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+16.6
5522	21 25.4	+23 12	4.8	Ma	0.017	46	-19.4	-17.5L	- 5.5
5542	21 30.1	- 4 20	5.8	G5	0.021	61	- 0.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	+ 9.4
5546	21 30.7	+38 5	5.0	G8	0.148	44	-63.9	-65.5L	-51.1
5550	21 32.4	- 0 50	6.2	Ao	0.020	60	+10.9		+26.9
5555	21 33.I	+18 52	5.3	AI	0.100	49	-38.6	•••••	-25.5
5558	21 34.4	+19 49	5.8	A3	0,117	49	-13.4		- o.3
5583	21 39.1	+40 42	5.6	K3	0.026	45	-25.9		-11.8 + 1.3
5589	21 39.7	- 9 33	5.3	G4	0.010	67	- 6.5	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	-13.2
5590	21 39.8	+16 53	4.3	G7	0.020	52	-25.5 -10.7	-22.IL	+ 2.2
5599	21 41.5	+22 29	5.4	Go K4	0.016 0.006	50	-19.4		-5.8
5614	21 44.5	+60 14	5.6	Map	0.012	47	-19.4		-6
5650 5655	21 53.8 21 56.0	+63 9 + 0 7	5.4 5.8	KI	0.0012	64	+ 7.2		+16.0
5655 5657	21 56.2	$ + \circ 7 + 7 47 $	5.8	K1 K2	0.022	60	-22.8		-12.8
B.D. 61°2233.	21 57.4	+61 59	6.5	B6	0.013	49	-21.0		- 7.9
Boss 5664.		+52 24	5.7	Bo	0.004	48	-22.1		- 8.7
5669		+44 10	5.3	AI	0.039	48	+ 0.9		+14.3
Groom. 3689		+52 39	8.I	G8	0.61	49	-35.6		-22.5
Boss 5749.	22 11.9	-553	5.8	G5	0.020	71	+ 6.9		+13.4
5757	-	+ 5 17	5.2	B ₇	0.019	65	-15.5		- 7.1
5769	i i	- 7 42	6.I	G4	0.006	73	-13.7		- 7.9
5805	-	+57 54	(7.5)	BŚ	0.028	52	-25.7		-13.4
5858		+28 47	4.8	A3	0.039	59	+ 7.I	+ 8.7L	+17.4
5868	22 39.6	+3856	6.1	K4	0.016	57	- 26.6		-15.7
5904	22 49.3	-16 21	3.5	A2	0.052	84	+13.4	+22L	+15.5
5920	22 53.5	+ 8 50	6.5	F5	0.420	71	- 26.9		-20.4
5923		-13 36	6.3	K2	0.014	84	+13.2		+15.3
Lal. 45028	22 56.6	- 4 23	7.8	K2	0.50	79	-50.7		-46.9
Boss 5940	22 58.9	+27 32	2.6	Map	0.234	64	+10.6	+ 8.4L	+19.4
5962		+ 8 8	5.4	Mbp	0.004	74	+13.4		+18.9
5967		+ 9 17	5.4	B9	0.024	74	+11.8		+17.3
5969	23 5.5	+58 47	5.6	A3	0.015	57	-11.8		- 0.9
5972		+43 0	5.8	F2	0.275	60	-43.9		-33.9
5973		+ 8 11	5.1	Bop	0.017	75	+ 5.6		+10.8
5981		- 9 38	4.5	G8	0.367	85	-28.4	— 26.9L	- 26.7
5982		+27 42	6.5	Ko	0.015	67	+ 3.5		+11.3
6016	23 18.1	+59 35	5.9	G9	0.003	59	-11.2		- 0.9
		1.07.00	"			<u> </u>			

TABLE II—Continued

Star	a 1900	δ 1900	Mag.	Spec.	μ	λ	v	ข	v'
A.Oe. 25685 B.D. 62°2244 Boss 6063 6105 6106 6111 6113 6123 6133	23 ^h 26 ^m 5 23 28.2 23 29.7 23 38.3 23 42.1 23 42.2 23 44.0 23 44.3 23 46.8 23 48.0	$\begin{array}{c} +58^{\circ}37' \\ +62^{\circ}36 \\ +39^{\circ}41 \\ +9^{\circ}47 \\ +58^{\circ}654 \\ +61^{\circ}40 \\ +61^{\circ}40 \\ +2^{\circ}22 \\ +1^{\circ}32 \\ +1^{\circ}32 \end{array}$	7.5 7.3 5.4 5.4 5.8 5.1 5.6 5.8 5.8 5.8 6.2	KI G4 Aop Map Ko G9 A3p A3 KI AI	I 708 0.44 0.042 0.007 0.021 0.087 0.010 0.027 0.020 0.013	60 60 66 81 62 62 61 86 86 86 87	$ \begin{array}{r} -24.7 \\ + 8.0 \\ + 13.2 \\ - 35.2 \\ - 5.4 \\ - 22.9 \\ - 55.7 \\ + 9.4 \\ + 0.9 \\ + 9.7 \\ \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{r} -14.7 \\ +18.0 \\ +21.3 \\ -32.1 \\ +4.0 \\ -13.4 \\ -46.0 \\ +10.7 \\ +2.3 \\ +10.7 \end{array} $
6135 6145 6166 6176 6180	23 49.4 23 52.0 23 56.5 23 57.5 23 59.1	$\begin{array}{r} +56 & 57 \\ +42 & 6 \\ +60 & 40 \\ +65 & 33 \\ +61 & 44 \end{array}$	5.0 6.0 5.7 5.8 6.0	F9p F2p A6 K0 A0	0.007 0.012 0.007 0.018 0.008	63 69 63 62 63	$ \begin{array}{r} -42.6 \\ -7.7 \\ -22.4 \\ -16.9 \\ -18.9 \end{array} $	-42.1L	-33.5 -0.5 -13.3 -7.5 -9.8

TABLE II—Continued

ACCURACY OF THE OBSERVATIONS

The great variety of spectral types among the stars of Table II involves a wide range in the accuracy of the determinations of radial velocity. Many of the A- and B-type stars have vague and very ill-defined lines, and for such stars the accuracy necessarily is low. In some cases as many as seven or eight determinations have been made to guard against the inclusion of possible spectroscopic binaries, and the range among the individual plates occasionally amounts to more than 10 km. On the other hand, the results for spectra having well-defined lines are usually in excellent agreement. The accompanying short table (III) shows the average of the probable errors of v for ten stars of each type selected at random from Table II.

TABLE III	
-----------	--

Type	Quality for Measurement	Average No. Plates	Linear Scale of Plates	Probable Error
A and B A and B F G and K M	Poor Good Good Good Good	5 3 3 3 3 3	per mm 16 A 16 36 36 36 36	≠ 1.16 km 0.73 0.98 0.97 ≠ 1.09

For the sake of uniformity it has seemed preferable to retain the fractional part of the kilometer for v wherever three observations

are available, although it can have little significance in the case of individual stars photographed with such relatively low dispersion. The fact that the linear scale of the spectra of the A and B stars is over twice that of the F, G, K, and M stars aids in counteracting the effect of the poorer quality of their lines, and so tends to make the accuracy of the determinations for all of the stars in Table II more nearly the same.

COMPARISON WITH RESULTS OF OTHER OBSERVERS

There are fifty stars in the list for which determinations of radial velocity have been published by other observers, a very large proportion being from the Lick Observatory photographs. The Lick spectrograms were in most cases taken with a dispersion of three prisms, and have a linear scale about three times that employed for most of the F, G, K, and M stars of Table II. A comparison by spectral types with the Lick Observatory results gives the values shown in Table IV.

TABLE IV

Type	No. Stars	Lick – Mount Wilson
B and A	21	+0.9 km
F and G	14	+1.6
K and M	12	+0.4

The star W.B. $4^{h}1189$ has been omitted from this comparison, as it seems probable that the large difference between the two results may be due to the fact that the star has a variable velocity. The same remark may apply to one or two other stars in the list, particularly Boss 5904 and 5044. The exclusion of these stars would reduce the difference for the B and A stars from +0.9 to +0.4 km, and for the F and G stars from +1.6 to +1.1 km.

A large number of observations on the two stars a Boötis and a Tauri have been made during the period covered by the results shown in Table II. The values for these stars are given in Table V.

The evidence seems to indicate a small systematic difference in the direction of larger negative or smaller positive values for the Mount Wilson results, but it is probably no larger than may be

accounted for by the wave-lengths of the lines employed. A slight difference might arise from the fact that the iron arc has been used for comparison purposes at Mount Wilson, and that Rowland's wave-lengths have been utilized both for comparison lines and for such stellar lines as appear in the sun. The adopted values of the

TABLE V

Star	No. Plates	Mount Wilson	Lick	Yerkes
a Boötis a Tauri		- 4.3 km +54.0	— 3.9 km +55.1	-4.5 km

laboratory wave-lengths used for the helium lines of type B and the magnesium line λ 4481 of type A may also differ to some extent. In view of the fact that the Mount Wilson results are based mainly on comparatively low-dispersion photographs, the agreement with the Lick Observatory values must be considered as quite satisfactory.

SOME INDIVIDUAL STARS

Among the stars with exceptionally high velocities the following are of especial interest:

v'	v'
A.Oe. 14320+299 km	Lal.21258+69 km
A.Oe. 20452	Boss 2647+87.0
W.B. $17^{h}514131$	

The first of these stars has a proper motion of $3^{\prime\prime}.76$ and a parallax, as determined by Russell, of $+0^{\prime\prime}.035$. Its motion in space as based on these values and its radial velocity would amount to 577 km, directed toward the vertex $a=189^{\circ}$, $\delta=-70^{\circ}$. At a distance of 5' there is a second star which shares in the proper motion. The spectrum of this star is Go.

The star Lalande 21258 has a proper motion of 4".46 and a parallax of o".20. Its absolute brightness is extremely small, its magnitude being 10.4 (sun=5.5): In proper motion, absolute magnitude, and spectrum it resembles very strongly Lalande 21185, but the radial velocities of the two stars, though both large, are of opposite sign.

Boss 2647 is one of the very few stars of type A with a high radial velocity.

A star of exceptional interest because of the character of its spectrum is Lalande 19229. The spectral type is A2, but the line λ 4481, usually so prominent in stars of this type, is either absent or very faint. Two stars with a very similar spectrum had been found previously in the list of those having large proper motions. The data for the three stars are given in Table VI.

	TA	BLE	VI
--	----	-----	----

Star	Mag.	μ	π	Spectrum
Lal. 5761	8.4	0″90	+0039	A3p
Lal. 19229		0.83	-0.046	A2p
Lal. 28607		1.17	+0.029	A2p

The hydrogen lines in these stars are exceptionally narrow and well defined. Although the measured parallaxes are small, it seems probable that these stars are of comparatively low luminosity, and the suggestion may be made that the normal A-type spectrum is modified in this way in the case of stars of small absolute brightness. If such is the case, these spectral peculiarities should serve as a valuable criterion for the discovery of stars of this character. On physical grounds the absence of the spark line of magnesium at $\lambda 4481$, which is associated in the laboratory with high vapordensity and probably high temperature, and the narrowness and sharpness of the hydrogen lines, which would indicate a hydrogen atmosphere of low density, would be in harmony with this hypothesis.

Attention was called in the publication already referred to on the radial velocities of 100 stars with measured parallaxes¹ to the marked preponderance of the negative sign among the highest velocities. There seems to be no such noticeable effect in the case of the velocities given in Table II. The number of positive and negative velocities is essentially equal if v' = 50 km is set as a limit. Between 45 and 50 km, however, there are six negative velocities and only one with the positive sign.

¹ Mt. Wilson Contr., No. 79; Astrophysical Journal, 39, 341, 1914.

RADIAL VELOCITY AND PROPER MOTION

It is well known that, in general, the proper motions of the stars of type B are extremely small, those of type A considerably larger, and those of types F, G, and K larger still. The M-type stars have proper motions averaging about the same as the A stars. An observing list of stars of different types selected on the basis of apparent magnitude alone would, therefore, contain material which would not be homogeneous as regards the distances of the stars. Since large proper motions when treated statistically indicate not only small distance, but also high velocity, as is shown clearly by the values for stars of large proper motion,^I the tendency would be in such an observing list to compare rapidly moving stars of one type with slowly moving stars of another type.

Most of the F, G, K, and M stars and some of the A stars which appear in Table II have been selected for observation because of their small proper motions. A knowledge of their radial velocities enables us to institute a comparison between the average velocities of groups of stars having these spectra with those of types B and A of the same average proper motion. In Table IV are collected the radial velocities of all of the stars in Table II, for which the proper motion is less than o".030 annually. One K-type star and one M star with velocities exceeding 50 km have been omitted. This makes it possible to compare directly with a similar table published by Professor Campbell based on his velocities of stars of all types.² For the present purpose Campbell's first table based on 1034 stars is used, no constant correction K having been applied to these results. The proper motions for Campbell's stars have been taken from Boss's catalogue for the individual stars published in Lick Observatory Bulletins, Nos. 195, 211, and 229. Not all of these stars are used in Campbell's table, and, accordingly, the average proper motions derived are not strictly correct. In view of the large number of stars used, however, it does not seem probable that the values can be materially in error.

¹ The average value of the radial velocity (corrected for the sun's motion) of 135 stars of large proper motion, $\mu = 0.82$, as determined at Mount Wilson is 24.3 km. Stars with velocities exceeding 100 km are omitted.

² Lick Observatory Bulletin, No. 196.

188

1915ApJ...42..172A

RADIAL VELOCITIES OF FIVE HUNDRED STARS 189

The peculiar feature of this comparison is the relatively close agreement of the A and B stars and the large difference for the other stars. The question at once arises whether this may not be associated with the great increase in proper motion for Campbell's stars between type A and type F. In a recent publication by Kapteyn and Adams,¹ Professor Kapteyn has made a computation of the relationship between radial velocity and proper motion for the K stars, using as a basis Campbell's published values of radial

		CAMP	BELL		м	OUNT WILSO	ON
Spectral Types	No. Stars for v'	No. Stars for P.M.	Proper Motion	v' km	No. Stars	Proper Motion	v' km
O and B	141	224	0031	8.99	61	0."016	8.23
A	133	206	0.094*	9.94	55	0.019	10.04
F	159	192	0.234	13.90	20	0.011	10.14
G and K	529	549	0.202	15.15	119	0.014	11.03
М	72	78	0.074	16.55	27	0.015	12.56

TABLE VII

*The omission of 5 stars would reduce this value to 0."079.

† The separate values of the G and \dot{K} stars are G: 63, 0.013, 10.60; K: 56, 0.014, 11.53.

velocity and some of the Mount Wilson observations. The stars were selected in such a way as to eliminate so far as possible the effect of stream motion, and the components of the linear velocities were computed by aid of the mean parallaxes for stars of known proper motion and magnitude given in *Groningen Publication*, No. 8. If we assume that the results of this computation for the K stars may be applied to stars of other types, we have Table VIII connecting proper motion and radial velocity.

TABLE VIII

μ	v'	μ		v'
o."ooo to	0."02512.1 km	0.″100 to (0.″1191	4.3 km
0.026"	0.03912.5	0.120 " 0	D . 149 1	4.8
0.040"	0.05912.9	0.150 " 0	5 .1991	5.9
0.060"	0.07913.3	0.200 " 0	D . 299 I	7.7
0.080 ''	0.09913.7	≧ 0.30		4 · 5

¹ Communications to the National Academy of Sciences, No. 1; Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, 1, 14, 1915.

The use of these values gives the following corrections to the radial velocities for the proper motions of the Campbell stars in Table VII in order to reduce to the average proper motion 0.031 of the O and B stars:

$$A, -1.3; F, -4.9; G \text{ and } K, -4.1; M, -1.0 \text{ km}.$$

Table IX shows the values with these corrections applied, and also with the reductions applied to correct for stream motion which have been calculated by Eddington.¹

Type	v' km	Campbell v' Corrected for Stream Motion	Proper Motion	v' km	Mount Wilson v' Corrected for Stream Motion	Proper Motion
O and B	9.0	9.0 km	0."031	8.2	8.2 km	0.016
A	8.6	6.8	"	10.0	7.7	0.010
F	9.0	7.8	"	10.I	8.8	0.011
G	1	· ·	"	10.6	9.2	0.013
K	11.0	9.6		11.5	10.0	0.014
M	15.6	13.6	"	12.6	10.0	0.015
	v	Ű,			-	, v

TABLE IX

In his definitive solutions of the solar motion for the several spectral types² Campbell has given the average radial velocity for each type with a constant correction K applied to the velocity of each star. This constant has a value ranging from about zero for the F and G stars to over 4 km for the B stars. If we treat these values in the same way as those of Table VII we obtain Table X.

TUDDE V	ΤA	BL	Æ	\mathbf{X}
---------	----	----	---	--------------

Type	v'	v' Corrected for Stream Motion	Proper Motion
O and B A F G K M.	6.5km 9.6 9.5 9.1 13.2 16.1	6.5km 7.4 8.3 7.9 11.5 14.0	0."031 " " "

The value of the constant K as used by Campbell is the average velocity v' taken according to sign for the stars of the several spectral types, and is, of course, dependent upon the value of the solar

¹ Stellar Movements, p. 157. ² Lick Observatory Bulletin, No. 196.

RADIAL VELOCITIES OF FIVE HUNDRED STARS 191

motion V as derived for each type. Since the same value of V has been used for all of the Mount Wilson stars, no direct comparison is possible. It is, however, of interest to note how the value V =20 km satisfies the stars of the several types. The average velocity v' taken according to sign for the stars of Table VII is as follows:

$B, \pm 1.26; A, -0.24; F, -0.86; G, \pm 0.05; K, -1.18; M, \pm 0.31$ km.

A change in the value of V from 20 to 19 km would reduce the residual for the B stars from ± 1.26 to ± 1.06 km. These quantities must be regarded as very moderate in size. The number of stars used is not very large, however, and hence the values might be changed materially by the inclusion of additional velocities. Thus if all of the M stars both of large and of small proper motion in Table II are included, together with one or two stars for which only a single observation is available, we obtain the following result:

No. Stars	μ	v'	v' According to Sign	
43	0."058	14.54 km	—0.97 km	

A similar computation for the B stars gives:

No. Stars	μ	ט'	v' According to Sign	
113	0."028	8.89 km	+1.62 km	

The value ± 1.62 km would be reduced about 10 per cent by employing a value of the solar motion V = 10 km.

The Mount Wilson results of Table IX seem to indicate, if interpreted directly, that among the very distant stars the change of velocity with spectral type is slight, and Campbell's results, except perhaps in the case of the M stars, point to the same conclusion when allowance has been made for the effect of the large number of relatively near stars included among his F- to M-type spectra. This would be in agreement with the hypothesis put forward by Eddington in 1911,¹ but later entirely disproved, as he

¹ British Association Report, 1911.

considered, by the evidence of the A stars,¹ that the relation between velocity and spectral type might be a relation between velocity and distance, the stars nearest the sun, which are mainly of types F to K, moving more rapidly than the distant stars. The evidence which Eddington regarded as conclusive in disproving this hypothesis was provided by an analysis according to proper motion of the A-type stars for which velocities had been published. No increase of radial velocity with proper motion was indicated by the results. It has already been stated in this communication that such a conclusion is by no means tenable in the case of the K stars, for which Kapteyn has found from the Lick and Mount Wilson values an increase of velocity of from 10.0 km for stars having an average proper motion of about 0".020 to 26.7 km for stars with a proper motion exceeding o".30. The following evidence derived entirely from the Mount Wilson observations for the other types of spectra will be of interest in this connection. The effect of stream motion has not been eliminated.²

TABLE XI

	No. Stars	μ	ข'	No. Stars	μ	v'
B	61	0."016	8.2 km	52	0.7041	9.6 km
A	55	0.019	10.0	104	0.067	10.7
F	20	0.011	10.I	45	0.53	24.6
G	63	0.013	10.6	69	0.67	24.9
M	27	0.015	12.6	12	0.17	17.6

The agreement of these results with those obtained from the K-type stars is surprisingly close, and suggests that the empirical law connecting proper motion and radial velocity derived by Kapteyn may be applied to the other types of spectra quite as well. Only a few A-type stars of very large proper motion have been observed at Mount Wilson. Of those for which μ exceeds o".20, two have velocities exceeding 150 km; one has a velocity of 87 km; and the average for the other six is 20 km.

The main feature of interest resulting from this comparison of proper motion and radial velocity is the low average velocity found

¹ Stellar Movements, p. 161.

² Velocities exceeding 100 km have been omitted.

for the very distant stars of types F to M. The selection of stars on the basis of small proper motion means, of course, the selection not alone of distant stars but also of those which have small intrinsic velocities as well as those whose motion is mainly in the line of sight. These factors will affect the results to some extent, especially when comparatively small numbers of stars are used. On the other hand, the direct comparison of the average velocities of groups of stars of greatly different average proper motions means a comparison in part between stars of widely different distance, and in part between slowly moving stars of one type and rapidly moving stars of another. If the rate of change of velocity with spectral type is as gradual as seems probable from these results, a very accurate knowledge of the stream motions for the different types of stars will be essential for a determination of its true value.

No attempt is made here to discuss the well-known investigation by Kapteyn,^r in the course of which he first analyzed the relationship of radial velocities and proper motions to spectral types; nor the work of Boss,² in which he deduced the linear crossmotions of the stars of his catalogue according to spectral type. There can, of course, be no doubt that among the stars selected on the basis of apparent brightness those of the solar type are moving more rapidly than those of types A and B. The question which is raised is whether there exists any such marked difference for the stars of the solar type with distances comparable to those of types A and B.

The small proper-motion stars of types F to M whose motions are considered here are on the average stars of very high absolute luminosity. The possible existence of a relationship between absolute brightness and velocity has been discussed in the communication by Kapteyn and Adams, to which reference has already been made. The observational material essential to an investigation of this question would necessarily be much more extensive than that given here, and should be selected with this purpose in view. It may, however, be noted in passing that the average radial velocity of the stars of very low absolute luminosity is extraordinarily great.

¹ Mt. Wilson Contr., No. 45; Astrophysical Journal, 31, 258, 1910.

² Astronomical Journal, 26, 187, Nos. 623-624, 1911.

Of the stars in the Groningen list of parallaxes with absolute magnitudes of 8 or fainter (sun=5.5) sixteen have been observed to some extent at Mount Wilson. The average velocity of these stars (corrected for the sun's motion) is 36 km; eight have velocities exceeding 40 km, although none have been included with values higher than 100 km. It is difficult to think of these stars as other than stars of small mass, and the results for their velocities would be in agreement with the hypothesis suggested by Halm¹ that the motions of stars are a function of their masses.

I am greatly indebted to several of my colleagues at the Observatory, and particularly to Dr. Kohlschütter, for much of the observational material upon which these results are based. Several of the members of the Computing Division have assisted in measuring and reducing the photographs.

Mount Wilson Solar Observatory June 1915

¹ Monthly Notices, 71, 634, 1911.